

$$\begin{aligned}
(\mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{m}})_{\mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{N}} & \text{ is a sequence of functions } \mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{m}} \in \mathbf{L}^2(\Omega) \text{ such that } \mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{m}} \rightharpoonup \mathbf{u} \text{ in } \mathbf{L}^2(\Omega) \text{ and } \mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{m}} \rightharpoonup^* \mathbf{u} \text{ in } \mathbf{L}^\infty(\Omega) \text{ for some } \mathbf{u} \in \mathbf{L}^2(\Omega) \text{ and } \mathbf{u} \in \mathbf{L}^\infty(\Omega) \text{ respectively.} \\
& \text{ Then, } \mathbf{u} \text{ is the weak limit of } \mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{m}} \text{ in } \mathbf{L}^2(\Omega) \text{ and } \mathbf{u} \text{ is the weak* limit of } \mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{m}} \text{ in } \mathbf{L}^\infty(\Omega). \text{ } \square
\end{aligned}$$

(1) 在 2010 年 12 月 31 日, 公司应计提的坏账准备为 100 万元, 计提坏账准备时:

() **Relevant Period**

(i) $\mathcal{F}_1$ is a $\mathbb{Q}$ -vector space of dimension 31 (Dworkin, 2024);

[illegible]

2. $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 f(x, y) dx dy = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 f(y, x) dy dx$

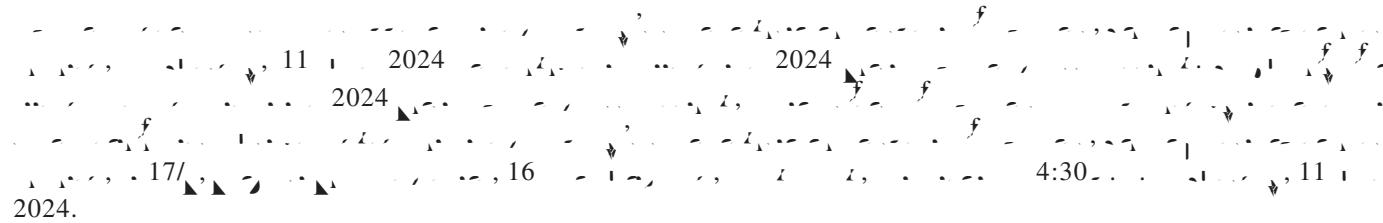
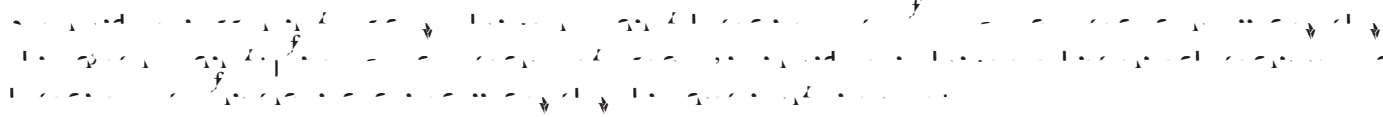
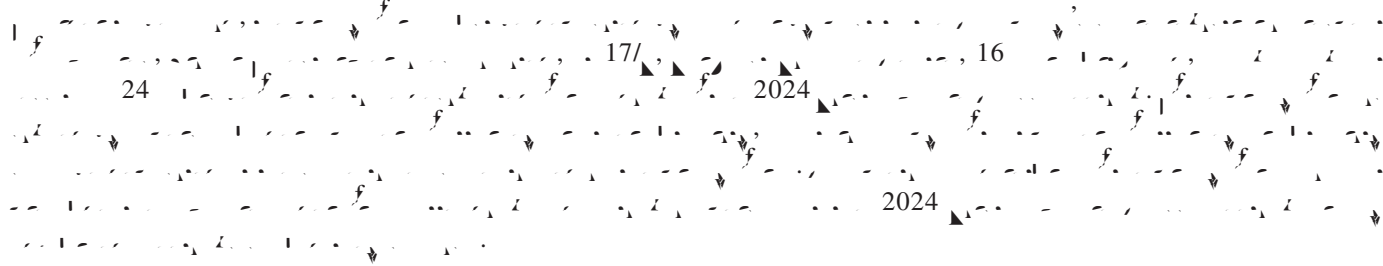
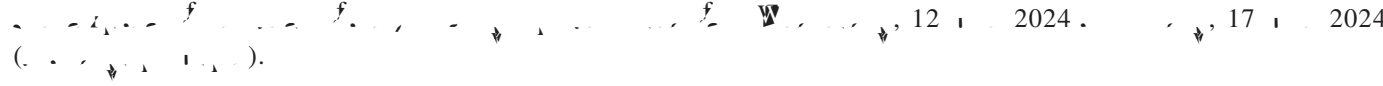
[illegible]

4. $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{f(x)g(y)}{x+y} dx dy = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{f(y)g(x)}{x+y} dy dx$

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Ruan Hongliang
C / / /

23 2024

[illegible]

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