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福萊特玻璃集團股份有限公司

Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd.

(a joint stock company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock code: 6865)

INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

The board (the **Board**) of directors (the **Directors**) of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. (the **Company**) is pleased to announce the notified consolidated interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the **Group**) for the interim month ended 30 June 2022. This announcement containing the full text of the 2022 Interim Report of the Company, complies with the requirements, in relation to the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the **Stock Exchange**) in relation to information to accompany a preliminary announcement of interim results.

PUBLICATION OF 2022 INTERIM REPORT ON THE WEBSITES OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE AND THE COMPANY

This announcement is also published on the website of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.flatglass.com), and the 2022 Interim Report of the Company containing all the information required by the Listing Rules will be dispatched to shareholders and published on the respective website of the Company and the Stock Exchange in due course.

Board of the Board of
Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd.
Ruan Hongliang
Chairman

Jiaxing, Zhejiang Province, The People's Republic of China, 25 August 2022

As at the date of this announcement, the executive directors of the Company are Mr. Ruan Hongliang, Mr. Jiang Jinhua, Mr. Wei Yehong and Mr. Shen Qifeng, and the independent non-executive directors of the Company are Mr. Xu Pan, Mr. Huo Fan and Mr. Ng Yau-Koan Carmen.

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Corporate Information

DIRECTORS

Executive directors

M . R an Hongliang
(*Chairman of the Board of Directors*)
M . Jiang Jinhua
M . Wei Yehong
M . Shen Qifeng

Independent non-executive directors

M . Xu Pan
M . Huai Fan
M . Ng Yau Kien Chai

SUPERVISORS

M . Zheng Wenong
(*Chairman of the Board of Supervisors*)
M . Shen Feng'an
M . Zhu Qianming
M . Ni Liliang
M . Zhang Huichen

AUDIT COMMITTEE

M . Xu Pan (*Chairman*)
M . Huai Fan
M . Ng Yau Kien Chai

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

M . Xu Pan (*Chairman*)
M . R an Hongliang
M . Huai Fan

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

M . Xu Pan (*Chairman*)
M . R an Hongliang
M . Huai Fan

STRATEGIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

M . R an Hongliang (*Chairman*)
M . Wei Yehong
M . Xu Pan

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

M . R an Hongliang (*Chairman*)
M . Jiang Jinhua
M . Huai Fan

COMPANY SECRETARY

M . R an Zhen

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

M . R an Hongliang
M . R an Zhen

REGISTERED OFFICE, HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

1999 Yuhong Road
Xihu District
Jiaxing
Zhejiang Province
People's Republic of China (the PRC)

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 6, 11/F, Pongle Place
6 Shing Yip Street, Kowloon Tong
Kowloon
Hong Kong

CORPORATE WEBSITE

www.flatglass.com.cn

LEGAL ADVISERS AS TO HONG KONG LAW

Morgan, Lee & Bockle

AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
Certified Public Accountants LLP

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China Limited, Jiaxing Branch
China CITIC Bank Corporation Limited,
Jiaxing Branch
Industrial and Commercial Bank of
China Limited, Jiaxing Branch
Bank of China Limited, Fengyang Branch
Citibank, N.A., Hong Kong Branch
DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

H SHARE REGISTRAR

Tico Incorporated Limited
17/F, Finance Centre
16 Harbour Road
Hong Kong

Financial Summary

Six months ended 30 June

	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Operating income	7,304,491.34	4,028,022.49
Operating cost	5,650,508.67	2,245,211.46
Gross profit	1,653,982.67	1,782,811.03
Total profit	1,097,398.83	1,445,914.74
Income attributable to equity holders	94,650.96	184,884.75
Net profit	1,002,747.88	1,261,029.99

As at	As at
30 June 2022	31 December 2021
RMB'000	RMB'000
(Unaudited)	(Audited)

Non-current assets	16,628,524.13	11,184,614.67
Current assets	12,129,913.81	8,898,302.43
Current liabilities	8,467,777.31	6,164,462.50
Net current (liabilities) assets	3,662,136.50	2,733,839.93
Total assets less current liabilities	28,749,970.16	13,918,454.60
Net assets	13,200,226.90	11,810,169.07
Share capital	536,723.31	536,723.31
Undistributed profit	7,197,507.04	6,194,759.17
Total equity	13,200,226.90	11,810,169.07

Management Discussion and Analysis

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. (the Company) and its subsidiaries (together with the Company, the Group) are principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of various glass products, including PV glass, float glass, architectural glass and household glass. The production facilities of the Group are strategically located in Jiaxing, Zhejiang Province, Fenggang County, Chongqing, Anhui Province in the PRC and Hai Phong, Vietnam. The Group's main selling glass products come from or include China, Vietnam, Singapore, Korea, India, Germany, Turkey, Mexico and the United States.

1. Domestic expansion in Anhui Province, the PRC

The Annual production of 750,000 tons of solar, laminated and high-annealed panel manufacturing project of Zhejiang Jiaxing Production Base completed the project, bringing the production from the increase of 2021. Achieved considerable contribution of the Company (II Production of Jiaxing Production Base), including the PV glass production line with a daily melting capacity of 1,200 tons, and the ignited and finished production in the first half of 2022, completed.

In addition, the project, under construction of the Group, achieved the rapid development of the boom of PV industry, a whole and improving differentiated need of downstream for large-size and high glass.

2. Cold repair and reconstruction of the existing furnaces

In order to further increase the production efficiency, the Group has carried out the cold repair and reconstruction of one PV glass furnace at Jiaxing Production Base, Zhejiang Province, the PRC with a daily melting capacity 600-tons, and it has finished the cold repair and ignited in the first half of 2022.

3. Successful bidding for the mining rights

In order of the increase in mineral resource endowment and the impact of the price fluctuation in raw materials on production cost and financial result of the Company, on August 2022, Anhui Flat Glass, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and Chaohe Natural Resource and Planning Bureau (滁州市自然资源和规划局) entered into the mining right assignment contract, with an amount of which, Anhui Flat Glass won the bid for the mining right of the hidden hydrocarbon segment of a large mine field located at Linghan-Mujihan Mining Zone, Fenggang County, Anhui Province, from Chaohe Natural Resource and Planning Bureau through public listing-form as a consideration of RMB3.38 billion.

4. Acquisition of entire equity interest of Sanli Mining and Dahua Oriental Mining

The Company entered into an equity agreement and a supplementary agreement to the equity agreement with Anhui Fengha Mining Company Limited (Fengha Mining) on 27 October 2021 and 13 February 2022 respectively. It determined that the Company acquired the entire equity interest of Anhui Dahua Oriental Mining Company Limited (Dahua Oriental Mining) and Anhui Sanli Mining Company Limited (Sanli Mining) (together, Target Companies) for a total consideration of RMB3,343,947,600.

The Company has completed the corresponding industrial and commercial registration procedures for the change in February 2022. Target Companies have become wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, which the director held a 100% share of the Company. The acquisition of the Target Companies has been completed in 2022.

The strategy of the acquisition is mainly based on the long-term benefit. With the increasing cost of raw materials, the Company's PV glass production capacity has expanded rapidly, to meet the demand of the Company for raw materials, and the main raw materials used for PV glass production, has increased significantly. At the same time, with the rapid growth of PV glass industry, high-quality raw materials and high limited origin distribution will become a competitive advantage. The acquisition of high-quality and stable raw materials and the expansion of PV glass production capacity.

5. Update on A Share Convertible Bonds Issuance

On 16 June 2021, the Company announced the plan of issuing A share convertible bond in the PRC for a total amount of no more than RMB4,000 million (A Share Convertible Bond), which are convertible into new A shares of the Company (A Shares). CSRC Main Board Issuance Approval Committee (中國證監會主板發行審核委員會) received the application of the Company for the proposed issuance of A share convertible bond on 30 March 2022. According to the result of the review published on the website of CSRC, the Company's application for the proposed issuance of A share convertible bond has been approved and reviewed in approval form CSRC received by the Company. Such public issuance of A share convertible bond amounted to RMB4 billion in terms of maximum of issuance. The issuance of A share convertible bond was completed in May 2022. The A share convertible bond, under this issuance, has a nominal value of RMB100 and was issued as follows. The subscription fund for the A share convertible bond, under this issuance, totaled RMB4,000,000,000.00. After deducting the issuance fee of RMB23,078,799.67, the net fund raised was RMB3,976,921,200.33.

6. Non-public Issuance of A Shares

On 1 June 2022, the Board approved the proposed non-public issuance of A shares, which was also approved by shareholders at the 2022 First Ordinary General Meeting, the 2022 First A Share Class Meeting and the 2022 First H Share Class Meeting held on 29 June 2022. The relevant materials shall be subject to the consideration and approval from the CSRC. As of the date of this interim report, the non-public issuance of A shares has not been completed.

7. 2021 A share option incentive scheme

On 17 August 2021, the Company announced the plan to implement an A share option incentive scheme (Scheme).

The principal terms of the Scheme are as follows:

a. Purpose of the Scheme

A incentive is expected to eligible participants for their contribution to the Company of the improvement of the corporate governance, culture of the Company, establish and enhance the long-term incentive and constraint mechanism of the Company, attract and retain talent, full mobilize the initiative and creativity of the senior and mid-level management and technical personnel of the Company, effectively promote the cohesion of the core team and the cooperation of the enterprise, effectively align the interests of shareholders, the Company and the core management team, enabling all parties to focus on the long-term development of the Company, and ensure the achievement of the development strategy and overall business objectives of the Company.

b. Eligible participants of the Scheme

Participants of the Scheme are the senior and mid-level management and technical personnel of the Company. The Remuneration Committee established a list of eligible companies of the participants of the Scheme and the list is reviewed and confirmed by the Shareholders' Committee. None of the participants of the Scheme is a Director or Shareholder of the Company.

c. Total number of Shares available for issue under the Scheme and percentage to the issued share capital as at the date this report

The number of share options authorized to be granted under the Scheme is 5,947,858, representing approximately 0.28% of the authorized share capital of 2,146,893,254 Shares of the Company as at the date of this report, among which, the first grant of share options consists of 5,353,072 shares, representing approximately 0.25% of the authorized share capital of 2,146,893,254 shares of the Company as at the date of this report and 90% of the total number of share options granted; the second grant of share options consists of 594,786 shares, representing approximately 0.03% of the authorized share capital of 2,146,893,254 shares of the Company as at the date of this report and 10% of the total number of share options granted.

d. Maximum entitlement of each participant under the Scheme

The total number of shares of the Company to be granted under the Scheme to any one of the above participants during the Validity Period shall not exceed 1.00% of the Company's total share capital. The total number of aggregate shares inrolled in the Scheme during the Validity Period shall not exceed 10.00% of the total share capital of the Company. Given the Scheme is limited to the Shareholder's general meeting. The Restricted Share Option shall not exceed 20.00% of the total share option available under the Scheme. If the participant voluntarily exercises the benefit granted to the employee, the Board shall make corresponding adjustment to the number of shares option granted.

e. The period within which the shares must be taken up under an option

Upon the fulfillment of condition of the exercise of the share option, the share option is exercisable in full and whole, within a period of 12 months from 19 November 2021 (Date of Grant). The exercise arrangements for the Full Grant of Share Option and the Restricted Share Option are as follows:

The exercise arrangements for the Full Grant of Share Option :

Exercise Arrangement	Exercise Period	Proportion of exercisable Share Options to the total number of Share Options granted
First Exercise Period	Commencing from the first trading date after the expiry of the 12 months from the Date of Grant of the Full Grant of Share Option, and ending on the last trading date of the 24 months from the Date of Grant	20%
Second Exercise Period	Commencing from the first trading date after the expiry of the 24 months from the Date of Grant of the Full Grant of Share Option, and ending on the last trading date of the 36 months from the Date of Grant	20%

		Proportion of exercisable Share Options to the total number of Share Options granted
Exercise Arrangement	Exercise Period	
Third Exercise Period	Commencing from the first trading date after the expiry of the 36 months from the Date of Grant of the First Grant of Share Option, and ending on the last trading date of the 48 months from the Date of Grant	20%
Fourth Exercise Period	Commencing from the first trading date after the expiry of the 48 months from the Date of Grant of the First Grant of Share Option, and ending on the last trading date of the 60 months from the Date of Grant	20%
Fifth Exercise Period	Commencing from the first trading date after the expiry of the 60 months from the Date of Grant of the First Grant of Share Option, and ending on the last trading date of the 72 months from the Date of Grant	20%

The exercise arrangements for the Restricted Share Option :

		Proportion of exercisable Share Options to the total number of Share Options granted
Exercise Arrangement	Exercise Period	
First Exercise Period	Commencing from the first trading date after the expiry of the 12 months from the Date of Grant of the Restricted Share Option, and ending on the last trading date of the 24 months from the Date of Grant	20%

Exercise Arrangement	Exercise Period	Proportion of exercisable Share Options to the total number of Share Options granted
Second Exercise Period	Commencing from the first trading date after the expiry of the 24 month from the Date of Grant of the Restricted Share Option, and ending on the last trading date of the 36 month from the Date of Grant	20%
Third Exercise Period	Commencing from the first trading date after the expiry of the 36 month from the Date of Grant of the Restricted Share Option, and ending on the last trading date of the 48 month from the Date of Grant	20%
Fourth Exercise Period	Commencing from the first trading date after the expiry of the 48 month from the Date of Grant of the Restricted Share Option, and ending on the last trading date of the 60 month from the Date of Grant	20%
Fifth Exercise Period	Commencing from the first trading date after the expiry of the 60 month from the Date of Grant of the Restricted Share Option, and ending on the last trading date of the 72 month from the Date of Grant	20%

f. The minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

Upon the fulfillment of condition of the exercise of the Share Option, the Share Option shall be exercisable in five tranches, from the expiry of 12 month from the Date of Grant.

g. The amount payable on application or acceptance of the option and the period within which payments must or may be made

The exercise amount payable on application or acceptance of the option and the exercise period, in which payments must or may be made.

h. The basis of determining the exercise price

The exercise price, under the Financial of Share Option, shall not be less than the nominal value of the Share and in principle the higher of:

- (i) the average closing price of the Shares of the Company on the trading date immediately preceding the date of announcement of the Scheme (date), being RMB44.02 per Share;
- (ii) the average closing price of the Shares of the Company for the 120 trading date immediately preceding the date of announcement of the Scheme (date), being RMB34.90 per Share.

The Exercise Price of the Revised Share Option shall be adjusted to be identical to the Exercise Price, under the Financial of Share Option, being RMB44.02 per Share.

i. The remaining life of the Scheme

The Validity Period of the Scheme commenced from the Date of Grant of the Share Option, and shall end on the date on which all the share option granted to the Participant, under the Scheme have been exercised or cancelled, and shall not be longer than 72 months.

j. Accounting policy adopted for the share options

The date of the grant is 19 November 2021. On each balance sheet date within the vesting period, the Company shall recognize the related expense and corresponding liability for the service received, which period and liability shall be recognized under Capital Reserve. Once the Capital Reserve is available of the share option on the Date of Grant based on the best estimate of the number of exercisable share option.

If the exercise condition is met on the Exercise Date, the share option can be exercised and carried forward to the Capital Reserve. Once the Capital Reserve is recognized on each balance sheet date before the Exercise Date; if all or part of the share option become invalid or are abolished due to failure of exercise, it shall be treated in accordance with accounting standard and related regulations.

As for the accounting treatment after the exercise date, no adjustment shall be made to the confirmed cost and overall expense, etc.

In accordance with the relevant provisions of the Accounting Standard for Business Enterprises No. 11 Share-based Payment (企業會計準則第11號 股份支付) and the Accounting Standard for Business Enterprises No. 22 Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments (企業會計準則第22號 金融工具確認和計量), the Company uses the Black-Scholes model (BS model) as the pricing model, and the Company uses this model to make an estimate on the fair value of the share option granted based on 17 August 2021 (official calculation shall be conducted at the time of grant). The specific parameters are selected as follows:

- (i) Price of a share: RMB42.89 (closing price on 17 August 2021)
- (ii) Validity Period: 1 year, 2 years, 3 years, 4 years and 5 years, respectively (the period commencing from Date of Grant and ending on the final date of exercise for each respective period)
- (iii) Historical volatility: 14.73%, 17.44%, 18.71%, 17.92% and 16.55% (annualized volatility for the corresponding period of SSE Composite Index)
- (iv) Risk-free interest rate: 1.50%, 2.10% and 2.75% (based on one-year, two-year, three-year, four-year and above RMB deposit benchmark interest rate, respectively, of financial institution deposited by the People's Bank of China)

On 26 November 2021, the Company announced the filing of 5,341,072 shares of A share option incentive scheme of 288 participants at an exercise price of RMB44.02 per share. The details of the Filing of the 2021 A Share Option are as follows:

a. *Date of grant*

19 November 2021

b. *Number of grant*

5,341,072

c. *Number of participants of grant*

288

d. *Connected person as participant*

Except for Mr. Zhu Yiping (祝宇平), son of Mr. Zhu Qianming (祝全明), a Shareholder of the Company, a connected person of the Company, none of the participants is a connected person of the Company as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. A total of 40,000 shares of the Company were granted to Mr. Zhu Yiping, under the Filing of Share Option of the participants.

e. *Exercise price and exercise period*

RMB44.02 per share. In the event of cancellation of capital increase, bonus issue, dividend distribution, repurchase of shares, rights issue, etc. of the Company during the period from the date of the announcement of the Scheme to the completion of the registration of shares of the Company, the exercise price and the total number of outstanding shares in listed company should be adjusted in accordance with the Scheme.

For details of the exercise period of the Filing of Share Option, please refer to the disclosure above.

f. *Closing Price of the A Shares on the date of immediate before the date of*
g an

RMB46.55 ~~the~~ share

g. *Source of share*

A Shares of the Company ~~o~~ be decided ~~i~~, ~~ed~~ ~~o~~ the Participant ~~b~~ the Company

h. *Verifying period*

All share ~~o~~tion ~~g~~ an ~~ed~~ ~~o~~ the Participant ~~a~~ ~~e~~, ~~b~~ ~~j~~ ~~e~~ ~~c~~ ~~t~~ ~~o~~ ~~d~~ ~~i~~ ~~f~~ ~~f~~ ~~e~~ ~~r~~ ~~e~~ ~~n~~ ~~c~~ ~~e~~ ~~i~~ ~~n~~ ~~g~~ ~~t~~ ~~h~~ ~~e~~ ~~p~~ ~~e~~ ~~r~~ ~~i~~ ~~o~~ ~~d~~, and each of them commence ~~o~~ ~~n~~ ~~t~~ ~~h~~ ~~e~~ ~~d~~ ~~a~~ ~~t~~ ~~e~~ ~~o~~ ~~n~~ ~~w~~ ~~h~~ ~~i~~ ~~c~~ ~~h~~ ~~t~~ ~~h~~ ~~e~~ ~~r~~ ~~e~~ ~~g~~ ~~i~~ ~~s~~ ~~t~~ ~~r~~ ~~a~~ ~~t~~ ~~i~~ ~~o~~ ~~n~~ ~~o~~ ~~f~~ ~~t~~ ~~h~~ ~~e~~ ~~g~~ ~~a~~ ~~n~~ ~~o~~ ~~f~~ ~~t~~ ~~h~~ ~~e~~ ~~o~~ ~~t~~ ~~i~~ ~~o~~ ~~n~~ ~~i~~ ~~s~~ ~~c~~ ~~o~~ ~~m~~ ~~p~~ ~~l~~ ~~e~~ ~~t~~ ~~e~~ ~~d~~. The ~~i~~ ~~n~~ ~~t~~ ~~e~~ ~~r~~ ~~a~~ ~~b~~ ~~e~~ ~~t~~ ~~e~~ ~~n~~ ~~t~~ ~~h~~ ~~e~~ ~~D~~ ~~a~~ ~~t~~ ~~e~~ ~~o~~ ~~f~~ ~~G~~ ~~a~~ ~~n~~ ~~a~~ ~~n~~ ~~d~~ ~~t~~ ~~h~~ ~~e~~ ~~f~~ ~~i~~ ~~r~~ ~~s~~ ~~t~~ ~~e~~ ~~c~~ ~~i~~ ~~e~~ ~~d~~ ~~a~~ ~~t~~ ~~e~~ ~~h~~ ~~a~~ ~~l~~ ~~l~~ ~~n~~ ~~o~~ ~~b~~ ~~e~~ ~~l~~ ~~e~~ ~~t~~ ~~h~~ ~~a~~ ~~n~~ ~~1~~ ~~2~~ ~~m~~ ~~o~~ ~~n~~ ~~t~~ ~~h~~.

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The fair value of the 5,245,472 shares option granted during the Reporting Period amounted to RMB47.2396 million, measured at the date of the grant. Such measurement is based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the following assumptions: When the employees have met the vesting condition before becoming unconditionally entitled to the option, the overall expected fair value of the option is equal to the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the option will be exercised. The fair value of each share option granted is calculated by the Black-Scholes model, taking into account the exercise price and the expected volatility of the shares. The fair value of each share option is determined by the Black-Scholes model. For the accounting policies of each share option, please refer to the accounting policy.

INDUSTRY REVIEW

Industry half-year review

PV industry faced increasing challenges during development

Domestically, in the first half of 2022, although silicon material prices rose sharply, the supply and demand at home and abroad. As a result, silicon prices rose to a high level and continued to rise, enhancing a good high, leading to increasing prices across the main industry chain. While continuing to demand for innovation of domestic centralized monocrystalline silicon. However, the distributed monocrystalline silicon continued to decline. According to the statistics of China Photovoltaic Industry Association, nearly 70% of the new innovation in the first half of the year is distributed monocrystalline silicon technology.

Internationally, trade frictions occurred from time to time in various countries and regions. For example, the export of modules from China to the United States is subject to Anti-dumping and Anti-subsidy duties and Section 201 tariff, while the export from Southeast Asia to the United States is subject to Section 201 tariff and WTO denunciation. In addition, from 1 April 2022, India imposed a new Basic Customs Duty (BCD) on imports of solar cells and modules, with a tariff rate of 40% for PV modules and 25% for PV cells. Furthermore, international frictions have also had an impact on the global development of the PV industry.

Amidst the volatile industry and international landscape, the Company also experienced a high level of volatility in the first half of the year. The cost of energy, such as natural gas, rose significantly due to the escalation of geopolitical tensions, such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict; the price of bulk commodities, such as fuel oil and soda ash, rose due to inflation and market behavior, supply and demand; additionally, the sharp employment increase in eight countries in April and May has also due to the emerging COVID-19 pandemic in China. Consequently, the Company faced certain cost pressure on administrative and financial.

PV industry saw a thriving trend through overcoming challenges

Despite facing challenges, under the conducive domestic and abroad, the PV industry continued to hold a strong resilience to overcome multiple challenges, with booming installed demand doing a great team.

According to the statistics of China National Energy Administration and China Photovoltaic Industry Association, as of 30 June 2022, the domestic PV installation capacity reached 30.88GW, experiencing an increase of 137.4% year-on-year, PV module reached 78.6GW, experiencing an increase of 74.3% year-on-year, and the total proportion of PV module (silicon wafer, cell, module) accounted for a total of US\$25.9 billion, experiencing an increase of 113% year-on-year; and the overall PV installation demand continued to be in high growth. The external contributing factors: first, favorable policies were implemented globally. According to the REPOWER EU Plan announced by the European Commission in May 2022, for example, the 2030 renewable energy target will be raised from 40% to 45%, and a special EU solar target will be in place to double the solar PV capacity by 2025 and reach an installed capacity of 600GW by 2030; secondly, due to the impact of energy shortage, the demand for energy independence in Europe is growing, and increasing energy prices are driving high electricity tariffs. As a result, the overall PV market is in full bloom, and the installed demand in Europe, the United States, India, etc. also will be formed market expansion. In the first half of 2022, the new installed capacity of the United States and India reached 3,010MW, experiencing an increase of 77.51% year-on-year, and 8.36GW, experiencing an increase of 71.61% year-on-year, respectively.

To satisfy the demand for PV glass from the rapid development of PV installation, the Complan commenced the operation of its PV glass furnace with a daily melting capacity of 1,200 tons/day at Jiaxing Production Base in the first half of 2022. Meanwhile, the PV glass furnace with a daily melting capacity of 600 tons/day at Jiaxing Production Base could remain in the first half of 2022.

FUTURE PROSPECT

With the elevation of silicon module production capacity in the second half of the year, the demand for installed capacity doing a great team will be further encouraged. As carbon neutrality has become a global consensus, and new energy generation is becoming an inevitable trend and growing trend, the PV industry has entered a major stage of development and will continue to grow rapidly in the coming years.

To keep abreast of the development of the industry and enable it to make headway, the Company is expanding the production capacity of PV glass. Upon completion of the overall production capacity of our PV glass is 15,800 tons/day, and Phase III and Phase IV projects of Anhui production base are well under construction. In addition, the Phase V project of Anhui production base and the Nanong project are under approval. Upon their approval, the Company will need to increase production capacity.

For the moment, the Company will consolidate its competitive advantage and leading position through continuous innovation of the production technology of PV glass and further increasing the market share of high and large-sized glass.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the month ended 30 June 2022, the Group benefited from the demand growth in the PV glass market and the increase of new production capacity, and its operating income reached a new high. For the month ended 30 June 2022, the amount of operating income of the Group was RMB7,304.5 million, which increased by 81.34% as compared to the same period of 2021 of RMB4,028.0 million. On the other hand, the decrease in the average sale price of PV glass and significant increase in the cost of auxiliary material and energy, led to a decrease in the Group's net profit. The net profit attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company for the month ended 30 June 2022 was RMB1,002.7 million, representing a decrease of 20.48% as compared to the same period of 2021 of RMB1,261.0 million.

Revenue

The following table sets out the breakdown of the income of the Group by product type and geographical location:

Product type	Six months ended 30 June 2022		Six months ended 30 June 2021	
	RMB'000	(%)	RMB'000	(%)
PV glass	6,468,102.10	88.55	3,324,923.20	82.54
Floaglass	154,622.63	2.12	179,987.14	4.47
Household glass	180,626.50	2.47	178,247.09	4.43
Automotive glass	319,281.96	4.37	304,212.08	7.55
Mine safety glass	161,935.17	2.22	18,668.91	0.46
Other business	19,922.98	0.27	21,984.07	0.55
Total	7,304,491.34	100.00	4,028,022.49	100.00

Location	Six months ended 30 June 2022 RMB'000	Si mon h ended 30 June 2021 RMB'000
Mainland China	5,896,527.53	2,739,990.53
Other countries in Asia (excl. of China)	1,165,341.16	982,573.02
Europe	101,446.16	84,796.65
North America	128,647.29	212,166.37
Other	12,529.20	8,495.92
Total	7,304,491.34	4,028,022.49

For the i mon h ended 30 June 2022, the e en e of ale of the G o was amo n ed o RMB7,304.5 million, inc ea ed b 81.34% a compa ed with the ame pe iod of 2021 of RMB4,028.0 million. Among hem, the e en e of ale of PV gla was amo n ed o RMB6,468.1 million, inc ea ed b 94.54% a compa ed with the ame pe iod of 2021 of RMB3,324.9 million, mainl de o the inc ea e in ale ol me e, led fom the elea e of new PV od c ion capaci of PV gla , which was ma iall off e b the dec ea e in a e age ale pe ice. In e m of ale loca ion, fo the i mon h ended 30 June 2022, the ale e en e in Mainland China amo n ed o RMB5,896.5 million, inc ea ed b 115.20% a compa ed with the ame pe iod of 2021 of RMB2,740.0 million; Other ale e en e amo n ed o RMB1,408.0 million, inc ea ed b 9.32% a compa ed with the ame pe iod of 2021 of RMB1,288.0 million. In the fi half of 2022, the ale e en e fom Mainland China hos ed a amid g o with a compa ed with ha fom o e ea e gion , mainl de o a ignifican inc ea e in the demand fo PV gla , a a e l of the , b an ial inc ea e in the od c ion of PV mod le in Chine e Mainland, which was in line with the elea e a ea of the new PV od c ion capaci of the Compan .

Operating costs

The ope a ing co of the G o was fo the i mon h ended 30 June 2022 was RMB5,650.5 million, e en ing an inc ea e of 151.67% a compa ed o the ope a ing co of RMB2,245.2 million fo the ame pe iod of 2021. The inc ea e was mainl de o the inc ea e in ale ol me of PV gla , ma ial of which was enhanced b ignifican inc ea e in co of adma e ial and ene g .

Gross profit and gross profit margin

The g o ffi of the G o was fo the i mon h ended 30 June 2022 was RMB1,654.0 million, e en ing a dec ea e of 7.22% fom RMB1,782.8 million in the ame pe iod of la ea . The g o ffi ma gin of the G o was fo the i mon h ended 30 June 2022 was 22.64%, e en ing a dec ea e of 21.62 pe cen age poin fom the g o ffi ma gin of 44.26% in the ame pe iod of la ea . The dec ea e in g o ffi and g o ffi ma gin was mainl de o the dec ea e in a e age ale pe ice of PV gla , and ignifican inc ea e in co of adma e ial and ene g a compa ed with the ame pe iod of la ea .

The following table sets out the gross profit of main products of the Group:

Production type	Six months ended 30 June 2022		Six months ended 30 June 2021	
	Gross profit		Gross profit	
	Gross profit RMB'000	margin (%)	Gross profit RMB'000	margin (%)
PV glass	1,488,648.70	23.02	1,527,909.50	45.95
Floag glass	5,323.60	3.44	74,290.40	41.28
Household glass	39,818.60	22.04	58,047.50	32.57
Architectural glass	59,949.80	18.78	95,553.10	31.41
Miscellaneous products	43,811.10			

Financial costs

For the month ended 30 June 2022, the financial costs of the Group amounted to RMB76.8 million, representing an increase of 460.58% from RMB13.7 million for the month ended 30 June 2021. The increase was mainly due to the increase in interest expense on borrowings.

Income tax expense

For the month ended 30 June 2022, the income tax expense of the Group amounted to RMB94.7 million, representing a decrease of 48.78% from RMB184.9 million for the month ended 30 June 2021, which was mainly due to the decrease in income tax expense in the consolidated statement of the decrease in total profit and certain preferential policies of income tax exemption.

EBITDA and net profit

For the month ended 30 June 2022, the EBITDA of the Group (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation) increased by RMB99.7 million from RMB1,694.7 million for the month ended 30 June 2021 to RMB1,794.4 million. The Group's EBITDA margin was 24.57% for the month ended 30 June 2022 compared with 42.07% for the same period of 2021.

For the month ended 30 June 2022, the net profit decreased by RMB258.3 million from RMB1,261.0 million for the same period of 2021 to RMB1,002.7 million.

Assets and equity

As at 30 June 2022, the total assets amounted to RMB28,758.4 million, which increased by RMB8,675.5 million, or 43.20% from RMB20,082.9 million as at 31 December 2021. As at 30 June 2022, the shareholders' equity amounted to RMB13,200.2 million, which increased by RMB1,390.0 million, or 11.77% from RMB11,810.2 million as at 31 December 2021.

Financial resources and liquidity

As at 30 June 2022, the current ratio was 1.43 as compared with 1.44 as at 31 December 2021.

For the month ended 30 June 2022, the Group's main source of funding was proceeds from A share convertible bond, cash from operating activities and credit financing provided by bank.

Asset-liability ratio

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's asset-liability ratio (asset-liability ratio, i.e., ratio of total debt divided by total assets at the end of the period multiplied by 100%) was 54.10%, increased by 12.91 percentage as compared to 41.19% as at 31 December 2021.

Capital expenditures

As at 30 June 2022, total capital expenditure of the Group amounted to approximately RMB4,992.7 million (as at 30 June 2021: RMB1,899.0 million), including the purchase of fixed assets, construction in progress and intangible assets for PV glass project and the acquisition of subsidiary.

EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 30 June 2022, the Group employed a total of 6,816 employees and most of them were based in the PRC, with a total employee remuneration amounting to RMB319.0 million for the month ended 30 June 2022, representing 4.37% of the Group's operating expense for the same period.

The Group maintains a good relationship with its employees and is dedicated to improving its employees' working environment and working conditions. For the most part, employees make a career choice for manufacturing management, sales and management and human resource management. Remuneration of employees is reviewed periodically by reference to the market. After considering the performance of the Group and job performance of specific employees, the Group may make a discretionary bonus.

The Group makes contribution for its employees in the PRC in relation to the mandatory social security fund including pension, sick-leaved injury insurance, maternity insurance, medical and unemployment insurance and housing fund contribution.

CREDIT RISK AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

The transactions of the Group are mainly settled in RMB, United States dollars, Hong Kong dollars, Vietnamese Dong and Japanese Yen. Generally, the Group's operating activities are mainly located in the PRC. Bank financing of the Group is settled in RMB and United States dollars. For the month ended 30 June 2022, the annual interest rate ranging from 1.30% to 4.65%. As the Group's trading currency of global cement sale, procurement and financing are only in the RMB but in foreign currency, the Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk. For the month ended 30 June 2022, the risk did not have any material impact on the financial performance of the Group.

Furthermore, the Group monitors the interest rate risk, in particular from the variable-rate borrowing with DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited of US\$135 million. The Group's financial closing monitoring interest rate risk is not material and the change of interest rate will not have a considerable impact on the Group.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 30 June 2022, the Company issued a total of 2,146,893,254 shares, of which 1,696,893,254 are A shares and 450,000,000 are H shares.

Corporate Governance and Other Information

Compliance with Corporate Governance Code

In the opinion of the board (the Board) of directors (Directors) of the Company, the Company had complied with the code provision in the Corporate Governance Code as set forth in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the Listing Rules) throughout the period from 1 January 2022 to 30 June 2022 except for code provision A.2.1.

Under code provision A.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code, the role of the chairman and chief executive should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Ruan Hongliang currently holds both positions. Throughout the Group's business history of over 20 years, Mr. Ruan has held the key leadership position of the Group and has been deeply involved in the formulation of corporate strategy and management of business and operation of the Group. Taking into account the consistent leadership within the Group and in order to enable more effective and efficient overall strategic planning and continuation of the implementation of the plan, the Board considered that Mr. Ruan is the best candidate for both positions and he has been an arrangement that is beneficial and in the interest of the Company and he has held a sole.

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors and Supervisors

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transaction by Directors of Listed Issuers (the Model Code) as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transaction by the Directors and, the Board of the Company. Directors and the Board of the Company are reminded of their obligation under the Model Code on a regular basis. Following specific enquiry by the Group, all of the Directors and the Board of the Company have confirmed that they had complied with the related standards in the Model Code throughout the period from 1 January 2022 to 30 June 2022.

Interests and Short Positions of Directors, Supervisors and Chief Executives

As at 30 June 2022, the interest and holdings of Directors, Supervisors and chief executives of the Company in the share, including share options of the Company and associated companies (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the SFO)), are recorded in the register created or kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or as the representative of the Company and the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited pursuant to the Disclosure 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including in the case of the Director which the Director of the chief executive have taken or deemed to have, under, through or in relation to) and the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules, are as follows:

Shareholder	Number of shares held	Class	Nature of interest	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the relevant class of shares ⁽¹⁾	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the total share capital of the Company ⁽²⁾
Directors					
Mr. Ruan Hongliang ⁽³⁾	1,178,784,425(L)	A share	Beneficial owner and trustee acting in concert	69.47%	54.91%
	1,569,000(L)	H share	Beneficial owner and trustee acting in concert	0.35%	0.07%
Mr. Jiang Jinhua ⁽³⁾	1,178,784,425(L)	A share	Beneficial owner and trustee acting in concert	69.47%	54.91%
	1,569,000(L)	H share	Beneficial owner and trustee acting in concert	0.35%	0.07%
Mr. Wei Yehong ⁽⁴⁾	16,437,445(L)	A share	Beneficial owner	0.97%	0.77%
Mr. Shen Qifeng ⁽⁵⁾	10,958,297(L)	A share	Beneficial owner	0.65%	0.51%
Supervisors					
Mr. Zheng Wenrong	46,801,800(L)	A share	Beneficial owner	2.76%	2.18%
Mr. Shen Feiran	31,201,200(L)	A share	Beneficial owner	1.84%	1.45%
Mr. Shen Feiran	20,351,200(L)	A share	Beneficial owner	1.20%	0.95%
	10,850,000(S)	A share	Beneficial owner	0.64%	0.51%

Notes:

- (1) The calculation is based on the total number of 1,696,893,254 A Shares or 450,000,000 H Shares of the Company in issue as at 30 June 2022.
- (2) The calculation is based on the total number of 1,696,893,254 A Shares and the total number of 450,000,000 H Shares (i.e. a total of 2,146,893,254 Shares) in issue as at 30 June 2022.
- (3) Mr. Ren Hongliang is the spouse of Mr. Jiang Jinhua. As at 30 June 2022, Mr. Ren Hongliang owns 462,926,174 A Shares and 485,000 H Shares. Mr. Jiang Jinhua owns 341,465,760 A Shares and 111,000 H Shares. Mr. Ren Zhen is the spouse of Mr. Zhao Xiaofei, and the daughter of Mr. Ren Hongliang and Mr. Jiang Jinhua. Mr. Ren Zhen owns 369,335,004 A Shares and 973,000 H Shares. Mr. Zhao Xiaofei owns 5,057,487 A Shares. In addition, Mr. Ren and a concealed agreement entered into on 19 September 2016 entered into among Mr. Ren Hongliang, Mr. Jiang Jinhua, Mr. Ren Zhen and Mr. Zhao Xiaofei, each of Mr. Ren Hongliang, Mr. Jiang Jinhua, Mr. Ren Zhen and Mr. Zhao Xiaofei is considered to be entered into 1,178,784,425 A Shares and 1,569,000 H Shares under the SFO. On 31 March 2022, the Company completed the grant of 10,355,680, 7,638,600, 8,262,040 and 113,140 A share convertible bonds to Mr. Ren Hongliang, Mr. Jiang Jinhua, Mr. Ren Zhen and Mr. Zhao Xiaofei, respectively.
- (4) In March 2022, the Company completed the grant of 367,710 A share convertible bonds listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange to Mr. Wei Yelong. The Mr. Wei Yelong acquired the right to convertible bonds in A shares.
- (5) In March 2022, the Company completed the grant of 245,140 A share convertible bonds listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange to Mr. Shen Qifeng. The Mr. Shen Qifeng acquired the right to convertible bonds in A shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2022, to the knowledge of the Company, none of the Directors, the CEO and the chief executive officer of the Company had not been deemed under the SFO to have an interest in any of the share or the handling share and debenture of the Company and any affiliated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which have, or is, or is to be recorded in the register, or is to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO, or as to which have, or is, or is to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the Division 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO or to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the Model Code.

Interests and Short Positions of Substantial shareholders

As at 30 June 2022, the persons or corporations who have an interest in the shares of the Company, and chief executive of the Company, in the shareholding of the Company, which are required to be disclosed to the Company, under the provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which are recorded in the register, are required to be kept, under section 336 of the SFO are as follows:

Shareholder	Number of shares held	Class	Nature of interest	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the relevant class of shares ⁽¹⁾	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the total share capital of the Company ⁽²⁾
M. Ron Zein ⁽³⁾	1,178,784,425 (L)	A Share	Beneficial owner and nominee	69.47%	54.91%
	1,569,000 (L)	H Share	acting in concert	0.35%	0.07%
M. Zhao Xiaofei ⁽³⁾	1,178,784,425 (L)	A Share	Beneficial owner and nominee	69.47%	54.91%
	1,569,000 (L)	H Share	acting in concert	0.35%	0.07%
JPMorgan Chase & Co. ⁽⁴⁾	63,029,896 (L)	H Share	Interest of controlled corporation, in the management, execution of the share and approved lending agent	14.01%	2.94%
	13,008,326 (S)		cooperation, in the management, execution of the share and approved lending agent	2.89%	0.61%
	28,387,546 (P)			6.31%	1.32%
The Capital Group Company, Inc. ⁽⁵⁾	54,791,000 (L)	H Share	Interest of controlled corporation	12.18%	2.55%
BlackRock, Inc. ⁽⁶⁾	47,486,390 (L)	H Share	Interest of controlled corporation	10.55%	2.21%
	3,172,000 (S)		cooperation	0.70%	0.15%
Bank of America Corporation ⁽⁷⁾	35,842,386 (L)	H Share	Interest of controlled corporation	7.96%	1.67%
	35,329,158 (S)		cooperation	7.85%	1.65%
Pacific Alliance Management Co., Ltd.	31,525,000 (L)	H Share	Interest in the management	7.01%	1.47%
Schode PLC ⁽⁸⁾	27,236,000 (L)	H Share	Interest in the management	6.05%	1.27%
Shanghai Genfund Asset Management Company Limited ⁽⁹⁾	27,042,000 (L)	H Share	Interest in the management	6.01%	1.26%
Xi'ang Jingning Corporation Asset Management Company Limited ⁽⁹⁾	27,042,000 (L)	H Share	Interest of controlled corporation	6.01%	1.26%

Shareholder	Number of shares held	Class	Nature of interest	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the relevant class of shares ⁽¹⁾	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the total share capital of the Company ⁽²⁾
Ciguo Inc. ⁽¹⁰⁾	26,366,672 (L)	H Share	Indee of controlled	5.86%	1.23%
	9,247,099 (S)		control and approed	2.05%	0.43%
	16,813,949 (P)		lending agen	3.74%	0.78%
UBS Global AG ⁽¹¹⁾	25,014,145 (L)	H Share	Indee of controlled	5.56%	1.17%
	18,462,525 (S)		control	4.10%	0.86%
CICC P. Cheng Investment Co., Ltd.	23,870,000 (L)	H Share	Beneficial indee	5.30%	1.11%
China International Capital Corporation Limited ⁽¹²⁾	22,573,000 (L)	H Share	Indee of controlled control	5.02%	1.05%

Note:

- (1) The calculation is based on the total number of 1,696,893,254 A share of 450,000,000 H share of the Company in issue as at 30 June 2022.
- (2) The calculation is based on the total number of 1,696,893,254 A share and the total number of 450,000,000 H share (i.e. a total of 2,146,893,254 share) in issue as at 30 June 2022.
- (3) Mr. Ruan Hongliang is the owner of Mr. Jiang Jinhua as at 30 June 2022, Mr. Ruan Hongliang owns 462,926,174 A Share and 485,000 H Share, Mr. Jiang Jinhua owns 341,465,760 A Share and 111,000 H Share, Mr. Ruan Ze is the owner of Mr. Zhao Xiaofei, and the daughter of Mr. Ruan Hongliang and Mr. Jiang Jinhua, Mr. Ruan Ze owns 369,335,004 A Share and 973,000 H Share, Mr. Zhao Xiaofei owns 5,057,487 A Share. In addition, Mr. Ruan Ze and Mr. Zhao Xiaofei, each of Mr. Ruan Hongliang, Mr. Jiang Jinhua, Mr. Ruan Ze and Mr. Zhao Xiaofei contributed to be invested in 1,178,784,425 A Share and 1,569,000 H Share under the SFO. On 31 March 2022, the Company completed the grant of 10,355,680, 7,638,600, 8,262,040 and 113,140 A share convertible bond to Mr. Ruan Hongliang, Mr. Jiang Jinhua, Mr. Ruan Ze and Mr. Zhao Xiaofei, respectively.
- (4) JPMorgan Chase & Co. held the entire and whole ownership of the controlled corporation, including holding of beneficial interest (cash element: 1,100 share (whole ownership)) and limited interest (beneficial element: 313,784 share (whole ownership)); cash element: 3,930,380 share (long ownership) and 616,270 share (whole ownership).

- (5) The Capital Group Companies, Inc. indirectly held eleven percent of the outstanding shares of the controlled corporation.
- (6) BlackRock, Inc. indirectly held eleven percent and the subsidiary held five percent of the controlled corporation, including holding of certain limited liability (the company: 39,000 shares (long term) and 1,549,000 shares (short term)).
- (7) Bank of America Corporation indirectly held eleven percent and the subsidiary held five percent of the controlled corporation, including holding of certain limited liability (the company: 17,338,242 shares (long term) and 2,088,900 shares (short term)).
- (8) Schode PLC indirectly held eleven percent of the controlled corporation.
- (9) Xi ang Jingning Corporation Management Company held 100% of the shares in Shanghai Good Asset Management Company Limited 100%.
- (10) Citigroup Inc. indirectly held eleven percent and the subsidiary held five percent of the controlled corporation, including holding of certain limited liability (the company: 2,918,610 shares (long term) and 175,000 shares (short term)).
- (11) UBS Group AG held eleven percent and the subsidiary held five percent of the controlled corporation, including holding of certain limited liability (the company: 325 shares (long term) and 12,363 shares (short term)) and limited liability (the company: 1,513,656 shares (long term) and 1,322,971 shares (short term)).
- (12) China International Capital Corporation Limited indirectly held eleven percent of the controlled corporation.

Since the disclosure date, as of June 30, 2022, of the aforementioned Director, he is not the person (other than the Director or, the officer or the chief executive officer of the Company) who had interest in the subsidiary in the holding shares of the Company which should fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange, under the provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which are recorded in the register, or recorded in the register of the SFO.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

1. Issuance of A Share Convertible Bonds

To further enhance the capital and maintain the leading technology and scale advantage of the Company's core product PV glass, while enhancing the financial strength and meeting the long-term capital requirements of the Company, the Company proposed to issue A share convertible corporate bond in the PRC, with a total proceeds of no more than RMB4 billion. The relevant resolutions were approved at the Board meeting held on 16 June 2021, and were approved at the 2021 second extraordinary general meeting, the 2021 second A share class meeting and the 2021 second H share holder class meeting of the Company on 20 August 2021. On 16 June 2021, the announcement in relation to the issuance of A share convertible bond was published on the website of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the Stock Exchange) and the closing price of A share on that date was RMB29.53 per share. The average price of the A share convertible bond at the underwriting, legal review, economic assessment and other independent financial requirements, under the latest date, and the company has maintained economic cooperation with the Shanghai Branch of China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited") (hereinafter referred to as the "China Securities Regulatory Commission" (CSRC)) on 8 November 2021 and it was approved by CSRC in March 2022. The issuance of A share convertible bond was completed in March 2022. The A share convertible bond, under this issuance, has a nominal value of RMB100 and was issued at par. The Company completed the issue of 40 million convertible bonds. The subscription fund for the A share convertible bond, under this issuance, totaled RMB4,000,000,000.00. After deducting the issuance fee of RMB23,078,799.67, the net fund raised was RMB3,976,921,200.33.

The total net proceeds from the public issuance of A share convertible bonds by the Company amounted to approximately RMB3,976.92 million. As at 30 June 2022, the use of the proceeds was as follows:

Use for	Percentage of net proceeds	Amount of net proceeds RMB'0,000	Amount utilized RMB'0,000	Amount unutilized RMB'0,000
Announced purchase of 750,000 shares of China Mengniu Dairy Company Limited and China High-Speed Rail Construction Corporation Limited	48.50%	192,896.85	94,513.73	98,383.12
Distributed PV modules generation construction project	16.41%	65,257.65		65,257.65
Announced purchase of 15 million shares of China PV High-Tech Equipment Manufacturing Company Limited	4.91%	19,537.62	1,523.54	18,014.08
Working capital	30.17%	120,000.00	120,000.00	0

The amount utilized is expected to be fully utilized by the Company according to the use of the proceeds plan for the proceeds by December 2023. As at the date of this report, the Directors confirm that the proceeds were used and are expected to be used according to the intention previously disclosed.

The total net proceeds from the non-public issuance of A Shares by the Company are expected to be amounting to approximately RMB6,000,000,000. As at 30 June 2022, the use of the net proceeds is as follows:

Unit : RMB10,000

Project	Percentage of net proceeds	Amount of utilized	Amount unutilized	Amount of net proceeds to be used
Annular production of 1,950,000 on of new energy, high- and panel manufacturing project	Annular production of 750,000 on of new energy, high- and panel manufacturing project			
Annular production of 1,200,000 on of new energy, high- and panel manufacturing project	Annular production of 1,200,000 on of new energy, high- and panel manufacturing project			193,000.00 ^{note 2}
Annular production of 1,500,000 on of new energy, high- and panel manufacturing project	Annular production of 1,500,000 on of new energy, high- and panel manufacturing project			227,000.00 ^{note 1, 3}
Working capital				180,000.00 ^{note 4}
Total				600,000.00

Note :

- The annular production of 1,500,000 on of new energy, high- and panel manufacturing project in the second column above shall be implemented in China, and the changes in the project shall be reported to the relevant authorities of the project.
- The proceeds of Non-Public Issuance of A Shares shall be utilized according to the project, and the project is expected to be completed before 2022.
- The proceeds of Non-Public Issuance of A Shares shall be utilized according to the project, and the project is expected to be completed before 2023.
- The proceeds of Non-Public Issuance of A Shares is used to be bank loan and business expansion, which is expected to be used within a month of receiving the proceeds.

As at the date of the report, the Directors confirm that the proceeds are properly used according to the intention of the listed company.

Except as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the period from 1 January 2022 to 30 June 2022.

Proceeds Brought Forward from Issuance of Equity Securities Made In Previous Financial Year

1. Non-public Issuance of A Shares

In order to meet the development need of the Company, enhance the Company's core competitiveness, sustainable profitability, and safeguard the interests of minority shareholders of the Company, on 12 June 2020 and 15 July 2020, the Board approved the proposed non-public issuance of A shares and initiated the process which also approved by the shareholders at the 2020 first extraordinary general meeting, the 2020 second A share class meeting and the 2020 second H share class meeting held on 10 August 2020. On 12 October 2020, the Interim Approval Committee of the CSRC conducted a review of the Company's application for non-public issuance of A shares. Pursuant to the result of the review, the Company's application for non-public issuance of A shares was approved.

The shares to be issued under the non-public issuance are RMB denominated ordinary Shares (A Shares) with a nominal value of RMB0.25 each, which will be listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange. On 18 January 2021, the Company completed the non-public issuance of A shares with the issuance of 84,545,147 A Shares in total at a price of RMB29.57 per share. The total proceeds from the non-public issuance of A shares is RMB2,499,999,996.79. After deducting the underwriting fee and other issuance fee (excluding value-added tax) of RMB16,918,053.10, the net funds raised were RMB2,483,081,943.69. On 12 June 2020, the announcement of Proposed Non-public Issuance of A Shares was published on the website of HKEX and the closing price of A Shares on that day was RMB15.61 per share. The age, objective including economic independence management companies, economic firm, financial companies, financial companies, independent financial institutions, qualified foreign independent financial institutions which satisfy the requirements of the CSRC and other competent bodies, individual independent financial institutions which satisfy the requirements of the relevant laws and regulations.

The total net proceeds from the non-public issuance of A shares by the Company amounted to approximately RMB2,483,081,943.69. As at 30 June 2022, the use of such proceeds was as follows:

Use for	Percentage of net proceeds	Amount of net proceeds (RMB'0,000)	Amount utilized (RMB'0,000)	Amount unutilized (RMB'0,000)
Phase II of PV glass production line annual production capacity of 750,000 tons project	56.38%	140,000	140,000	0
PV backplane glass production line annual production capacity of 42 million square meters project	13.41%	33,308.19	33,308.19	0
Working capital	30.21%	75,000	75,000	0

As at the date of the report, the Directors confirm that the proceeds have been fully used according to the intention of the IPO disclosure.

2. Issuance of New H Shares under Specific Mandate

In order to provide long-term capital for the company's financing work, promote the stable development and growth of the Company, and further improve the quality of H shares and enhance the Company's acceptance in the international market, the Company announced on 10 October 2021, a total of 76,000,000 new H shares, which were approved by the Board. The capital raised by the new H shares was intended to be used for the following: (i) approximately 3.5% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the Board meeting; (ii) approximately 3.4% of the total issued share capital of the Company enlarged by this increase; (iii) approximately 16.9% of the total issued H Shares of the Company as at the date of the Board meeting; and (iv) approximately 14.4% of the total issued H Shares of the Company enlarged by this increase. This increase was considered and approved at the 2021 first annual general meeting, the 2021 first extraordinary general meeting and the 2021 first H share class meeting held on 25 March 2021. The Company received the Approval of the Registration of Overseas Listed Foreign Issued Foreign Shares by the Shanghai Securities Exchange Co., Ltd. (the Approval) issued by CSRC on 1 June 2021.

The new H Shares to be issued are earmarked for foreign holders which shall be listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange at a par value of RMB0.25 each. On 5 February 2021, the announcement in relation to the proposed issuance of new H Shares, under specific mandate fully subscribed on the basis of the Stock Exchange and the closing price of the Company of H Shares on that date HK\$32.48 per share. The aggregate value of the new H Shares will be confirmed in connection with the closing of the subscription, but in any case, the subscription has been or will be prohibited, under relevant laws and regulations, to (i) the shareholders of the Company, its immediate beneficial owners, and its independent director and no connected person (as defined under the Listing Rules) of the Company. Due to the change in the capital market condition, the Company has not completed the issuance of additional H Shares within the time limit from the date of the Approval. According to the announcement of the company dated 1 June 2022, the Approval shall be automatically terminated. The effect of the proceeds from the proposed issuance of H Shares is not applicable anymore.

Taxation

Holders of A shares

In accordance with the Notice of the Ministry of Finance, the State Administration of Taxation and the CSRC on Implementing Differentiated Individual Income Tax Policy for Stock Dividend of Listed Companies (Cai Shui [2015] No. 101) (《財政部、國家稅務總局、中國證監會關於上市公司股息紅利差別化個人所得稅政策有關問題的通知》(財稅[2015]101號)), for holders of listed companies acquired individually from public offering of shares in the market, where the holding period exceeds one year, the dividend shall be exempted from individual income tax; where the holding period is less than one month (inclusive), the full amount of dividend shall be considered as taxable income and where the holding period is more than one month and less than one year (inclusive), 50% of the dividend shall be considered as taxable income on a proportional basis. The individual income tax rate of 20% shall be applicable for all income mentioned above. For dividend distributed by listed companies, where the period of individual shareholding is less than one year (inclusive), the listed companies shall not withhold the individual income tax exemption. The applicable, subject to individual shareholder of shares, shall be calculated by China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited in accordance with the definition of holding period. Criterion of shares including equity companies shall not withhold the amount from individual account and shareholder of China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited. China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited shall inform the shareholder of the listed companies within 5 working days of the next month, and the listed companies shall declare the amount of the compensation to the shareholder, reflecting the amount within the accounting period in the next month.

Resident enterprise shareholder of A have shall also pay for the enterprise income tax of dividend benefit.

For the shareholder who are Qualified Foreign Institutional Investor (QFII), the listed companies shall withhold and pay the enterprise income tax at a rate of 10%, and the exemption of the Notice of the State Administration of Taxation Concerning the Relevant Question on the Withholding and Payment of Enterprise Income Tax Relating to the Payment of Dividend, Bonus and Interest by PRC Resident Enterprise to QFII (Guoshuihan [2009] No. 47) (《國家稅務總局關於中國居民企業向QFII支付股息、紅利、利息代扣代繳企業所得稅有關問題的通知》(國稅函2009[47]號)). QFII shareholder enjoyed the preferential treatment (convenient) shall apply to the companies at home for the above according to the relevant regulation after the receipt of the dividend, and the above shall be executed, and the enterprise, non-identification caused by companies at home.

For non-resident enterprise shareholder of A have except the above-mentioned QFII, listed companies shall withhold and pay the enterprise income tax at a rate of 10%, and the exemption of the Tentative Measures for Administration of Withholding and the Source of Income Tax of Non-resident Enterprise (Guoshuihan [2009] No. 3) (《非居民企業所得稅源泉扣繳管理暫行辦法》(國稅發[2009]3號)) and the Relevant of the State Administration of Taxation Concerning Question on Enterprise Income Tax of Dividend of B-share and Other Share Received by Non-resident Enterprise (Guoshuihan [2009] No. 394) (《國家稅務總局關於非居民企業取得B股等股票股息徵收企業所得稅問題的批覆》(國稅函[2009]394號)). Non-resident enterprise shareholder enjoyed the preferential treatment shall make application in accordance with the relevant provision of the enterprise.

For, and the exemption of the Notice of the Ministry of Finance, the State Administration of Taxation and the CSRC on the Tax Policy Related to the Pilot Program of the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect (Cai Shui [2014] No. 81) (《財政部、國家稅務總局、中國證監會關於滬港股票市場交易互聯互通機制試點有關稅收政策的通知》(財稅[2014]81號)), listed companies shall withhold an income tax at a rate of 10% on dividend from the A-share of the companies in the Hong Kong in the (including enterprise and individual) through the SSE, and apply for withholding tax companies at home (before the Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited is established, which in the ordinary and holding period of China Securities Depository and Clearing Company Limited, the policy of differentiated rate of taxation based on holding period shall implement no be implemented). For the enterprise shareholder of the company and the economic domicile is a company which has been established in the PRC through the PRC in the dividend at a rate of less than 10%, the enterprise and individual mainly, a withholding agent, apply to the companies at home of the listed companies for the exemption of the above, which the enterprise. Upon approval by the companies at home, the payment in the case of the enterprise based on the above according to, which the enterprise shall be effected.

According to the provisions of the Notice on the Tax Policies Concerning the Pilot Program of the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect published by the Ministry of Finance, the State Administration of Taxation and the CSRC (Cai Shui [2014] No. 81) (《財政部、國家稅務總局、中國證監會關於滬港股票市場交易互聯互通機制試點有關稅收政策的通知》(財稅[2014]81號)), Hong Kong companies shall not hold an individual income tax at the rate of 20% on dividends from the Hong Kong of the company in the mainland individual income tax on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange through the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect. For dividends of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange received by the mainland entity in the form of income from the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, individual income tax shall be calculated in accordance with the above provisions. For dividends of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange received by the mainland entity in the form of income from the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, Hong Kong companies shall not hold income tax of dividends, and mainland entity shall also and shall have a more beneficial. In practice, the dividends received by the entity in mainland which hold Hong Kong for a less than 12 consecutive months shall be exempted from the income tax according to law.

According to the provisions of the Notice on the Tax Policies Concerning the Pilot Program of the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect published by the Ministry of Finance, the State Administration of Taxation and the CSRC (Cai Shui [2016] No. 127) (《財政部、國家稅務總局、中國證監會關於深港股票市場交易互聯互通機制試點有關稅收政策的通知》(財稅[2016]127號)), Hong Kong companies shall not hold an individual income tax at the rate of 20% on dividends from the Hong Kong of the company in the mainland individual income tax on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange through the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect. For dividends of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange received by the mainland entity in the form of income from the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, individual income tax shall be calculated in accordance with the above provisions. For dividends of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange received by the mainland entity in the form of income from the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, Shenzhen-Hong Kong companies shall not hold income tax of dividends, and mainland entity shall also and shall have a more beneficial. In practice, the dividends received by the entity in mainland which hold Hong Kong for a less than 12 consecutive months could be exempted from the income tax according to law.

The shareholder of the Company shall have the election and/or a beneficial or relief in accordance with the above provisions.

Dividends

For the interim month ended 30 June 2022, the Board recommended an ordinary interim dividend of RMB0.23 per share (before tax) (the 2022 Interim Dividend) and instructed the annual general meeting of shareholders of the Company (2022 Third EGM) to be convened. At the date of the 2022 Third EGM in the future, the Company will announce in due course the details of the date of closure of registration of members, the record date and the payment date in accordance with the announcement.

Dividend on A shares will be paid in RMB and dividend on H shares will be paid in Hong Kong dollars. The exchange rate for the dividend to be paid in Hong Kong dollars will be the mean of the exchange rate of Hong Kong dollars to RMB announced by the People's Bank of China during the five business days prior to the date of the annual general meeting.

Review of the Interim Report by the Audit Committee of the Company

The Company's interim report for the interim month ended 30 June 2022 has not been audited but has been reviewed by the Company's audit committee, comprising three independent non-executive Directors.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

RMB

Items	Notes	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Current assets:			
Cash at bank and on hand	1	4,023,250,509.82	2,842,677,267.48
Trading financial assets	2	700,000,000.00	200,000,000.00
Derivative financial assets	3	—	62,739.00
Bill receivable	4	2,016,706,300.57	939,748,112.41
Trade receivable	5	2,713,330,450.16	1,105,759,571.75
Financing receivable	6	596,244,502.28	531,196,547.78
Advance payments	7	415,641,169.16	692,261,958.13
Other receivable	8	53,523,216.63	54,999,617.97
Inventory	9	1,496,902,516.96	2,276,469,528.29
Other current assets	10	114,315,141.92	255,127,082.80
Total current assets		12,129,913,807.50	8,898,302,425.61
Non-current assets:			
Long-term prepayments	11	74,269,507.82	71,530,334.22
Intangible assets	12	18,086,495.83	18,802,231.03
Fixed assets	13	9,179,825,831.06	6,316,279,511.19
Construction in progress	14	2,072,848,900.09	3,067,207,867.50
Right-of-use assets	15	172,642,131.34	170,070,872.22
Intangible assets	16	4,023,561,481.57	662,708,796.08
Long-term prepaid expenses		11,469,799.56	6,948,461.94
Deferred assets	17	4,451,373.78	4,162,665.30
Other non-current assets	18	1,071,368,607.59	866,903,935.41
Total non-current assets		16,628,524,128.64	11,184,614,674.89
Total assets		28,758,437,936.14	20,082,917,100.50

RMB

Items	No.	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Current liabilities:			
Short-term borrowings	19	1,966,252,066.84	1,860,696,500.00
Deferred financial liabilities	20	3,598,130.06	-
Bill payable	21	967,943,844.79	1,036,982,577.72
Trade payable	22	3,369,204,291.79	2,306,910,116.65
Contract liabilities	23	119,823,950.23	352,681,717.14
Payroll payable	24	52,276,720.97	67,519,702.61
Tax payable	25	236,427,450.22	48,629,486.85
Other payable	26	680,675,249.47	136,664,417.03
Including: Interest payable		7,398,469.04	4,225,184.38
Dividend payable		791,200.00	791,200.00
Non-current liabilities due within one year	27	1,059,384,444.73	310,100,070.52
Other current liabilities		12,191,163.60	44,277,908.91
Total current liabilities		8,467,777,312.70	6,164,462,497.43
Non-current liabilities:			
Long-term borrowings	28	3,091,900,000.00	1,967,748,428.04
Bond payable	29	3,660,546,167.06	-
Lease liabilities	30	10,685,236.11	10,879,703.29
Long-term payable	32	178,010,897.90	-
Deferred income	31	64,503,881.87	25,441,145.12
Deferred liabilities	17	84,787,542.50	104,216,253.83
Total non-current liabilities		7,090,433,725.44	2,108,285,530.28
Total liabilities		15,558,211,038.14	8,272,748,027.71

RMB

Items	Note	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	33	536,723,313.50	536,723,313.50
Other reserves	34	333,235,286.91	-
Capital reserve	35	4,848,611,260.86	4,832,768,261.83
Less: Treasury stock		30,104,000.00	32,096,200.00
Other comprehensive income	37	22,276,078.73	(7,613,180.72)
Special reserve	38	23,616,256.64	17,266,053.61
Surplus	39	268,361,656.75	268,361,656.75
Undistributed profit	40	7,197,507,044.61	6,194,759,167.82
Total attributable to shareholders		<u>13,200,226,898.00</u>	<u>11,810,169,072.79</u>
Total shareholders' equity		<u>13,200,226,898.00</u>	<u>11,810,169,072.79</u>
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		<u><u>28,758,437,936.14</u></u>	<u><u>20,082,917,100.50</u></u>

Balance Sheet of the Parent Company

RMB

Items	Notes	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Current assets:			
Cash at bank and on hand		2,597,515,069.67	593,095,104.71
Trading financial assets		300,000,000.00	-
Derivative financial assets		-	-
Bill receivable		641,605,961.31	448,120,747.17
Trade receivable	1	937,073,154.17	347,593,588.48
Financing receivable		167,943,409.99	176,107,817.92
Advance payments		202,602,599.16	113,797,898.71
Other receivable	2	1,742,784,071.43	1,837,334,934.64
Including: Disposal receivable		148,731,538.16	800,000,000.00
Inventory		429,521,571.27	319,598,489.09
Other current assets		14,699,155.04	20,480,374.08
Total current assets		7,033,744,992.04	3,856,128,954.80
Non-current assets:			
Long-term investments	3	4,157,352,990.72	1,350,059,171.12
Investments in other investments		-	-
Investments in subsidiaries		-	-
Fixed assets		2,811,721,752.27	1,280,018,460.38
Contribution in equity		262,536,204.31	1,309,136,814.51
Right-of-use assets		-	-
Intangible assets		387,273,873.79	392,286,140.98
Long-term prepaid expenses		5,686,374.76	2,596,418.88
Deferred assets		-	-
Other non-current assets		5,292,653,398.94	4,622,171,949.91
Total non-current assets		12,917,224,594.79	8,956,268,955.78
Total assets		19,950,969,586.83	12,812,397,910.58

RMB

Items	Notes	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Current liabilities:			
Short-term borrowings		1,023,332,866.84	1,261,939,500.00
Derivative financial liabilities		—	—
Bill payable		739,859,796.22	557,046,846.40
Trade payable		1,273,574,861.40	874,183,753.59
Contract liabilities		25,943,220.46	172,956,634.95
Paid-in advance		23,467,573.41	28,878,501.78
Tax payable		62,888,608.01	17,775,591.40
Other payable		1,304,872,044.34	565,827,131.31
Including: Interest payable		5,358,807.57	2,551,415.40
Dividend payable		791,200.00	791,200.00
Non-current liabilities due within one year		101,700,000.00	3,200,000.00
Other current liabilities		3,337,865.04	22,438,022.78
Total current liabilities		4,558,976,835.72	3,504,245,982.21
Non-current liabilities:			
Long-term borrowings		2,656,700,000.00	786,800,000.00
Bond payable		3,660,546,167.06	—
Lease liabilities		—	—
Long-term payable		—	—
Estimated liabilities		—	—
Deferred income		10,741,749.57	13,423,678.16
Deferred income tax liabilities		4,905,810.86	8,557,857.51
Total non-current liabilities		6,332,893,727.49	808,781,535.67
Total liabilities		10,891,870,563.21	4,313,027,517.88

RMB

Items	Note	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Shareholders' equity:			
Share capital		536,723,313.50	536,723,313.50
Other, in , men		333,235,286.91	
Capital e e e		4,848,611,260.86	4,832,768,261.83
Le : Tea , ock		30,104,000.00	32,096,200.00
Other com en i e income		(775,619.54)	(609,915.05)
St , e e e		268,361,656.75	268,361,656.75
Undi b ed o fi		3,103,047,125.14	2,894,223,275.67
To al e , i a b , ble o o e of he a en com an		<u>9,059,099,023.62</u>	<u>8,499,370,392.70</u>
Total shareholders' equity		<u>9,059,099,023.62</u>	<u>8,499,370,392.70</u>
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		<u>19,950,969,586.83</u>	<u>12,812,397,910.58</u>

Consolidated Income Statements

RMB

Items	No.	For the six months ended 30 June 2022	For the six months ended 30 June 2021
I. Operating revenue	41	7,304,491,338.96	4,028,022,488.56
Lease: Operating income		5,650,508,668.44	2,245,211,455.30
Trade and commission	42	45,449,665.35	21,201,184.74
Selling commission	43	49,650,173.34	56,442,822.66
General and administrative commission	44	126,399,595.74	107,119,073.48
Research and development commission	45	255,054,636.60	200,038,514.30
Financial commission	46	76,768,433.12	13,720,261.74
Including: Interest income		120,102,101.64	34,644,318.71
Interest income		25,481,363.85	21,301,664.66
Add: Other income	47	40,868,360.92	12,336,592.31
Interest income (loss)	48	4,199,843.60	21,587,263.15
Including: Gain on investment in associate and joint venture		3,582,923.60	2,834,046.74
Profit (loss) arising from change in fair value	49	(3,660,869.06)	(160,041.62)
Credit impairment loss	50	(28,631,879.47)	30,496,077.35
Asset impairment loss	51	(6,723,522.16)	(4,329,681.98)
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	52	(9,150,998.74)	(950,017.12)
II. Operating profit		1,097,561,101.46	1,443,269,368.43
Add: Non-operating income	53	2,092,103.81	3,355,129.18
Lease: Non-operating commission	54	2,254,370.81	709,760.70
III. Total profit		1,097,398,834.46	1,445,914,736.91
Lease: Income attributable	55	94,650,957.67	184,884,747.88
IV. Net profit		1,002,747,876.79	1,261,029,989.03
Net profit attributable to owners of the company		1,002,747,876.79	1,261,029,989.03

Items	For the six months ended 30 June 2022		For the six months ended 30 June 2021	
	No.	Amount	No.	Amount
V. Other comprehensive income, net of tax		29,889,259.45		(1,066,315.53)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax attributable to the owners of the parent company		29,889,259.45		(1,066,315.53)
(1) Other comprehensive income that cannot be reclassified to profit or loss		—		(1,133,085.00)
Change in fair value of other derivatives in net		—		(1,133,085.00)
(2) Other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss		29,889,259.45		66,769.47
Exchange difference on foreign currency financial statement translation		29,586,440.51		

Income Statements of the Parent Company

RMB

Items	No.	For the six months ended 30 June 2022	For the six months ended 30 June 2021
I. Operating revenue	4	2,364,194,413.72	2,016,966,902.46
Leasing income		1,951,593,318.84	1,538,006,914.04
Transportation income		3,634,539.87	3,204,356.66
Selling commission		19,135,579.80	11,821,433.25
General and administrative commission		69,871,990.97	62,026,068.29
Research and development commission		85,360,429.83	78,720,175.00
Financial commission		6,265,338.85	(6,898,182.62)
Including: Interest income		71,407,412.96	13,981,123.78
Interest income		13,340,110.93	12,234,408.51
Add: Other income	5	9,529,261.87	6,292,315.65
Interest income (loss)		2,293,819.60	2,834,046.74
Including: Gain on investment in associate and joint venture		2,293,819.60	2,834,046.74
Credit impairment loss		(8,110,426.25)	23,862,144.23
Asset impairment loss		(3,932,514.57)	(4,325,366.00)
Gain (loss) on disposal of asset		401,795.49	106,241.91
II. Operating profit		228,515,151.70	358,855,520.37
Add: Non-operating income		867,335.51	64,595.34
Leasing commission		1,275,851.39	563,362.04
III. Total profit		228,106,635.82	358,356,753.67
Leasing commission		19,282,786.35	40,660,678.66
IV. Net profit		208,823,849.47	317,696,075.01
Net profit from continuing operation		208,823,849.47	317,696,075.01

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow

RMB

Items	No.	For the six months ended 30 June 2022	For the six months ended 30 June 2021
I. Cash flow from operating activities:			
Cash received from sale of goods and rendering of service		3,038,800,978.84	2,887,893,348.03
Cash received from refund of advance		67,399,490.94	157,930,399.47
Cash received relating to the operating activities	56	123,781,925.79	34,157,968.08
Subtotal of cash inflows		3,229,982,395.57	3,079,981,715.58
Cash paid for goods and service		1,551,673,945.49	1,698,762,995.28
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees		334,286,062.44	224,622,530.60
Cash paid for payment of advance and charges		235,588,722.86	344,428,646.38
Cash paid relating to the operating activities	56	202,168,255.91	415,015,587.14
Subtotal of cash outflows		2,323,716,986.70	2,682,829,759.40
Net cash flow from operating activities		906,265,408.87	397,151,956.18
II. Cash flow from investing activities:			
Cash received from disposal of intangible assets		200,000,000.00	2,050,000,000.00
Cash received from investment in intangible assets		1,460,670.00	20,492,482.61
Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		4,044,620.93	6,771,658.76
Cash received relating to the investing activities	56	14,489,983.85	40,985,939.59
Subtotal of cash inflows		219,995,274.78	2,118,250,080.96
Cash paid on acquisition of intangible assets, investment in intangible assets and other long-term assets		2,188,693,239.71	1,898,993,502.24
Cash paid relating to investment in intangible assets		700,000,000.00	2,050,000,000.00
Net cash paid for acquisition of intangible assets and other long-term assets		2,803,965,670.84	
Cash paid relating to the investing activities	56	46,849,962.30	25,166,299.08
Subtotal of cash outflows		5,739,508,872.85	3,974,159,801.32
Net cash flow from investing activities		(5,519,513,598.07)	(1,855,909,720.36)

RMB

Items	No.	For the six months ended 30 June 2022	For the six months ended 30 June 2021
III. Cash flow from financing activities:			
Cash received from capital contribution		—	2,509,960,996.79
Cash received from issued bond		3,978,000,000.00	—
Cash received from borrowing		4,085,382,666.84	1,298,907,944.79
Cash received relating to other financing activities	56	466,542,322.25	459,117,039.95
Subtotal of cash inflows		8,529,924,989.09	4,267,985,981.53
Cash paid for payment of borrowing		2,208,375,500.00	649,455,977.28
Cash paid for distribution of dividend, and payment of payment of interest		92,732,448.31	361,036,874.42
Cash paid relating to other financing activities	56	496,112,910.71	748,526,906.50
Subtotal of cash outflows		2,797,220,859.02	1,759,019,758.20
Net cash flow from financing activities		5,732,704,130.07	2,508,966,223.33
IV. Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		23,638,751.01	(6,274,196.59)
V. Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,143,094,691.88	1,043,934,262.56
Add: Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,101,730,679.46	1,146,171,930.13
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		3,244,825,371.34	2,190,106,192.69

Statements of Cash Flow of the Parent Company

RMB

Items	No. ended 30 June 2022	For the six months ended 30 June 2021
I. Cash flow from operating activities:		
Cash received from sale of goods and rendering of service	788,861,444.80	1,306,196,622.88
Cash received from refund of advance	4,593,212.60	13,018,012.65
Cash received relating to other operating activities	34,354,347.21	13,232,174.14
Subtotal of cash inflows	827,809,004.61	1,332,446,809.67
Cash paid for goods and service	810,338,583.44	883,910,966.58
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees	106,759,256.97	29,570,696.15
Cash paid for payment of advance and other charge	34,502,346.92	75,294,778.68
Cash paid relating to other operating activities	84,347,262.63	114,761,990.71
Subtotal of cash outflows	1,035,947,449.96	1,103,538,432.12
Net cash flow from operating activities	(208,138,445.35)	228,908,377.55
II. Cash flow from investing activities:		
Cash received from disposal of intangible assets	-	200,000,000.00
Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets	1,304,506.44	781,387.96
Cash received relating to other investing activities	2,006,266,142.87	402,268,570.34
Subtotal of cash inflows	2,007,570,649.31	603,049,958.30
Cash paid to purchase fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets	435,769,660.39	684,855,708.49
Cash paid relating to intangible assets	300,000,000.00	200,000,000.00
Net cash invested in subsidiaries and other entities	2,284,052,400.00	
Cash paid relating to other investing activities	2,649,637,730.51	2,245,398,155.55
Subtotal of cash outflows	5,669,459,790.90	3,130,253,864.04
Net cash flow from investing activities	(3,661,889,141.59)	(2,527,203,905.74)

RMB

Items	No. 100,000,000 For the six months ended 30 June 2022	No. 100,000,000 For the six months ended 30 June 2021
III. Cash flow from financing activities:		
Cash received from capital contribution	—	2,509,960,996.79
Cash received from borrowing	3,149,547,866.84	691,399,876.83
Cash received relating to other financing activities	4,245,681,541.07	376,740,309.13
Subtotal of cash inflows	7,395,229,407.91	3,578,101,182.75
Cash paid for payment of borrowing	1,421,394,000.00	208,319,006.22
Cash paid for distribution of dividend, and payment of payment of interest	52,818,566.82	334,567,349.26
Cash paid relating to other financing activities	221,263,681.40	572,625,524.85
Subtotal of cash outflows	1,695,476,248.22	1,115,511,880.33
Net cash flow from financing activities	5,699,753,159.69	2,462,589,302.42
IV. Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	5,498,339.01	(990,178.53)
V. Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,835,223,911.76	163,303,595.70
Add: Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	445,104,022.54	188,559,197.40
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,280,327,934.30	351,862,793.10

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

Items	The half year for 2022								RMB	
	Equity attributable to the owners of the parent company									
	Share capital	Other equity instruments	Capital reserve	Less: Treasury stock	Other comprehensive income	Special reserve	Surplus reserve	Undistributed profit	Minority interests	Total shareholders' equity
I. Closing balance of the last year	536,723,313.50	-	4,832,768,261.83	32,096,200.00	(7,613,180.72)	17,266,053.61	268,361,656.75	6,194,759,167.82	-	11,810,169,072.79
II. Opening balance of the current half year	536,723,313.50	-	4,832,768,261.83	32,096,200.00	(7,613,180.72)	17,266,053.61	268,361,656.75	6,194,759,167.82	-	11,810,169,072.79
III. Increase/decrease for the current period										
(I) Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	29,889,259.45	-	-	1,002,747,876.79	-	1,032,637,136.24
(II) Contribution of shareholders	-	333,235,286.91	15,842,999.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	349,078,285.94
1. Common share contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Contribution of other equity instruments	-	333,235,286.91	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	333,235,286.91
3. Amount of increase/decrease included in equity	-	-	15,842,999.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,842,999.03
(III) Profit of the period	-	-	-	(1,992,200.00)	-	-	-	-	-	1,992,200.00
1. After-tax profit of the period	-	-	-	(1,992,200.00)	-	-	-	-	-	1,992,200.00
(IV) Special dividend	-	-	-	-	-	6,350,203.03	-	-	-	6,350,203.03
1. Dividend of Special dividend	-	-	-	-	-	6,557,571.38	-	-	-	6,557,571.38
2. Dividend of Special dividend	-	-	-	-	-	(207,368.35)	-	-	-	(207,368.35)
IV. Closing balance of the current half year	536,723,313.50	333,235,286.91	4,848,611,260.86	(30,104,000.00)	22,276,078.73	23,616,256.64	268,361,656.75	71,975,907,044.61	-	13,200,226,898.80

For the interim period ended 30 June 2021
E is available to the equity of the parent company

Items	Paid-in capital (or share capital)	Other equity instruments	Capital reserve	Lease liability	Other comprehensive income	Special reserve	Surplus reserve	Undistributed profit	Minority interest	Total equity
I. Closing balance of the last year	510,312,197.00	49,401,670.49	2,045,095,156.05	28,359,000.00	(26,338,876.15)	14,369,931.38	220,705,199.31	4,449,556,361.77		7,234,742,639.85
II. Opening balance of the current half year	510,312,197.00	49,401,670.49	2,045,095,156.05	28,359,000.00	(26,338,876.15)	14,369,931.38	220,705,199.31	4,449,556,361.77		7,234,742,639.85
III. Increase/decrease for the current period										
(I) Total comprehensive income					(1,066,315.53)			1,261,029,989.03		1,259,963,673.50
(II) Contribution of shareholders	26,411,116.50	(49,401,670.49)	2,767,546,281.74	9,961,000.00						2,734,594,727.75
1. Common share capital	21,311,286.75		2,471,731,656.94	9,961,000.00						2,483,081,943.69
2. Contribution of other equity instruments										
3. Amount of share-based payment included in equity	5,099,829.75	(49,401,670.49)	278,934,138.94							234,632,298.20
(III) Profit distribution			16,880,485.86	(690,000.00)				(321,928,988.10)		16,880,485.86
1. Appropriation to sharehold				(690,000.00)				(321,928,988.10)		(321,238,988.10)
(IV) Special reserve						829,457.82				829,457.82
1. Provision of special reserve						843,834.60				843,834.60
2. Utilization of special reserve						(14,376.78)				(14,376.78)
IV. Closing balance of the current half year	536,723,313.50		4,812,641,437.79	37,630,000.00	(27,405,191.68)	15,199,389.20	220,705,199.31	5,388,657,382.70		10,908,391,510.82

Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity of the Parent Company

RMB

Items	For the six months ended 30 June 2022							Total shareholders' equity
	Share capital	Other equity instruments	Capital reserve	Less: Treasury stock	Other comprehensive income	Surplus reserve	Undistributed profit	
I. Opening balance of the current year	536,723,313.50	-	4,832,768,261.83	32,096,200.00	(609,915.05)	268,361,656.75	2,894,223,275.67	8,499,370,392.70
II. Increase/decrease for the current year								
(I) Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(165,704.49)	-	208,823,849.47	208,658,144.98
(II) Contribution and withdrawal of capital								
1. Contribution of shareholders	-	333,235,286.91	15,842,999.03	-	-	-	-	349,078,285.94
1. Common share contributed by others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Contribution of capital by other investors	-	333,235,286.91	-	-	-	-	-	333,235,286.91
3. Amount of share-based payment included in other equity	-	-	15,842,999.03	-	-	-	-	15,842,999.03
(III) Profit distribution	-	-	-	(1,992,200.00)	-	-	-	1,992,200.00
2. Appropriation of sharehold	-	-	-	(1,992,200.00)	-	-	-	1,992,200.00
III. Closing balance of the current half year	<u>536,723,313.50</u>	<u>333,235,286.91</u>	<u>4,848,611,260.86</u>	<u>30,104,000.00</u>	<u>(775,619.54)</u>	<u>268,361,656.75</u>	<u>3,103,047,125.14</u>	<u>9,059,099,023.62</u>

RMB

For the month ended 30 June 2021								
Items	Share capital	Other equity instruments	Capital reserve	Treasury stock	Other comprehensive income	Surplus reserve	Undistributed profit	Total shareholder's equity
I. Opening balance of the current year	510,312,197.00	49,401,670.49	2,045,095,156.05	28,359,000.00	(5,964,567.44)	220,705,199.31	1,862,201,037.65	4,653,391,693.06
II. Increase/decrease for the current year								
(I) Total comprehensive income					1,971,851.19		317,696,075.01	319,667,926.20
(II) Contribution and withdrawal of capital								
1. Common share contribution	26,411,116.50	(49,401,670.49)	2,767,546,281.74	9,961,000.00				2,734,594,727.75
2. Contribution of capital by other equity instruments	21,311,286.75		2,471,731,656.94	9,961,000.00				2,483,081,943.69
3. Amount of share-based payment included in equity	5,099,829.75	(49,401,670.49)	278,934,138.94					234,632,298.20
(III) Profit distribution								
1. Appropriation of share			16,880,485.86	(690,000.00)			(321,928,988.10)	(321,238,988.10)
2. Appropriation of share				(690,000.00)			(321,928,988.10)	(321,238,988.10)
III. Closing balance of the current year	<u>536,723,313.50</u>	<u></u>	<u>4,812,641,437.79</u>	<u>37,630,000.00</u>	<u>(3,992,716.25)</u>	<u>220,705,199.31</u>	<u>1,857,968,124.56</u>	<u>7,386,415,358.91</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

(I) CORPORATION INFORMATION

1. Company Overview

Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. (the Company) was established on 24 June 1998 with its registered address at 1999 Yinhong Road, Xinhong District, Jiaxing, Zhejiang Province. On 29 December 2005, the Company was converted into a joint stock limited liability company and changed its name to Zhejiang Flat Glass & Mirror Co., Ltd.* (浙江福莱特玻璃镜业股份有限公司). On 23 March 2011, the Company was renamed to Flat Solar Glass Group Co., Ltd.* (福莱特光伏玻璃集团股份有限公司) and, subsequently, renamed to Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd.* (福莱特玻璃集团股份有限公司) on 10 October 2014.

On 26 November 2015, the Company issued 450,000,000 ordinary shares to the public (H shares) with a par value of RMB0.25 per share through global public offering. On the same date, the Company's shares were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

On 23 November 2018, the Company received the Approval of the Initial Public Offering of Shares of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. (CSRC Approval [2018] No.1959) issued by China Securities Regulatory Commission, that the Company can issue no more than 150,000,000 ordinary shares (A shares) and list on Shanghai Stock Exchange. On 15 February 2019, the Company issued 150,000,000 RMB ordinary shares (A shares) with a par value of RMB0.25 per share at the issue price of RMB2.00 per share. After the change, the registered capital was RMB487,500,000.00.

On 11 August 2020, in accordance with the Proposal on Adjusting the List of Incentive Participants and the Number of Restricted Shares Granted on the Financial Grant of the Company's 2020 A-Shares Restricted Shares Incentive Scheme and the Proposal on the Financial Grant of A-Shares Restricted Shares to Incentive Participants, the Company granted restricted shares to 15 incentive participants. A total of 15 incentive participants, comprised of 4,600,000 RMB ordinary shares (A Shares) with a par value of RMB0.25 each, and the grant price was RMB6.23 per share. After the completion of the aforementioned action, the registered capital of the company after the change was RMB488,650,000.00.

Approved by the China Securities Regulatory Commission, the Company publicly issued 14.50 million A-share convertible corporate bonds (the "Convertible Bonds") with a par value of RMB100 each on 27 March 2020. The total amount of this issuance is RMB1,450,000,000.00 and the term is 6 years. Pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Stocks on Shanghai Stock Exchange and other relevant regulations and the Provisions of A-share Convertible Corporate Bonds through Public Issuance of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd., the Convertible Bonds can be converted into the RMB ordinary shares (A shares) of the Company from 3 December 2020. The initial conversion price is RMB13.56 per share. The Company shall adjust the conversion price based on the provisions, upon the occurrence of distribution of stock dividends, capitalization issues, increase or decrease of shares (including the increase in shares and decrease of the convertible corporate bonds in this issuance), high dividend distribution of cash dividends. On 9 November 2020, the Company adjusted the conversion price to RMB13.48 per share based on the A-share entitled share incentive scheme and 2020 interim distribution of dividends. On 28 January 2021, the Company adjusted the conversion price to RMB14.15 per share due to the non-public issuance of RMB ordinary shares (A shares). During the period from 3 December 2020 to 27 January 2021, the convertible bonds of the Company amounted to RMB1,358,240,000.00 and were converted into 100,754,542 RMB ordinary shares (A shares) at a conversion price of RMB13.48 per share. During the period from 28 January 2021 to 29 January 2021, the convertible bonds of the Company amounted to RMB89,057,000.00 and were converted into 6,293,565 RMB ordinary shares (A shares) at a conversion price of RMB14.15 per share. During the period from 3 December 2020 to 23 December 2020, the closing price of shares of the Company for a least 15 trading days or of an 30 consecutive trading days during the conversion period was not less than 130% (130% inclusive) of the prevailing conversion price, triggering the conditional redemption of convertible bonds. On 23 December 2020, the Resolution on Early Redemption of Flat Convertible Bonds by the Company was considered and approved at the 28th meeting of the fifth session of the Board, under which the Company decided to exercise the early redemption right of Flat Convertible Bonds, and redeemed all the Flat Convertible Bonds registered on the redemption registration date with the redemption registration date of 29 January 2021. As of 29 January 2021, the convertible bonds in an amount of RMB1,447,297,000.00 have been converted into RMB ordinary shares (A shares), and the cumulative number of conversion has amounted to 107,048,107 shares (including: conversion of 86,648,788.00 shares in 2020, which was funded the registered capital by RMB21,662,197.00 and capital reserve by RMB1,162,828,718.24; and conversion of 20,399,319.00 shares, which was funded the registered capital by RMB5,099,829.75 and capital reserve by RMB278,934,138.94), and the non-converted convertible bonds of RMB2,703,000.00 have been redeemed by the Company. Due to the conversion of convertible bonds, the registered capital of the Company increased by RMB26,762,026.75, the number of shares increased by 107,048,107 shares and the capital reserve increased by RMB1,441,762,857.18.

As considered and approved at the 20th meeting of the fifth session of the Board, 2020 first extraordinary general meeting, 2020 second Annual General Meeting and 2020 second Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and approved by the Annual General Meeting of the Non-Public Issuance of Shares of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. (CSRC Annual [2020] No. 2648) issued by China Securities Regulatory Commission, the Company has received a total of not more than 450,000,000 RMB ordinary shares (A shares) by way of non-public issuance. As of January 21, 2021, the Company has completed the non-public issuance of 84,545,147 RMB ordinary shares (A shares) at a subscription price of RMB0.25 per share and a subscription price of RMB29.57 per share, with the total amount of funds raised of RMB2,499,999,996.79. The net proceeds were RMB2,483,081,943.69 after deducting the issue costs of RMB16,918,053.10, of which the amount of RMB21,136,286.75 and RMB2,461,945,656.94 were included in total share capital and capital reserve, respectively. All share issues of the Company were made in Renminbi. Due to the non-public issuance of A shares, the registered capital of the Company increased by RMB21,136,286.75, the number of shares increased by 84,545,147 shares and the capital reserve increased by RMB2,461,945,656.94.

On May 25, 2021, the Company held the second meeting of the fifth session of the Board, at which the Resolution in relation to the Revised Plan of the Revised A Shares of the Company was considered and approved by the shareholders of the Company. The shareholders, in aggregate, subscribed for 700,000 RMB ordinary shares (A shares), with a subscription price of RMB0.25 per share and a subscription price of RMB14.23 per share. Upon the completion of the above plan of the revised shares, the registered capital of the Company became RMB536,723,313.50.

Approved by the Approval of the Public Issuance of Convertible Bonds of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. (CSRC Approval [2022] No. 664) issued by China Securities Regulatory Commission and approved by the Pore of A Share Convertible Corporate Bonds through Public Issuance and the Announcement on A Share Convertible Corporate Bonds through Public Issuance of the Company, the Company publicly issued 40 million A share convertible corporate bonds with a par value of RMB100 each on 26 March 2022. The total amount of this issuance is RMB4,000,000,000.00 and the term is 6 years. The total proceeds received by the Company are RMB3,978,000,000.00 after deducting the underwriting fee of RMB20,754,716.98 and the corporate bonding agent-added amount of RMB1,245,283.02. According to the relevant regulations including the Rules Governing the Listing of Stocks on Shanghai Stock Exchange and the provisions under the Pore of A Share Convertible Corporate Bonds through Public Issuance, the Convertible Bonds are convertible into RMB ordinary shares (A shares) with effect from 28 November 2022 at an initial conversion price of RMB43.94 per share. The Company will adjust the conversion price based on the Pore, upon the occurrence of distribution of stock dividend, capital allocation increase, issuance of new shares (including the increase in share capital due to the convertible corporate bonds in this issuance), high price of distribution of cash dividend.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (the Group) are the manufacturing and sale of glass products.

The de facto controller of the Company are Mr. Hongliang, Mr. Jiang Jinhua, Mr. Zejun and Mr. Zhao Xiaofei, of whom Mr. Hongliang and Mr. Jiang Jinhua are directors of the Company.

2. Scope of the Consolidated Financial Statements

On 26 August 2022, the Company's company and consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

(II) BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Basis of preparation

The Group has implemented the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises and other relevant regulations issued by the Ministry of Finance (hereinafter referred to as the "CASBE") and has also disclosed relevant financial information in accordance with the Preparation Convention of Information Disclosure of Companies Offering Securities of the Public No.15 General Provisions on Financial Reporting (revised in 2014). In addition, the financial statements also include disclosure required by the Companies Ordinance and the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong.

Going concern

The Group has assessed the ability to continue as a going concern for a 12-month period since 30 June 2022 and is not aware of any event or condition that may cause significant doubt, upon the ability to continue as a going concern. So the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Basis of accounting and principle of measurement

The Group has adopted accrual basis for accounting measurement. Except some financial instruments are measured at fair value, the financial statements are based on historical cost. If the asset is impaired, corresponding provision for impairment shall be made according to relevant regulations.

Under the historical cost convention, assets are measured at the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of the consideration given to acquire them at the time of acquisition. Liabilities are measured according to the amount of payment or the amount of cash or cash equivalents that the entity is obliged to pay in the future. For example, the amount of cash or cash equivalents received or paid in discharge of a liability is recognized.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to settle a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether the entity is a public entity or not. Fair value measurement is based on the use of the fair value hierarchy, which requires the use of observable inputs and the use of unobservable inputs.

The fair value measurement is divided into three levels based on the observability of the inputs of the fair value and the importance of the inputs to the fair value measurement, as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are the quoted prices of the same or similar liabilities in the active market that can be obtained on the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the same or similar liabilities, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are not observable inputs for the same or similar liabilities.

2. Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

(III) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The principal activities of the Group are the manufacturing and sale of glass products. Therefore, the accounting policies for recognition of revenue, impairment of financial instruments, depreciation of fixed assets and amortization of intangible assets are based on the characteristics of the glass manufacturing industry.

1. Statement of Compliance with CASBE

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the CASBE, and are true, fair and complete of the consolidated and the Company's financial position at 30 June 2022 and the consolidated and the Company's result of operation, the consolidated and the Company's change in shareholders' equity and the consolidated and the Company's cash flows in the half year of 2022.

2. Accounting Period

The accounting year of the Group is the calendar year, i.e. from 1 January to 31 December of each year.

3. Operating Cycle

The operating cycle refers to the period from the purchase of assets, used for producing or the realization of cash or cash equivalents. The Group's operating cycle, on average, is approximately 12 months.

4. Functional Currency

The consolidated balance sheet is presented in the financial statements in RMB.

5. Accounting Methods of Business Combination Involving Enterprises under Common Control and Not Involving Enterprises under Common Control

Business combination is classified into business combination involving enterprises under common control and business combination not involving enterprises under common control.

5.1 Business combinations involving enterprises under common control

A business combination involving enterprises under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining enterprises are, immediately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the combination, and have no minority interest.

Assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination are measured at their carrying amount of the combined parties at the combination date. The difference between the carrying amount of the net assets acquired by the combining parties and the carrying amount of the consideration paid for the combination (or the aggregate fair value of the share issued) is adjusted to the minority interest, if the share capital is insufficient to offset the difference, the retained earnings shall be adjusted.

The consolidated financial statements of the business combination are changed on a retrospective basis in the period in which the acquisition occurred.

5.2 Business combinations not involving enterprises under common control and goodwill

A business combination not involving enterprises under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining enterprises are not ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the combination.

The cost of combination is measured at the aggregate of the fair value, at the acquisition date, of all identifiable intangible assets acquired, and of all intangible assets acquired by the acquirer in exchange for control of the acquiree. The intangible assets acquired by the acquirer in the process of auditing, legal advice, valuation and consulting services, etc. and other related administrative expenses attributable to the business combination are charged to profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

The identifiable intangible assets and contingent liabilities of the acquiree have met the recognition condition acquired by the acquirer in a business combination, are measured at their fair value at the acquisition date.

When the cost of combination exceeds the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, the difference is recognized as an intangible asset and initially measured at cost. When the cost of combination is less than the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, the acquirer fully eliminates the measurement of the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable intangible assets and contingent liabilities and the measurement of the cost of combination. If after elimination, the cost of combination is still less than the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets acquired in the combination, the difference is recognized in profit or loss.

Goodwill occurred at the acquisition shall be recognized separately in the consolidated financial statements and measured at the amount of impairment loss.

6. Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

The scope of consolidation for the consolidated financial statements is determined based on control. Control exists if the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the investee, in order to obtain benefits from its activities. It is usually associated with ownership of more than 50% of the voting rights. In case of change in the elements included in the scope of consolidation, the Group will conduct a reassessment.

Consolidation of subsidiaries begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary.

For subsidiaries disposed of by the Group, the operating results and cash flows before the date of disposal (the date when control is lost) are included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of cash flows, as appropriate.

For subsidiaries acquired through a business combination not in line with the common control, the operating results and cash flows from the acquisition date (the date when control is obtained) are included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of cash flows, as appropriate.

Normally when the business combination occurs in the reporting period, subsidiaries acquired through a business combination in line with the common control of the Group being absorbed, the net assets are included in the Group's scope of consolidation as if they had been included in the scope of consolidation from the date when they first came under the common control of the Group. Their operating results and cash flows from the beginning of the reporting period of the date they first came under the common control of the Group are included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of cash flows, as appropriate.

The significant accounting policies and accounting methods adopted by the subsidiary are determined in accordance with the Company's unified accounting policies and accounting methods.

All significant accounting and accounting methods between the Company and its subsidiary are and among the subsidiary are eliminated on consolidation.

The portion of a subsidiary's equity that is not attributable to the Company is treated as a minority interest and presented as a minority interest, and the holder's equity in the consolidated balance sheet. The portion of a subsidiary's net off-balance sheet items attributable to minority interest is presented as a minority interest, and the net off-balance sheet income is added.

When the amount of loss for the minority interest holder of a subsidiary exceeds the minority interest holder's portion in the opening balance of the equity of the subsidiary, the balance is still allocated again to minority interest.

An action is accounted for as an equity action when the change of minority interest in a subsidiary is the result of a change in the number of shares held by the subsidiary, and the change in the amount of equity attributable to the equity of the Company and minority interest holder will be adjusted to reflect the change of the related interest in the subsidiary. The difference between the adjusted equity of minority interest holder and the fair value of the consolidation paid/received is adjusted to capital reserve. If the capital reserve is insufficient to offset the difference, the retained earnings will be adjusted.

7. Recognition Criteria of Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is defined as cash on hand (including cash within 3 months from the date of the change), highly liquid items held by the Group that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

8. Translation of Foreign Currency Business and Financial Statements Denominated in Foreign Currency

8.1 Foreign currency business

Foreign currency transaction is translated at the exchange rate on the date of transaction in local recognition.

At the balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are translated in RMB, using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange difference arising from the difference between the exchange rate resulting in the balance sheet date and the original recognition of the foreign balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss for the period, except that: (1) exchange difference related to special borrowings denominated in foreign currency eligible for capitalization shall be capitalized in the cost of the related asset during the capitalization period; (2) exchange difference on hedging in foreign currency of hedging against foreign currency risk are accounted for, using hedge accounting; and (3) exchange difference arising from change in carrying amount (other than amortized cost) of monetary items shall be recognized in income or expense when it is income or expense.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are measured at historical cost and translated at functional currency at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are measured at fair value and translated, using the foreign exchange rate at the date the fair value is determined. The difference between the translated functional currency amount and the original functional currency amount is treated as a change in fair value (including change in exchange rate) and is recognized in profit or loss as other comprehensive income.

8.2 Translation of foreign currency financial statements

For the purpose of preparing the consolidated financial statements, the foreign currency financial statements of overseas operations are translated into RMB financial statements, using the following method: all assets and liabilities in the balance sheet are translated at the closing exchange rate of the balance sheet date; items connected to the closing exchange rate are measured at the time of occurrence; all items in the income statement and items reflecting the amount of foreign distribution are translated at the closing exchange rate; assuming the foreign exchange rate is constant throughout the date of the transaction; the difference between the assets and the sum of liabilities and shareholders' equity after translation is recognized in other comprehensive income and included in shareholders' equity.

Cash flows arising from transactions in foreign currency and the cash flows of a foreign subsidiary are translated at the closing exchange rate, which assumes the closing exchange rate on the date of the cash flows. The effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents is regarded as a reconciling item and is recorded separately in the statement of cash flows as the effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents.

The opening balance and the actual figure of foreign exchange are recorded at the translated amount in the foreign exchange's financial statements.

9. Financial Instruments

The Group recognises a financial asset or a financial liability when it becomes a party to a financial instrument, contract or arrangement.

When a financial asset or a financial liability is originated in a legal form, it is recognised and liabilities are borne as recognised on the date of transaction, or the date when the asset or liability is recognised on the date of transaction.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. For financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, the related transaction costs are directly recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred. For other categories of financial assets and financial liabilities, the related transaction costs are included in the initial recognised amount. When the Group's initial recognition is exercisable, it has no significant financing component or does not contain the financing component in a contract that is not a lease in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises (No. 14 Revisions) (the Revisions Standards), the Group's initial measurement of the exercisable asset or liability is defined in the Revisions Standards.

Effective interest rate method is the method by which the calculation of the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and in the allocation and recognition of the interest expense or interest income is performed in profit or loss over the entire period.

The effective interest rate is the rate that has a discount effect, which flows through the period of a financial asset or a financial liability to the carrying amount of the financial asset or the amortised cost of the financial liability. In determining the effective interest rate, the period cash flows are estimated on the basis of all contractual terms of the financial asset or financial liability (excluding fees, commissions, interest, call option or other similar option, etc.) without taking into account the expected credit loss.

The amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability is the amount initially recognised for a financial asset or a financial liability net of initial expense, plus or minus the cumulative amortised amount arising from amortisation of the difference between the amount initially recognised and the amount at maturity, deducting the effective interest method, net of cumulative loss allowance (only applicable to financial assets).

The Group may choose of holding the financial asset if adding if one of the following condition is satisfied:

- The purpose of acquiring the financial asset is to sell the asset in the near future.
- The relevant financial asset is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed on initial recognition, and the objective is the evidence of acquiring all the assets to hold a portfolio of financial assets in a held-for-trading model.
- The relevant financial asset is a derivative, except for a derivative defined as a financial liability and a derivative designated as an effective hedging instrument.

Financial asset is a FVTPL include financial asset classified as a FVTPL and financial asset designated as a FVTPL.

- Financial asset has do not meet the classification criteria for financial asset at amortised cost or financial asset at FVTOCI is classified as financial asset at FVTPL.
- On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset as a FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch when the criteria for the hybrid contract which embedded derivative is met.

Except for a derivative financial asset, financial asset at FVTPL are measured at a held-for-trading financial asset.

9.1.1 Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets at amortised cost include, but are not limited to, loans and receivables, debt securities, and other financial assets that are held for the purpose of collecting the contractual cash flows and are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, impaired or amortised.

The Group recognises interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The Group determines the interest income based on the carrying amount of financial assets multiplied by the effective interest rate, except for:

- For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the Group recognises the interest income based on amortised cost and credit-adjusted effective interest rate of each financial asset since initial recognition.
- For purchased or originated financial assets that have been credit-impaired, the credit-impaired amount incurred in, but not yet paid, the Group calculates and determines the interest income based on amortised cost of the financial asset and the effective interest rate in, but not yet paid. If the credit risk of the financial instrument improves in, but not yet paid and the financial instrument is no longer credit-impaired and the impairment can be linked to an event occurring after the application of the above criteria, the Group determines the interest income based on the effective interest rate multiplied by the carrying amount of the financial asset.

9.2 Impairment of financial instruments

The Group measures impairment accounting for financial assets measured at amortised cost and financial assets at FVTOCI based on expected credit losses (ECL) and recognise loss allowance.

The Group measures the loss rate of all commercial acceptance, bill receivable and trade receivable formed due to the income standard in accordance with the amount, in a 12-month ECL.

For other financial instruments, except for cash and originated credit impaired financial assets, at each balance sheet date, the Group assesses change in credit risk of relevant financial instruments since initial recognition. If the credit risk on the financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount, at a 12-month ECL of the financial instrument. If the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount, at a 12-month ECL of the financial instrument. Except for financial assets measured at FVTOCI, the increase or decrease of credit loss provision shall be included in profit or loss for the period as impairment loss or gain.

The Group measures the loss allowance at an amount, at a 12-month ECL of the financial instrument in the period accounting for the loss. However, at the balance sheet date for the credit period, for the above financial instruments, due to failure or, although a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for the financial instrument at an amount, at a 12-month ECL at the balance sheet date for the credit period, and the relevant amount of loss allowance is included in profit or loss for the credit period as an impairment gain.

9.2.1 Significant increase in credit risk

The Group is able to identify the credit risk of a financial instrument that has increased significantly since initial recognition by comparing the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. For loan commitments and financial guarantees contracts, the Group is able to identify when making the commitment, indicating the initial recognition date when applying provisions for financial instruments impairment.

The Group will take the following factors into consideration when assessing the credit risk has significantly increased:

- (1) Whether the external market indicators of credit risk for the same financial instrument or similar financial instrument that same economic life have changed significantly. The indicators include: credit spread, credit default swap price for bonds.
- (2) Whether the debtor's internal credit rating is, all loaned out is expected to be lowered.
- (3) Adverse change in business, financial or economic condition has a significant change of the debtor's ability to meet debt obligation.
- (4) Whether the actual performance of the debtor has changed significantly.
- (5) Whether the legal, economic or technological environment in which the debtor is located has undergone significant change.

If the effect of a significant increase in credit risk increase above a certain level, the credit risk of the financial instrument considered shall be increased to a significant level when the counterparty has a rating below the minimum rating (including).

As a balance sheet date, if the Group judges that the financial instrument is not a credit risk, the Group shall also have the credit risk of the financial instrument has no significant increase in initial recognition. If the default risk of a financial instrument is low and the borrower is highly capable of meeting its contractual obligations in the future, the financial instrument is considered to have a low credit risk even if there is a negative change in the economic conditions and the rating is on the long period of time, but it may not necessarily reduce the borrower's performance of its contractual obligations.

9.2.2 Credit impairment financial asset

A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more of the following conditions exist in the financial asset occurrence. Evidence that a financial asset is credit impaired includes the following observable information:

- (1) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the debtor;
- (2) The debtor breaches the contract, such as default or overdue on interest or principal payment;
- (3) The creditor, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the financial difficulty of the debtor, granted the debtor a concession that the creditor would not otherwise consider;
- (4) The debtor is likely to enter bankruptcy or reorganization;
- (5) The asset maker for the financial asset disappeared due to the financial difficulty of the issuer or the debtor.

Based on the Group's internal credit management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information provided in a loan obtained or the loan indicates that the debtor of the financial instrument is unable to pay its debt (including the Group) in full (whether taking into account and/or a net obtained by the Group).

In the event of the above events, the Group will determine whether default has occurred when the contractual payment for a financial instrument is due and is more than 90 days (inclusive).

9.2.3 Determination of ECL

The Group determines impairment measurement of the credit loss of related financial instrument on the basis of combination of bill receivable, financing receivable, trade receivable and other receivable. The Group divides financial instrument into different groups based on common risk features. The common credit risk features adopted by the Group include: type of financial instrument, credit rating, initial recognition date, etc.

The Group determines ECL of related financial instrument according to the following method:

- For financial assets, the credit loss shall be the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows to be received by the Group and the expected cash flows to be received.
- As for the financial assets which credit impairment occurred on the balance sheet date but not yet charged or generated, the credit loss is the difference between the book balance of the financial assets and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.
- For a financial guarantee contract, the credit loss is the estimated amount made by the Group for the credit loss incurred by the contract holder, less the present value of the difference between the amount expected to be collected by the Group from the contract holder, debtor or other parties.

The factor reflected in the Group's method of measuring ECL of financial instruments include: the probability of default; the amount determined based on the time value of money; the recoverable and, the available information about the economic condition and future economic condition that is available to the Group, and the effect on the balance sheet date.

9.2.4 Write-down of financial assets

When the Group no longer reasonably expects that the contractual cash flows of the financial assets can be collected in whole or in part, the book balance of the financial assets shall be written down. Such write-downs constitute recognition of related financial assets.

9.3 Transfer of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized when one of the following conditions is met:

(1) the contractual right to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expires; (2) the financial asset has been transferred and, substantially all the risk and reward of ownership of the financial asset has been transferred to the transferee; or (3) the financial asset has been transferred, although the Group neither transfers nor retains, substantially all the risk and reward of ownership of the financial asset, it does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Group neither transfers nor retains, substantially all the risk and reward of ownership of a financial asset, it retains control of the financial asset, if (the following conditions are met):

1. The transferee has the right to sell the financial asset to a third party (the "sell

9.4 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities and equity instruments

Based on the contractual terms of the financial instrument and the economic substance, the Company has only the form of legal contract reflected, along with the definition of financial liability and equity instrument, the Group has classified the financial instrument into components of financial liability or equity instrument as initial recognition.

9.4.1 Classification, recognition and measurement of financial liability

Upon initial recognition, financial liability is classified into financial liability at FVTPL and other financial liability.

9.4.1.1 Financial liability at FVTPL

Financial liability is classified as held-for-trading and loan included held-for-trading financial liability (including derivative has a financial liability) and financial liability designated as FVTPL. In addition to the derivative financial liability listed as a financial liability at FVTPL as a financial liability.

The Group's policy of identifying the financial liability is for trading if one of the following conditions is satisfied:

- The Group's policy of identifying the financial liability is mainly for the current cash flow.
- The financial liability is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instrument has a current managed on initial recognition, and the objective evidence of current holding - trading model.
- The financial liability is a derivative, except for derivative defined financial guarantee contract and

The Group made a decision, on initial recognition, a financial liability at a FVTPL if one of the following conditions is satisfied: (1) the decision eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch; (2) management elects the financial liability portfolio of the portfolio of financial assets and financial liabilities to be managed on the fair value management in the management and the official documents of the Group, and the management of the Group in the national; or (3) a liability is a liability that is embedded in a liability.

Held-for-trading financial liabilities are, between measurement at fair value, and an gain or loss arising from change in fair value and dividend income received on the financial liabilities are recognized in profit or loss for the period.

For financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, change in the fair value of the financial liabilities arising from change in the Group's own credit risk are recognized in other comprehensive income and change in the fair value are recognized in profit or loss in the current period. On derecognition of the financial liabilities, the cumulative change in fair value attributable to change in the credit risk is reversed and recognized in other comprehensive income and income is transferred to retained earnings. Dividend income received on the financial liabilities are recognized in profit or loss for the period. If the effect of change in the credit risk of the financial liabilities is described above, the Group recognizes the net gain or loss on the financial liabilities (including the amount of the effect of change in the credit risk) in profit or loss for the period.

9.4.2 De recognition of financial liabilities

The Group recognises a financial liability (or class of it) only when the undertaking enters into an obligation (or class of it) is discharged. When an agreement between the Group as borrower and lender is signed to replace the original financial liability and the contractual terms of the new financial liability and the original financial liability are, substantially different, the Group derecognises the original financial liability and recognises the new financial liability.

On derecognition of a financial liability in its entirety or partially, the difference between the carrying amount of the liability derecognised and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or new financial liabilities assumed) is recognised in profit or loss for the period.

9.4.3 Extinguishment

Extinguishment is an extinguishment of a liability in its entirety or partially. The Group has extinguished all of its liabilities. Extinguishment is, extinguished (including refinancing), extinguished, old or cancelled by the Group as a result of a change in the terms. Change in financial terms is not recognised by the Group. Transaction costs related to extinguishment are deducted from the expense.

The Group recognises the distribution of the extinguishment as a profit or loss, distribution, dividend paid do not affect the amount of the extinguishment.

9.5 Derivative instruments and embedding derivatives

Derivative instruments including forward foreign exchange contracts, currency swap contracts and interest rate swap contracts, etc. Derivatives are initially measured at fair value on the signing date of the relevant contract and, subsequently, measured at fair value. The change in fair value of the derivatives is recognised in profit or loss for the period.

9.6 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is included in balance sheet when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised financial assets and financial liabilities, and the Group intends or is required to settle the net amount, or realises the financial assets and settles the financial liabilities simultaneously. Otherwise, the financial assets and financial liabilities shall be presented separately in balance sheet and shall not be mutually offset.

9.7 Convertible bonds

The convertible bond issued by the Group which contain liabilities and conversion option, shall be classified, from initial recognition and recognised separately. Of which, conversion option forms a component of fixed amount of cash of the financial assets in exchange for fixed amount of self-evident instrument in accordance with relevant instrument.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liabilities portion is determined and then make price similar to that of bond which conversion option. The difference between the overall issue price of convertible bond and the fair value of the liabilities portion shall be taken as the value of the conversion option of the bondholder to convert the bond into equity instrument and recorded in other equity instrument.

In the subsequent measurement, the liabilities portion of convertible bond are measured at amortised cost, reflecting the effective interest rate method. The value

10. Receivables

The method of determining the recorded liability of bill receivable and accounts receivable is as follows:

See 9.2 for details on accounts receivable.

11. Account receivables

The method of determining the recorded liability of accounts receivable and accounts receivable is as follows:

See 9.2 for details on accounts receivable.

12. Financing receivables

For non-receivable classified as a FVTOCI, the portion of the gain (including) from the date of acquisition is recorded as a financing receivable. For details of the details on accounts receivable, please refer to 9.1, 9.2 and 9.3.

13. Other receivables

The method of determining the recorded liability of other receivable and accounts receivable is as follows:

See 9.2 for details on accounts receivable.

14. Inventories

14.1 Classification of inventories

The Group's inventory mainly includes raw materials, work in progress, finished goods, etc. Inventory is initially measured at cost, which comprises purchase cost, processing cost and other expenses incurred in bringing the inventory to their current location and condition.

14.2 Pricing of inventories delivered

The actual cost of inventories, upon delivery is calculated, using the weighted average method.

14.3 Determination of net realisable value of inventories

The balance sheet date, inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. If the net realisable value is below the cost of inventories, a provision for impairment of inventories is made.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price of inventories in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion, the estimated selling expenses and related taxes. Net realisable value of inventories is determined on the basis of clear evidence obtained, taking into account the cost of holding inventories and the effect of obsolescence on the balance sheet date.

Provision for impairment of inventories is made based on the excess of cost over net realisable value of individual inventories.

After the provision for impairment of inventories is made, if the circumstances have materially changed in inventories, the provision-off no longer exists or the net realisable value of inventories is higher than the carrying amount, the original provision for impairment of inventories is reversed and the reversed amount is recognised in profit or loss for the period.

14.4 Inventory system

The inventory system is a periodic inventory system.

14.5 Amortization of low-value consumables

Low-value consumables are amortised using one-off expense-off method.

15. Assets Held for Sale

A non-current asset is classified as an asset held for sale when the carrying amount of the asset is reduced in full, although an action (including an exchange of non-monetary assets such as commercial, balance) has been agreed.

Non-current assets are held for sale if the following conditions are met: (1) an immediate sale can be made, under the current conditions according to the practice of selling, the carrying amount is similar to an action; and (2) it is highly probable that the asset will occur, that is, the Group has made a decision on a sale plan and obtained a definite commitment, and the sale is expected to be completed within one year.

The Group measures non-current assets held for sale at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. If the carrying amount is higher than the net amount of the fair value less costs to sell, the carrying amount shall be written off. If the carrying amount is lower than the net amount of the fair value less costs to sell, the amount written off is recognized as an impairment loss of the asset and included in profit or loss for the period, and the provision for impairment of the asset held for sale is made immediately. When the asset is an increase in the net amount of fair value less costs to sell of non-current assets held for sale, the balance sheet date, the amount written off is written off. It should be reduced and added in the amount of impairment loss recognized for the asset after being classified as held for sale, and the reduced amount is included in profit or loss for the period.

Depreciation or amortization shall not be made for non-current assets in the non-current assets held for sale. The interest of liability and other expenses in the disposal of the asset held for sale shall be recognized.

The difference between the actual and the estimated value of the asset held for sale. The difference between the actual and the estimated value of the asset held for sale is calculated as the difference between the actual and the estimated value of the asset held for sale.

16. Long-term Equity Investments

16.1 Basis of determination of joint control and significant influence

Control refers to the power of an investor in the investee, who enjoys a variable return based on participating in the financial activities of the investee, and has the ability to exercise this power in the investee to influence the amount of return. Joint control refers to the joint control of an arrangement according to the arrangement, and the related activities of the arrangement can only be decided after the consent of the parties having the control. Significant influence refers to the power of a participant in the decision-making of the financial and operational policies of the investee, but cannot jointly control the formation of the policies with the parties. In determining whether it is possible to exercise control or significant influence over the investee, it has taken into account the potential voting rights, which are convertible bonds and convertible shares of the investee held by the investor and the parties.

16.2 Determination of initial investment cost

For a long-term investment made through a business combination in exchange, under common control, the initial investment cost is the attributable share of the carrying amount of the share held by the acquirer in the consolidated financial statement of the limited company at the date of combination. The difference between the initial investment cost of a long-term investment and the carrying amount of cash paid, non-cash assets transferred and liabilities assumed is adjusted to capital reserve. If the capital reserve is insufficient to offset the difference, the retained earnings shall be adjusted. When the consideration of the combination is satisfied by the share of the equity, the initial investment cost is the attributable share of the carrying amount of the share held by the acquirer in the consolidated financial statement of the limited company at the date of combination, and the total nominal value of the share is recognized as the share capital. The difference between the initial investment cost of a long-term investment and the total nominal value of the share is adjusted to capital reserve. If the capital reserve is insufficient to offset the difference, the retained earnings shall be adjusted. Other comprehensive income recognized for the investment held by the investor in business combination of equity method in the investee in non-adding equity investment is designated as a FVTOCI in the accounting treatment of the investment.

For a long-term, investment made through a business combination not involving the use of common control, the initial investment cost is the combination cost at the date of acquisition. If the investment is held for less than 12 months after acquisition, the difference between the fair value and carrying amount, after the acquisition, the accumulated fair value of the investment included in other comprehensive income and transferred to retained earnings.

The investment is then recorded by the acquirer as a change in the accounting, legal title, allocation and control of the investment, etc. and other related administrative matters are also able to be business combination as recognized in the financial statements in which the investment is made.

The long-term, investment made otherwise than through a business combination is initially measured at cost.

16.3 Subsequent measurement and recognition of profit or loss

16.3.1 Long-term, investment made for the purpose

Long-term, investment in subsidiary is accounted for, using the cost method in the financial statements of the Company. A subsidiary is an investee that controlled by the Group.

Long-term, investment made for the purpose of the cost method is measured at initial investment cost. When additional investment is made on the investment is completed, the cost of the long-term, investment is adjusted accordingly. The share in the investment income is recognized in accordance with the cash dividend of the investee declared by the investee.

16.3.2 Long-term, investment made for the purpose

The Group's investment in associate is accounted for by the cost method. Associate refers to an entity in which the Group can exercise a significant influence.

When adopting, in method accounting, if the initial income components of long-term investments exceed the share of the fair value of identifiable intangible assets of the investee, the initial income components of long-term investments. If the initial income component is less than the share of the fair value of identifiable intangible assets of the investee, the difference shall be charged to other intangible assets, and the long-term investments shall be adjusted at the same time.

When adopting, in method accounting, the investee's income and other comprehensive income shall be recognized separately according to the share of net intangible assets and other comprehensive income realized by the investee, and the carrying amount of long-term investments shall be adjusted at the same time; the carrying amount of long-term investments shall be adjusted accordingly by calculating the proportion to be enjoyed according to the intangible assets held by the investee; the carrying amount of long-term investments shall be adjusted and included in the carrying amount of the change in the owner's equity and in the share of the investee's net intangible assets, other comprehensive income and other distributions. When recognizing the share of the net intangible assets of the investee, the net intangible assets of the investee shall be adjusted and recognized on the basis of the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets of the investee, the accounting policies and methods adopted by the investee in the investee's financial statements, the financial statements of the investee shall be adjusted in accordance with the accounting policies and methods of the Company. The investee's income and other comprehensive income shall be recognized accordingly. For an action between the Group and a associate, the share in the old do not contribute, and the realized gain and loss of the investee's action are offset by the shareholding available to the Group. On this basis, the investee's gain and loss are recognized. However, the realized income and action loss between the Group and the investee shall not be offset if they belong to the impairment loss of the investment.

The Group did continue recognising its share of net loss of the incurred entities after the carrying amount of the long-term equity investments was reduced to zero. In addition, if the Group has incurred obligation to a further additional loss of the incurred entities, it is made liable to recognised according to the incurred obligation, and recorded in the net loss of the period. Where net off balance, when made by the incurred entities, the Group does not recognise its share of the off-balance loss not recognised.

16.4 Disposal of long-term equity investments

On disposal of a long-term equity investment, the difference between the carrying amount and the actual cash price is recognised in profit or loss of the period.

17. Investment Properties

Investment properties are properties held for the purpose of earning rental or capital appreciation, both. Investment properties include leased land, leasehold, land, leasehold and leased for an fee after appreciation, building leased or, etc.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, the related to an investment property shall be included in cost of investment property only when the economic benefits associated with the asset will likely flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. All other subsequently, the on an investment property shall be included in profit or loss of the current period.

The Group adopted the cost model for subsequent measurement of investment properties, and investment properties are depreciated or amortised based on the same policies with the other and building of land, leasehold.

An investment property is depreciated, non-disposal or when the investment property is permanently impaired from, the economic benefits are expected from disposal.

When an investment property is sold, transferred, or damaged, the amount of any proceeds on disposal of the property net of the carrying amount and related are recognised in profit or loss of the period.

18. Fixed Assets

(1) Conditions of recognition

Fixed assets are tangible assets that are held for use in the production of goods or services, for rental or for administrative purposes and have an expected useful life of more than one accounting year. A fixed asset is recognized only when the economic benefits that the asset is expected to generate for the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Fixed assets are initially measured at cost.

Subsequently, the incurred cost of a fixed asset is included in the cost of the fixed asset if it is probable that the economic benefits that the asset will generate for the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably, and the carrying amount of the replaced part is recognized. Otherwise, subsequently incurred costs are charged to profit or loss for the period when incurred.

(2) Depreciation methods

Class	Depreciation Method	Depreciation Period (Years)	Residual Value Rate	Annual Depreciation Rate (%)
House and building	straight-line depreciation	20	5%	4.75%
Machine and equipment	straight-line depreciation	4-10	5%	9.50%-23.75%
Transportation equipment	straight-line depreciation	4-5	5%	19.00%-23.75%
Office equipment	straight-line depreciation	3-5	5%	19.00%-31.67%

19. Construction in Progress

Construction in progress is measured at cost, which includes a proportion of expenditure incurred during the construction period, capitalised borrowing cost before the construction is ready for intended use and other elements of cost. Construction in progress is not depreciated. Construction in progress is transferred to fixed assets while it is ready for intended use.

20. Borrowing Costs

The borrowing cost has a direct relationship to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset and capitalised when expenditure on the asset being incurred, borrowing cost is being incurred and activities relating to the acquisition, construction or production of the asset have necessarily commenced. The capitalisation of qualifying asset, expenditure on construction ceases when the asset is ready for its intended use. The remaining borrowing cost is recognised as expense in the period in which the asset is incurred.

When found a borrowed, under a special borrowing, the amount to be capitalised in the acquisition of the expenditure incurred on the borrowing for the period less an income earned from disposing the borrowed funds in a bank or an income earned on the employment of the funds. When found a borrowed, under a general borrowing, the amount capitalised is determined by applying the weighted average of the expenditure of the expenditure on the asset of the special borrowing multiplied by the capitalisation rate of the general borrowing, reduced. The capitalisation rate is determined based on the weighted average rate of the general borrowing. During the capitalisation period, the exchange difference on special foreign currency borrowing is all capitalised; the exchange difference on general foreign currency borrowing is recognised in profit or loss for the period.

21. Intangible assets

(1) *Methods, Useful life, Impairment Test*

Intangible assets include of software, polluting discharge right, mining right and land use right, etc.

The intangible assets shall be initially measured at cost. When an intangible asset has a finite useful life it is available for sale, its original cost less the accumulated amortization and impairment losses is amortized over its estimated useful life, using the straight-line method. Intangible assets are not amortized while their useful life is expected to be indefinite. The amortization method, useful life and estimated net residual value of each class of intangible assets are as follows:

Class	Amortization method	Useful life (Years)	Residual Value Rate (%)
Land use right	Straight line method	42-50	0%
Polluting discharge right	Straight line method	5-20	0%
Mining right	Other method		0%
Software	Straight line method	5-10	0%

At the end of the year, the useful life and amortization method of intangible assets with finite useful life are reviewed and adjusted if necessary.

(2) Internal research and development expenditures

Expenditures incurred in the research stage are recognized in profit or loss for the period.

Expenditures incurred in the development stage are recognized as an intangible asset only when all of the following conditions are satisfied, and the expenditures in the development stage have met all of the following conditions are recognized in profit or loss for the period:

- (1) The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset has been established;
- (2) The intention to complete the intangible asset and, therefore, to sell or use it;
- (3) The entity can demonstrate how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits. Including the ability to sell the asset internally or externally, the intangible asset itself has a market, and the entity can demonstrate how the intangible asset will be sold internally;
- (4) Adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development of the intangible asset and, therefore, to sell or use the intangible asset;
- (5) The ability to measure reliably the expenditures attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

If the expenditures cannot be distinguished between the research stage and development stage, the Group recognizes all of them in profit or loss for the period. The cost of the intangible asset formed by internal development activities is only include the related expenditures incurred from the time when the capitalization conditions are met to the time when the intangible asset reaches its intended use. The expenditures that have been incurred in profit or loss before the capitalization conditions are met for the same intangible asset in the development process shall not be adjusted.

22. Impairment of Long-term Assets

The Group assesses each balance sheet date whether there is an indication that long-term assets, in the case of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, long-term investments, and in the case of available-for-sale financial assets, are impaired. If an impairment indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. In the case of intangible assets with indefinite, or long-term, useful life and in the case of available-for-sale financial assets, the recoverable amount is determined as the maximum of the following amounts: the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use of the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is based on a single asset and it is difficult to estimate the recoverable amount of a single asset, the recoverable amount of the asset group shall be determined on the basis of the asset group to which the asset belongs. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or a Group's fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use of the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, a provision for impairment of the asset is made based on the difference and recognised in profit or loss for the period.

An impairment loss once recognised shall not be reversed in a subsequent period.

23. Long-term Deferred Expenses

Long-term deferred expenses are expenses which have incurred but shall be amortised over the concerned period and, therefore, period of more than one year. Long-term deferred expenses are amortised evenly over the estimated benefit period.

24. Contract Liabilities

A contract liability arises when the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration) from the customer. Contract assets and contract liabilities, under common contract arrangements, are based on the same basis.

25. Employee Compensation

(1) Accounting for short-term employee compensation

In the accounting period in which an employee has rendered service, the Group recognizes the short-term employee compensation accruals incurred as liabilities, and includes in profit or loss for the period the related expense. The employee benefits are incurred by the Group and recognized in profit or loss for the period the related expense is based on the accrual method. The non-monetary employee benefits are measured at fair value.

In determining the corresponding amount of employee compensation, social security contribution, such as medical insurance, sick injury insurance and maternity insurance and housing fund, as well as labor union dues are incurred and employee education are provided by the Group as a calculated according to the prescribed proportion and the average during the accounting period in which the employee provides service to the Group, and the corresponding liabilities are recognized, and included in profit or loss for the period the expense is incurred.

(2) Accounting for post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits are all defined contribution plans.

In the accounting period in which an employee has rendered service, the Group recognizes the amount payable under the defined contribution plan as a liability, and includes in profit or loss for the period the related expense.

(3) Accounting for termination benefits

When the Group provides termination benefits to employee, employee compensation liability arising from termination benefits are recognized in profit or loss at the earliest of the following date: when the Group cannot withdraw the termination benefits provided because of an employee termination plan or a labor contract, or when the Group confirms the cost of the related expense, including in closing the plan of dismissal benefits.

27.2 Accounting treatment in relation to implementation, modification and termination of share-based payment plan

When the Group modifies the share-based payment plan, and if, each modification increases the fair value of the equity instrument granted, the increase in the fair value will be recognised accordingly following the increase in fair value of the equity instrument. If the modification increases the number of the equity instrument granted, the increase in fair value of the equity instrument will be recognised accordingly at the increase in the fair value. The increase in fair value of the equity instrument reflects the difference in fair value on the date of modification before and after the modification in the price of the equity instrument. If the modification reduces the total fair value of the share-based payment or adopts an form having a non-observable employee to modify the terms and condition of the share-based payment plan, accounting treatment will be considered to be conducted in the price of the equity instrument and the modification will be deemed to have never occurred, unless the Group had cancelled the award of the equity instrument granted.

During the pending period, if the equity instrument granted is cancelled, the Group will undertake an accelerated vesting in the price of the cancelled equity instrument has had been granted, include the remaining amount has shall be recognised during the pending period in the profit and loss for the period immediately and recognise capital expense accordingly. When employee or the plan is a terminated choice of fulfillment non-vesting condition but has no fulfillment during the pending period, the Group will treat the granted equity instrument as cancelled.

28. Revenue

The Group's revenue is mainly derived from the sale of glass products, which mainly include household glass, household glass, architecture glass, float glass and mining products, etc. Revenue from other business mainly comes from rental income of properties and sale income of materials.

The Group recognizes revenue based on the transaction price allocated to each performance obligation when a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when control of the good or service is transferred to the customer. A performance obligation is satisfied when the customer has a good and service has a distinct identity and shall be satisfied by the Group or the customer. The transaction price is the amount of consideration which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised good or service to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties and amounts expected to be refunded to a customer.

For the performance obligation to be satisfied, during a certain period of time, the Group recognizes revenue over time because of the nature of a performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met: (1) the customer receives and consumes the economic benefit or goods from the Group while the performance obligation; (2) the customer can control the good or service during the performance of the Group; (3) the good produced during the performance of the Group has a replaceable value, and the Group has the right to receive payment for the value of the completed performance of a homogeneous, the contract period. Otherwise, the Group will recognize revenue at the time point when the customer obtains control over the relevant good or service.

29. Government Grants

Government grants are an inflow of monetary assets and non-monetary assets from the government to the Group as a contribution. A government grant is recognised only when the Group can comply with the condition attaching to the grant and the Group will receive the grant.

If a government grant is in the form of monetary assets, it shall be measured at the amount receivable.

29.1 *Judgement basis and accounting treatment of government grants related to assets*

Such grants are government grants that are related to fixed assets that have been built or acquired.

A government grant related to an asset is recognised as deferred income and included in the profit or loss over the useful life of the related asset, using the straight-line method.

29.2 *Judgement basis and accounting treatment of government grants related to revenue*

A related to the sale of the deferred income during the period, such government grants are government grants related to revenue.

A government grant related to revenue, related to complete a fixed asset, such as the purchase and construction, before the period is recognised as deferred income, and is included in the profit or loss for the period of the period of the period in which the fixed asset is completed. The government grant related to revenue, related to complete a fixed asset, such as the purchase and construction, is included in the profit or loss for the period of the period.

The government grant related to the Group's daily activities is included in the income/expense of the fixed asset and the deferred income according to the nature of economic business. Other government grants are included in non-operating income or expense.

30. Deferred Income Tax Assets/Deferred Income Tax Liabilities

Income tax expense comprises current income tax expense and deferred income tax expense.

30.1 Current income tax

The balance sheet date, current income tax liability (or asset) for the current and prior periods determined at the amount expected to be paid (or recovered) according to the provisions of a law.

30.2 Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities

For example a difference between the carrying amount of certain asset or liability and their balance, or between the carrying amount of those items that are not recognized as an asset or liability but the balance can be determined according to a law and their balance, deferred income tax asset and deferred income tax liability are recognized, using the balance sheet liability method.

Deferred income tax is generally recognized for all example a difference. However, a deductible example a difference, deferred asset are recognized only when it is probable that a taxable profit will be available against which the deductible example a difference can be utilized. In addition, for example a difference associated with the initial recognition of goodwill and the initial recognition of an asset or liability arising from a transaction (not a business combination) has affected neither the accounting profit nor a taxable profit (or deductible loss) at the time of the transaction, no deferred asset or liability is recognized.

For deductible loss and a deduction, benefit can be carried forward, deferred as a recognized loss in a taxable year, and be available again which he deductible loss and a deduction can be utilized.

Deferred income liabilities are recognized for a taxable amount difference associated with income in, benefit, and the Group's taxable amount of the total of the taxable amount difference and a taxable amount difference. All net loss in the foreseeable future. Deferred income as a result of deductible taxable amount difference associated with income in, benefit, are only recognized on the taxable amount difference. All be, efficient taxable amount again which, utilize the benefit of the taxable amount difference and the associated loss in the foreseeable future.

At the balance sheet date, deferred income as a result and deferred income liabilities are measured at the amount that are expected to be realized when the actualized of the liabilities is determined of a loss.

Current and deferred income are net of income recognized in a loss of the loss, and when the amount of an action on the amount of recognized in the company when the income on the holder's, in, which case the amount recognized in the company when the income on the holder's, in; and when the amount of a combination, in which case the amount adjusted to the carrying amount of good.

The carrying amount of a deferred amount is determined at each balance sheet date and is determined on the taxable amount difference, efficient taxable amount of all net loss be available off the benefit of deferred income as a result. An, reduction is determined on the taxable amount difference, efficient taxable amount of all be available.

30.3 Offsetting of income tax

31. Lease

31.1 The Group as lessee

31.1.3 *Lea e liabilities*

Each of the following is a liability of the Group, and each is a liability of the Group in the consolidated financial statements. In the consolidated financial statements, the Group, and each of the following is a liability of the Group in the consolidated financial statements, and each of the following is a liability of the Group in the consolidated financial statements.

The liability of the Group is a liability of the Group in the consolidated financial statements, and each of the following is a liability of the Group in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group's liability of the Group is a liability of the Group in the consolidated financial statements, and each of the following is a liability of the Group in the consolidated financial statements.

31.1.4 *Sho - e m lea e and lo - e m lea e*

Each of the following is a liability of the Group, and each is a liability of the Group in the consolidated financial statements. In the consolidated financial statements, the Group, and each of the following is a liability of the Group in the consolidated financial statements.

31.2 *The Group as lessor*

31.2.1 *Classification of lea e*

Each of the following is a liability of the Group, and each is a liability of the Group in the consolidated financial statements. In the consolidated financial statements, the Group, and each of the following is a liability of the Group in the consolidated financial statements.

In addition to the above change, if there is a change in the financial assets or financial liabilities, for which there is income or expense determined by the effective interest rate method, the Group shall account for the change caused by the interest rate benchmark reform in accordance with the above regulation, and then in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 22 Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments to determine the change in the value of the financial assets or financial liabilities.

According to the Explanation No. 14, the Group handled the new benchmark interest rate reform related business from January 1, 2021 in accordance with the implementation date of the Explanation No. 14 in accordance with the provision of the Explanation No. 14.

Q&A on the Implementation of the Fifth Batch of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises in 2021

According to the Q&A on the Implementation of the Fifth Batch of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises in 2021 issued by the Accounting Department of the Ministry of Finance on November 2021, the Group's management of good will before the transfer of control of the goodwill to the company does not constitute a single item for the performance of the company's contract. The transfer of the goodwill from the transfer of the performance obligation is regarded as the contract performance cost, and is amortized and included in the contract cost and loss on the same basis as the recognition of the cost of good will, and is listed in the operating cost of the income statement. In 2021, the above change in accounting policy resulted in an increase in operating cost and a decrease in selling expense of the Group of RMB329,959,493.47, and an increase in operating cost and a decrease in selling expense of the Company of RMB40,049,782.23; In 2020, the Group's operating cost increased and selling expense decreased by RMB254,222,773.59, and the Company's operating cost increased and selling expense decreased by RMB61,307,718.11.

(IV) TAXATION

1. Major Types of Tax and Tax Rates

Tax type	Tax basis	Tax rate
Value-added tax (VAT)	Taxable value-added amount (the taxable amount calculated on the taxable amount multiplied by the applicable rate, less deductible input VAT for the credit method)	13%
Urban construction and maintenance Tax	Taxable amount	7%
Education charge	Taxable amount	3%
Local educational charge	Taxable amount	2%
Property tax	Cost of property / rental income	No. 1
Resource tax	Quantity of mining product sold	7%
Enterprise income tax (EIT)	Taxable income	No. 2
Environmental protection tax	Pollutant emission	RMB1.2 or RMB1.4 per pollutant emission unit

No. 1: The property tax of self-constructed property is calculated at 70% of the original value of the real estate and a rate of 1.2%; the property tax of leased building is calculated at 12% of rental income.

No. 2: EIT applies to the Company and subsidiaries:

Name	Tax rate (%)
The Company	15%
浙江福萊特玻璃有限公司	25%
Zhejiang Flat Glass Co., Ltd.	
浙江嘉福玻璃有限公司	15%
Zhejiang Jiafu Glass Co., Ltd.	
上海福萊特玻璃有限公司	25%
Shanghai Flat Glass Co., Ltd.	
安徽福萊特光伏玻璃有限公司	15%
Anhui Flat Solar Glass Co., Ltd.	
安徽福萊特光伏材料有限公司	25%
Anhui Flat Solar Material Co., Ltd.	
福萊特(香港)有限公司	No e 1
Flat (Hong Kong) Limited	
嘉興福萊特新能源科技有限公司	25%
Jiaxing Flat New Energy Technology Co., Ltd.	
福萊特(越南)有限公司	0%
Flat (Vietnam) Company Limited	

Note 1: Profit before tax not exceeding HK\$2,000,000 (inclusive) is subject to a rate of 8.25%, while the portion of profit before tax exceeding HK\$2,000,000 is subject to a rate of 16.5%.

2. Tax Preferences

The Company

On 4 December 2019, the Company obtained the High Technology Enterprise Certificate (No. GR201933003682) jointly awarded by the Science and Technology Department of Zhejiang Province, Zhejiang Provincial Department of Finance, Zhejiang Provincial Tax Service, State Taxation Administration for a valid period of three years, and from which, the EIT rate of 15% is applied from 2019 to 2021.

Zhejiang Jiafu Glass Co., Ltd.

On 4 December 2019, Zhejiang Jiafu Glass Co., Ltd. obtained the High Technology Enterprise Certificate (No. GR201933001492) jointly awarded by the Science and Technology Department of Zhejiang Province, Zhejiang Provincial Department of Finance, Zhejiang Provincial Tax Service, State Taxation Administration for a valid period of three years, from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2022, the EIT rate of 15% is applied from 2019 to 2021.

Anhui Flat Solar Glass Co., Ltd.

On 17 August 2020, Anhui Flat Solar Glass Co., Ltd. obtained the High Technology Enterprise Certificate (No. GR202034000476) jointly awarded by the Science and Technology Department of Anhui Province, Anhui Provincial Department of Finance, the State Taxation Bureau of Anhui Province and the Local Taxation Bureau of Anhui Province, for a valid period of three years, from January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2023, the EIT rate of 15% is applied from 2020 to 2022.

Jiaxing Flat New Energy Technology Co., Ltd.

Pursuant to the Notice of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation on Implementing Preferential Policies for Public Infrastructure and Environmental Protection, Energy and Waste Recycling Projects (Caihui [2012] No. 10), Jiaxing Flat New Energy Technology Co., Ltd. is exempted from EIT for the first year of the holiday from the year in which the first operation income is obtained, and the EIT is reduced by 50% in the following two years.

Flat (Vietnam) Company Limited

Pursuant to the Project Investment License awarded by the Vietnam Hai Phong Economic Zone Authority on 30 June 2016, Flat (Vietnam) Company Limited is exempted from EIT for the year commencing from the first profit-making year, followed by a 50% reduction in EIT for the next two years. Flat (Vietnam) Company Limited has made profit from 2022.

(V) NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS

1. CASH AT BANK AND ON HAND

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Cash on hand	23,680.28	37,595.74
Cash at bank	3,244,801,691.06	2,101,693,083.72
Other cash at bank and on hand	778,425,138.48	740,946,588.02
Total	4,023,250,509.82	2,842,677,267.48
Including: original amount of deposits	174,785,147.22	238,902,274.63

2. TRADING FINANCIAL ASSETS

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Financial assets available for sale		
Equity investments	700,000,000.00	200,000,000.00
Including: Bank equity investments	700,000,000.00	200,000,000.00
Total	700,000,000.00	200,000,000.00

3. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS

RMB		
Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Derivative financial assets held for specified hedging relationship		
Including: Forward foreign exchange contracts (None)	—	62,739.00
Total	—	62,739.00
Note: The net forward foreign exchange contracts are designated as hedging instruments, and the gain or loss arising from change in fair value are included in profit and loss for the period.		

4. BILLS RECEIVABLES

(1) Bills receivables by category

RMB		
Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Bank acceptance bill	1,506,620,147.82	834,875,954.38
Commercial acceptance bill	519,224,504.02	107,583,256.08
Letter of credit impairment provision	9,138,351.27	2,711,098.05
Total	2,016,706,300.57	939,748,112.41

(2) ***Bills receivables that have been endorsed or discounted by the Group but not yet due at the balance sheet date***

RMB

Items	Amount not derecognized at the end of the half year
Endorsed bank acceptance bill	1,209,023,929.58
Discounted bank acceptance bill	15,547,866.84
Total	<u>1,224,571,796.42</u>

(3) ***At the end of the half year, the Group had no bills transferred to trade receivables due to the drawer's failure to perform.***

(4) ***Disclosed by classification of credit loss provision method***

RMB

Classification	Closing balance		Bad debt provision		Book value
	Book balance			Accrual	
	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)	
Bad debt provision by portfolio					
Including:					
Bank acceptance bill	1,506,620,147.82	74.37	-	-	1,506,620,147.82
Commercial acceptance bill	519,224,504.02	25.63	9,138,351.27	1.76	510,086,152.75
Total	<u>2,025,844,651.84</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>9,138,351.27</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>2,016,706,300.57</u>

Classification	Opening balance		Bad debt provision		Book value
	Book balance			Accrual	
	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)	
Bad debt provision by portfolio					
Including:					
Bank acceptance bill	834,875,954.38	88.58			834,875,954.38
Commercial acceptance bill	107,583,256.08	11.42	2,711,098.05	2.52	104,872,158.03
Total	<u>942,459,210.46</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>2,711,098.05</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>939,748,112.41</u>

Bill receivable with credit provision portfolio

RMB

Name	Bills receivables	Closing balance	
		Bad debt provision	Accrual Percentage
Loan	1,506,620,147.82	-	-
No mal	519,224,504.02	9,138,351.27	1.76
Total	2,025,844,651.84	9,138,351.27	0.45

The Group believes that the accounting bank with high credit rating hold the bank acceptance bill and there is no significant credit risk, so no impairment allowance for credit loss is made.

(5) Credit loss provision

RMB

Classification	Opening balance	Changes in amount for the half year		Closing balance
		Provision	Transferred	
No mal	2,711,098.05	9,138,351.27	2,711,098.05	9,138,351.27
Total	2,711,098.05	9,138,351.27	2,711,098.05	9,138,351.27

(6) Bad debt condition

Category	Opening balance	Changed amounts in the current period		Closing balance
		Provision	Transferred	
No mal	2,711,098.05	9,138,351.27	2,711,098.05	9,138,351.27
Total	2,711,098.05	9,138,351.27	2,711,098.05	9,138,351.27

5. TRADE RECEIVABLES

(1) Disclosed by aging

	RMB
Aging	Book balance at the end of the half year
Within 1 year	2,763,999,217.67
1-2 years	16,650,097.81
2-3 years	1,100,733.39
Over 3 years	7,584,933.61
Total	<u>2,789,334,982.48</u>

(2) Disclosed by classification of credit impairment provision method

					RMB
	Book balance		Closing balance		
			Bad debt provision		
			Accrual		
Classification	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)	Book value
Bad debt provision based on					
Individual					
Including:					
Normal	2,727,724,480.34	97.79	48,007,950.85	1.76	2,679,716,529.49
Concealed	53,921,147.75	1.93	20,307,227.08	37.66	33,613,920.67
Loss	7,689,354.39	0.28	7,689,354.39	100.00	-
Total	<u>2,789,334,982.48</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>76,004,532.32</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>2,713,330,450.16</u>

Classification	Book balance		Opening balance		Book balance
	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)	
Bad debt provision					
Provision					
Including:					
No material	1,096,931,797.73	94.60	27,642,681.27	2.52	1,069,289,116.46
Concealed	48,127,930.42	4.15	11,657,475.13	24.22	36,470,455.29
Lo	14,499,749.67	1.25	14,499,749.67	100.00	
Toal	<u>1,159,559,477.82</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>53,799,906.07</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>1,105,759,571.75</u>

Credit impairment provision

RMB

Name	Closing balance		Accrual percentage (%)
	Trade receivables	Bad debt provision	
No material	2,727,724,480.34	48,007,950.85	1.76
Concealed	53,921,147.75	20,307,227.08	37.66
Lo	7,689,354.39	7,689,354.39	100.00
Toal	<u>2,789,334,982.48</u>	<u>76,004,532.32</u>	<u>2.72</u>

(3) Changes in credit impairment of trade receivables

RMB

Classification	Change in amount for the half year			Closing balance
	Opening balance	Provision	Transferred	
Bad debt provision	53,799,906.07	25,544,063.32	3,339,437.07	76,004,532.32
Total	<u>53,799,906.07</u>	<u>25,544,063.32</u>	<u>3,339,437.07</u>	<u>76,004,532.32</u>

(4) Details of top five trade receivables with the closing balances classified by the borrowers

At the end of the reporting period, the top five trade receivables with the closing balance classified by the borrower amounted to RMB1,550,421,839.55 (end of the reporting period: RMB581,839,100.82), representing 55.58% (end of the reporting period: 50.18%) of total balance of trade receivables. The credit loss provision of top five trade receivables amounted to RMB27,287,424.38 (end of the reporting period: RMB14,662,345.34).

6. FINANCING RECEIVABLES

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Bank acceptance bill	596,244,502.28	531,196,547.78
Total	<u>596,244,502.28</u>	<u>531,196,547.78</u>

(1) Changes in financing receivables and their fair value for the current period

RMB

Items	Closing balance
Co	598,869,422.24
Fair value	<u>596,244,502.28</u>
Accumulated change in fair value included in other comprehensive income	<u>(2,624,919.96)</u>

(2) Bank acceptance bills pledged by the Group at the end of the period

RMB

Items	Pledged amount at the end of the period
Bank acceptance bill	<u>40,000,000.00</u>

(3) Bank acceptance bills that have been endorsed or discounted by the Company at the end of the period but not yet due at the balance sheet date

RMB

Items	Amounts Derecognized at the end of the year
Endorsed bank acceptance bill	1,308,273,481.00
Discounted bank acceptance bill	<u>157,656,990.53</u>
Total	<u>1,465,930,471.53</u>

7. ADVANCE PAYMENTS

(1) Listed by aging

RMB

Aging	Closing balance		Opening balance	
	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)
Within 1 year	414,740,988.03	99.78	686,003,745.08	99.096
1-2 years	776,474.96	0.19	4,219,015.49	0.609
2-3 years	101,031.33	0.02	2,016,474.00	0.291
Over 3 years	22,674.84	0.01	22,723.56	0.003
Total	<u>415,641,169.16</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>692,261,958.13</u>	<u>100.000</u>

At the end of the period, the Group had no advance payments with an aging of more than one year and an impairment amount.

(2) Details of top five advance payments with the closing balances classified by the payees

At the end of the period, the balance of top five advance payments with the closing balance amounted to RMB245,461,288.73 (end of the period: RMB562,487,063.28), representing 59.06% (end of the period: 81.25%) of the total balance of advance payments.

8. OTHER RECEIVABLES

RMB		
Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Other receivable	53,523,216.63	54,999,617.97
Total	<u>53,523,216.63</u>	<u>54,999,617.97</u>

(1) Disclosed by aging

RMB		
Aging		Closing book balance
Within 1 year		7,805,681.65
1-2 years		40,415,490.03
2-3 years		4,946,612.28
Over 3 years		394,616.14
Total		<u>53,562,400.10</u>

(2) Other receivables listed by classification by natures

RMB		
Nature	Closing book balance	Opening book balance
Margin	45,834,976.30	52,633,813.76
Advance payment for other receivable	4,800,000.00	5,000,000.00
Deposit	293,291.73	293,731.73
Receivable from related parties	212,279.26	211,827.29
Other	<u>2,421,852.81</u>	<u>1,860,245.19</u>
Total	<u>53,562,400.10</u>	<u>54,999,617.97</u>

(5) *Details of top five other receivables with the closing balances classified by the borrowers*

RMB

Name	Nature of amount	Closing balance	Aging	Percentage of the total closing balance of other receivables (%)	Closing balance of bad debt provision
First	Margin	40,000,000.00	1-2 years	74.68	
Second	Margin	4,966,520.15	1-2 years	9.27	
Third	Accounts receivable	4,800,000.00	Within one year	8.96	
Fourth	Margin	529,523.00	Within one year	0.99	
Fifth	Deposit	212,291.73	More than 3 years	0.40	
Total		50,508,334.88	/	94.30	

9. INVENTORIES

(1) Inventories category

RMB

Items	Book balance	Closing balance Inventory impairment provision	Book value
Raw material	617,132,665.73	—	617,132,665.73
Low value consumable	259,185,166.43	5,023,103.53	254,162,062.90
Work in progress	90,536,939.48	—	90,536,939.48
Finished good	539,622,977.37	4,552,128.52	535,070,848.85
Entered inventory material	—	—	—
Total	<u>1,506,477,749.01</u>	<u>9,575,232.05</u>	<u>1,496,902,516.96</u>

Item	Book balance	Opening balance Inventory impairment provision	Book balance
Raw material	1,189,179,166.17	—	1,189,179,166.17
Low value consumable	183,128,642.36	5,175,543.77	177,953,098.59
Work in progress	60,856,490.19	—	60,856,490.19
Finished good	855,214,953.98	6,734,180.64	848,480,773.34
Total	<u>2,288,379,252.70</u>	<u>11,909,724.41</u>	<u>2,276,469,528.29</u>

(2) *Inventory impairment provision*

RMB

Items	Opening balance	Inc ea ed amo n fo he e od		Dec ea ed amo n fo he e od		Closing balance
		P o ided		Re old		
Fini hed good	6,734,180.64	2,877,911.90		5,059,964.02		4,552,128.52
Lo ed al ed con mable	5,175,543.77	3,845,610.26		3,998,050.50		5,023,103.53
To al	11,909,724.41	6,723,522.16		9,058,014.52		9,575,232.05

10. **OTHER CURRENT ASSETS**

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
P ed paid VAT	94,643,540.85	232,222,691.43
E ed po a eba e	5,665,346.28	14,355,212.88
P ed paid income a	9,231,253.23	6,809,376.77
P ed paid en al income	4,775,001.55	412,844.04
O he	—	1,326,957.68
To al	114,315,141.92	255,127,082.80

11. LONG-TERM EQUITY INVESTMENT

RMB

Invested Company	Opening balance	Change during the period	
		Income gain and loss recognized	Declared cash dividend

At the end of the current period, the fixed assets with a book value of RMB2,446,307,991.66 (end of the previous year: RMB1,796,949,877.60) were recorded as collateral for short-term borrowing and long-term borrowing.

(2) At the end of current period, the Group's temporarily idle fixed assets

RMB

Items	Book value	Accumulated depreciation	Impairment provision	Book value
Machine and equipment	8,292,131.46	2,728,761.44	5,563,370.02	
Other equipment	268,037.61	225,506.25	42,531.36	

At the end of the current period, the Group's temporarily idle fixed assets included the fixed assets of the subsidiary, Zhejiang Jiafeng. The Group made provision for impairment of related assets in accordance with the requirements of the book value and the recoverable amount.

(3) At the beginning and the end of the period, no fixed asset was held under finance lease.

(4) At the beginning and the end of the period, no fixed asset was leased to others under operating leases.

(5) Fixed assets of the Group without property right certificate at the end of the current period

RMB

Items	Book value	Reasons for failure to complete the property right certificate
Industrial glass block house (no. 1)	12,832,988.83	Power supply certificate is still in process
110KV transmission line	7,535,215.02	Power supply certificate is still in process
Anhui Phase II Project glass block house	549,477,694.50	Power supply certificate is still in process

14. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

Items

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Construction in progress	1,455,294,164.14	2,867,765,142.38
Engineering materials	617,554,735.95	199,442,725.12
To all	<u>2,072,848,900.09</u>	<u>3,067,207,867.50</u>

Construction in progress

(1) Construction in progress

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Annulment of 1,200,000 on of PV core glass project	754,659,250.69	270,384,014.38
Annulment of 750,000 on of, low-aluminum and, low-aluminum aluminum panel manufacturing project for solar, silicon	41,447,544.97	823,934,022.33
Annulment of 750,000 on of PV core glass project Phase III	401,228,842.23	156,279,422.21
Annulment of 42 million, a measure of PV backplane project	34,672,250.50	75,478,773.23
Production line technical transformation project	55,256,665.36	33,740,880.86
Annulment of 750,000 on of PV core glass project Phase II	18,748,570.88	1,129,878,953.18
Other	149,281,039.51	378,069,076.19
To all	<u>1,455,294,164.14</u>	<u>2,867,765,142.38</u>

(2) Change in major construction project in progress in the current half year

RMB

Project name	Budget	Transfer					Project cumulative investment accounted for the proportion of the closing budget	Project progress	Capitalization				Sources of funds
		Opening amount	Increase in the current half year	Transfer amount from fixed assets in the current half year	Transfer amount into fixed assets in the current half year	Transfer amount into others in the current half year			Accumulated amount of interest in the current half year	Including: the amount of interest capitalization in the current half year	rate of interest in the current half year		
Annulment of 750,000 on of PV co-e glaz project - Phase II	1,405,235,500.00	1,129,878,953.18	211,005,699.18		1,322,136,081.48	18,748,570.88	94.09%	94.09%				Proceed of non-public finance	
Annulment of 750,000 on of : Flat and high-rise building maintenance project for Phase II	1,985,837,800.00	823,934,022.33	467,758,734.39		1,250,245,211.75	41,447,544.97	65.05%	65.05%	8,869,722.99	8,869,722.99	4.35%	Completion of capital bond	
1,200,000 on of PV co-e glaz project	2,244,595,500.00	270,384,014.38	484,275,236.31			754,659,250.69	33.62%	33.62%				Completion of capital	
Annulment of 750,000 on of PV co-e glaz project - Phase III	1,466,011,800.00	156,279,422.21	244,949,420.02			401,228,842.23	27.37%	27.37%				Completion of capital	
Annulment of 42 million : a new PV backbone project	470,427,500.00	75,478,773.23	99,182,872.27		139,989,395.00	34,672,250.50	37.13%	37.13%				Proceed of non-public finance	

- (3) At the end of the concerned year, there was no indication of impairment of the Goodwill recognized in the opening balance sheet, and no provision for impairment was made.

Engineering material

RMB

Items	Book balance	Closing balance	Book value
		Provision for impairment	
Specialized equipment	419,747,327.78		419,747,327.78
Refacory material	97,274,681.59		97,274,681.59
Electric wire and cable	56,708,222.92		56,708,222.92
Steel and wire rod	14,977,577.30		14,977,577.30
Other	28,846,926.36		28,846,926.36
Toal	<u>617,554,735.95</u>		<u>617,554,735.95</u>

Item	Book balance	Opening balance	Book balance
		Provision for impairment	
Specialized equipment	93,343,324.42		93,343,324.42
Refacory material	78,024,378.03		78,024,378.03
Electric wire and cable	6,730,582.58		6,730,582.58
Steel and wire rod	2,105,446.45		2,105,446.45
Other	19,238,993.64		19,238,993.64
Toal	<u>199,442,725.12</u>		<u>199,442,725.12</u>

15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	<i>RMB</i>
Items	Land
I. Book value	
1. Opening balance	191,102,069.02
2. Amount increased in the current period	5,657,965.56
(1) Exchange difference on foreign currency financial statement translation	5,657,965.56
3. Closing balance	196,760,034.58
II. Accumulated depreciation	
1. Opening balance	21,031,196.80
2. Amount increased in the current period	3,086,706.44
(1) Depreciated	2,407,419.35
3. Exchange difference on foreign currency financial statement translation	679,287.09
4. Closing balance	24,117,903.24
III. Book value	
1. Closing book value	172,642,131.34
2. Opening book value	<u>170,070,872.22</u>

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

RMB

Items	Land use right	Emission on rights	Mining rights	Energy use rights	Software	Total
I. Book value						
1. Opening balance	469,457,768.42	51,365,606.04	232,964,000.00	144,731,091.46	7,595,886.72	906,114,352.64
2. Amortization incurred in the period	155,661,162.26	3,311,080.84	3,482,808,505.33		7,158.42	3,641,787,906.85
(1) Purchased	155,661,162.26	3,311,080.84				158,972,243.10
(2) Acquired in business combination			3,482,808,505.33		7,158.42	3,482,815,663.75
3. Closing balance	625,118,930.68	54,676,686.88	3,715,772,505.33	144,731,091.46	7,603,045.14	4,547,902,259.49
II. Accumulated amortization						
1. Opening balance	65,991,809.40	28,804,914.09	144,989,611.68		3,619,221.38	243,405,556.55
2. Amortization incurred in the period	5,731,953.86	3,280,638.33	271,591,020.62		331,608.56	280,935,221.37
(1) Provided	5,731,953.86	3,280,638.33	232,727,028.02		327,233.86	242,066,854.07
(2) Acquired in business combination			38,863,992.60		4,374.70	38,868,367.30
3. Closing balance	71,723,763.26	32,085,552.42	416,580,632.30		3,950,829.94	524,340,777.92
III. Book value						
1. Closing book value	553,395,167.42	22,591,134.46	3,299,191,873.03	144,731,091.46	3,652,215.20	4,023,561,481.57
2. Opening book value	403,465,959.02	22,560,691.95	87,974,388.32	144,731,091.46	3,976,665.34	662,708,796.08

At the end of the reporting period, the land use right with the net book value of RMB320,919,034.69 (at the end of the last year: RMB324,758,897.07) was transferred to long-term prepaid expenses.

17. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

(1) Deferred tax assets before offsetting

RMB

Items	Closing balance		Opening balance	
	Deductible temporary difference	Deferred tax assets	Deductible temporary difference	Deferred tax assets
Provision for impairment	29,810,459.76	4,486,912.28	32,144,952.12	4,837,086.14
Provision for credit loss	76,278,402.10	12,092,787.29	54,975,356.64	8,999,635.21
Deferred expense	64,503,881.87	10,169,077.10	25,441,145.12	4,331,055.32
Deferred expense for fixed assets	34,914,538.51	5,237,180.78	33,101,192.39	4,965,178.86
Share payment	27,829,233.33	4,174,385.00	16,200,234.30	2,430,035.15
Profit and loss arising from change in fair value	3,598,130.06	593,691.47		
To total	<u>236,934,645.64</u>	<u>36,754,033.92</u>	<u>161,862,880.57</u>	<u>25,562,990.68</u>

(2) Deferred tax liabilities before offsetting

RMB

Items	Closing balance		Opening balance	
	Taxable temporary differences	Deferred tax liabilities	Taxable temporary difference	Deferred tax liabilities
Provision for impairment on joint stock company	11,919,133.92	1,787,870.09	12,518,486.60	1,877,772.99
Accelerated depreciation of fixed assets	713,476,202.24	107,021,430.34	765,840,684.05	114,876,102.61
Trial production cost	55,206,014.74	8,280,902.21	59,015,677.76	8,852,351.67
Profit and loss arising from change in fair value	—	—	62,739.00	10,351.94
To total	<u>780,601,350.90</u>	<u>117,090,202.64</u>	<u>837,437,587.41</u>	<u>125,616,579.21</u>

(3) The net balances of deferred tax assets or liabilities after offsetting

RMB

Items	Closing balance		Opening balance	
	Offset amount of		Offset amount of	
	deferred tax		deferred tax	
	assets and liabilities at the end of the period	deferred tax assets or liabilities after offsetting	assets and liabilities at the end of the period	deferred tax assets or liabilities after offsetting
Deferred tax assets	32,302,660.14	4,451,373.78	21,400,325.38	4,162,665.30
Deferred tax liabilities	<u>(32,302,660.14)</u>	<u>84,787,542.50</u>	<u>21,400,325.38</u>	<u>104,216,253.83</u>

(4) Deductible losses and other temporary difference of unrecognized deferred tax asset Items

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Deductible losses	43,939,270.13	30,690,640.30
Other	<u>7,809,355.63</u>	<u>1,080,737.08</u>
Total	<u><u>51,748,625.75</u></u>	<u><u>31,771,377.38</u></u>

- (5) *The deductible losses of unrecognized deferred tax assets will expire in the following years:*

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
2022	—	—
2023	—	—
2024	—	—
2025	14,334,627.90	—
2026	11,015,764.48	19,674,875.82
2027	18,588,877.75	11,015,764.48
Total	<u>43,939,270.13</u>	<u>30,690,640.30</u>

18. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Construction prepayment	997,017,701.29	789,953,029.11
Prepaid income	74,350,906.30	74,350,906.30
Prepaid deposit for land	—	2,600,000.00
Total	<u>1,071,368,607.59</u>	<u>866,903,935.41</u>

19. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Mortgage borrowing	1,089,899,000.00	1,513,906,500.00
Credit borrowing	510,805,200.00	240,000,000.00
Bill discounting borrowing	365,547,866.84	106,790,000.00
Total	<u>1,966,252,066.84</u>	<u>1,860,696,500.00</u>

At the end of the current half year, the Group had no short-term borrowings that were secured.

20. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Derivative financial liabilities that have been specified hedging relation with		
Including: Forward foreign exchange contracts	76,558.35	
Forward foreign exchange option contracts	3,521,571.71	
Total	<u>3,598,130.06</u>	

Note: The Group used forward foreign exchange contracts and forward foreign exchange option contracts as a hedge against hedging in foreign currencies, and the gain or loss arising from change in fair value are recognized directly in profit or loss in the current period.

23. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

RMB		
Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Advance payment from customer for good	<u>119,823,950.23</u>	<u>352,681,717.14</u>
Total	<u><u>119,823,950.23</u></u>	<u><u>352,681,717.14</u></u>

24. PAYROLL PAYABLE

(1) Listing of payroll payable

RMB				
Items	Opening balance	Increase in the current period	Decrease in the current period	Closing balance
I. Short-term employee benefits	66,290,653.03	294,873,561.99	310,537,292.55	50,626,922.47
II. Long-term employee benefits				
Defined contribution plan	<u>1,229,049.56</u>	<u>24,169,262.34</u>	<u>23,748,513.42</u>	<u>1,649,798.48</u>
Total	<u><u>67,519,702.59</u></u>	<u><u>319,042,824.33</u></u>	<u><u>334,285,805.97</u></u>	<u><u>52,276,720.95</u></u>

(2) *Listing of short-term remuneration*

					RMB
Items	Opening balance	Increase in the current period	Decrease in the current period		Closing balance
I. Wage or salary, bonus, allowance and subsidy	61,966,998.51	257,482,459.00	271,237,994.76		48,211,462.75
II. Staff welfare	(45,540.00)	12,794,977.98	12,749,437.98		-
III. Social insurance	764,463.84	13,474,140.26	12,648,161.01		1,590,443.11
Including: Medical insurance	852,653.87	11,565,483.93	11,045,090.58		1,373,047.24
Work-related injury insurance	(124,829.85)	1,632,192.71	1,339,514.49		167,848.37
Maternity insurance	36,639.82	276,463.62	263,555.94		49,547.50
IV. Housing fund	674,036.00	6,199,563.00	6,182,954.00		690,645.00
V. Education fund & labor union	2,930,694.68	4,922,421.75	7,718,744.80		134,371.63
Total	<u>66,290,653.03</u>	<u>294,873,561.99</u>	<u>310,537,292.55</u>		<u>50,626,922.49</u>

(3) Listing of defined contribution plan

RMB				
Items	Opening balance	Increase in the current period	Decrease in the current period	Closing balance
1. Basic pension insurance	1,194,514.09	23,326,898.79	22,916,199.62	1,605,213.26
2. Unemployment insurance	34,535.47	842,363.55	832,313.80	44,585.22
Toal	1,229,049.56	24,169,262.34	23,748,513.42	1,649,798.48

Defined contribution plan:

The Group has established pension insurance and unemployment insurance schemes established by government agencies and insured. According to the scheme, the Group has monthly fee of the pension plan a 14% and 0.5% of the employee's basic wage. Except for the above monthly paid fee, the Group does not undertake for the payment obligation. The corresponding pension expense is recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the expense incurred.

During the period from 1 January to 30 June 2022, the Group has paid a total of RMB22,916,199.62 and RMB832,313.80 of the pension insurance and unemployment insurance scheme respectively. As of 30 June 2022, the Group's RMB1,605,213.26 and RMB44,585.22 have had been accrued but not paid for the pension insurance and unemployment insurance scheme. The payable has been paid after the end of the period.

25. TAXES PAYABLE

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Enterprise income tax	137,540,553.53	11,387,361.66
VAT	60,173,597.79	11,359,752.88
Land use tax	10,598,995.91	9,461,877.50
City maintenance and construction tax	3,594,770.01	2,130,901.26
Education, culture and local education surcharge	2,176,228.58	1,746,134.73
Individual income tax	444,435.38	643,392.80
Other	21,898,869.02	11,900,066.02
Total	<u>236,427,450.22</u>	<u>48,629,486.85</u>

26. OTHER PAYABLES

Items

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Interest payable	7,398,469.04	4,225,184.38
Dividend payable	791,200.00	791,200.00
Other payable	672,485,580.43	131,648,032.65
Total	<u>680,675,249.47</u>	<u>136,664,417.03</u>

(1) Interest payables

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Interest for long-term borrowing		
Interest paid in installments and principal paid due to maturity	4,707,174.52	2,297,774.10
Interest payable for short-term borrowing	1,310,472.60	1,927,410.28
Interest payable for Convertible Bond	1,380,821.92	
Total	<u>7,398,469.04</u>	<u>4,225,184.38</u>

(2) Dividends payables

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Dividend on ordinary shares	<u>791,200.00</u>	<u>791,200.00</u>
Total	<u>791,200.00</u>	<u>791,200.00</u>

(3) Other payables

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Employee accommodation		
Wages	520,947,600.00	-
Tax and social security	74,245,605.06	77,755,114.87
Reduced share incentive scheme	23,755,790.41	15,828,272.51
Other	30,104,000.00	32,096,200.00
	23,432,584.96	5,968,445.27
Total	672,485,580.43	131,648,032.65

At the end of the period, the Group had no other payable with an ageing of more than one year and a significant amount.

27. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Long-term borrowings	1,006,528,929.80	310,100,070.52
Long-term payable	52,220,000.00	-
Lease liabilities	635,514.93	-
Total	1,059,384,444.73	310,100,070.52

28. LONG-TERM BORROWINGS

(1) Categories of long-term borrowings

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Pledged borrowings	902,428,929.80	998,412,983.63
Secured borrowings	3,196,000,000.00	1,278,800,000.00
Leased: Pledged borrowings denominated in RMB		
1 year	902,428,929.80	303,864,555.59
Leased: Secured borrowings denominated in RMB		
1 year	104,100,000.00	5,600,000.00
Total	<u>3,091,900,000.00</u>	<u>1,967,748,428.04</u>

29. BONDS PAYABLES

(1) Bonds payables

RMB

Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Bond payable	<u>3,660,546,167.06</u>	<u></u>

(2) Changes in bonds payable

RMB

Name of bond	Par value	Issuing date	Term of the bond	Issue amount	Opening balance	Issuance for the current period	Accrued interests at par value	Amortization of premium/ discount	Conversion for the current period	Repayment for the current period	Closing balance
Flat Glass Company Limited Corporate Bond	100	2022-5-20	6 ea	4,000,000,000.00		3,643,685,913.42	1,380,821.92	18,241,075.56			3,660,546,167.06
Total				<u>4,000,000,000.00</u>	<u></u>	<u>3,643,685,913.42</u>	<u>1,380,821.92</u>	<u>18,241,075.56</u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u>3,660,546,167.06</u>

(3) Description of conditions and timing of conversion for convertible bonds

Approved by CSRC Approval [2022] No. 664, the Group issued 40 million convertible bonds with a nominal value of RMB100 on 20 May 2022. The annual coupon rate shall be 0.3% in the first year, 0.5% in the second year, 1.0% in the third year, 1.5% in the fourth year, 1.8% in the fifth year and 2% in the sixth year. The payment method shall be paid on an annual basis shall be adopted and the principal shall be repaid and the interest for the last year shall be repaid. The term of the A Share Convertible Corporate Bond, under the interest, shall be calculated from the date of the interest, namely 20 May 2022 to 19 May 2028.

The conversion period of the A Share Convertible Bond, under the interest, shall commence on the first trading date immediately following the date of the interest-monetary period after the date of the interest of the convertible bond (26 May 2022), and end on the maturity date of the convertible bond (28 November 2022 to 19 May 2028).

The initial conversion price of convertible corporate bond, under the interest, is RMB43.94 per share. After the interest, in case of certain events, such as distribution of cash dividends, conversion increase of share capital, interest of new shares (including an increase in the share capital as a result of conversion of the convertible corporate bond, under the interest), rights issue and distribution of cash dividends, the price of the convertible share shall be adjusted accordingly. During the term of the A Share Convertible Corporate Bond, under the interest, the closing price of share of the Company on at least 15 trading days of an 30 consecutive trading days shall be less than 90% of the prevailing conversion price, the Board is entitled to propose and adopt adjustment of the conversion price and, by majority of the Shareholders, the Shareholders' general meeting for the consideration and approval.

During the conversion period, the Company has the right to redeem all or part of the A Share Convertible Bond which has not been converted in order to have based on the actual balance of the account in the end of the year the closing price of A Share of the Company for a least 15 trading days of an 30 consecutive trading days are not less than 130% (including 130%) of the prevailing conversion price of the balance of the outstanding A Share Convertible Bond, under the interest loss shall not exceed RMB30 million.

Within 2 years after the maturity of the A Share Convertible Bond, the closing price of the Company's A Share is not less than 70% of the then Conversion Price for 30 consecutive trading days, the Bondholder are entitled to sell all or part of the A Share Convertible Bond held by them back to the Company at the face value of the interest account.

If the Company's actual change of the net proceeds from the Proposed Interest is materially different from the undertaking of the net proceeds set out in the Offering Document, and such difference is considered by the CSRC as a change in the net proceeds, the Bondholder shall have a one-off right to sell all or part of the A Share Convertible Bond held by them back to the Company at the face value of the interest account. Under the said scenario, the Bondholder may sell their A Share Convertible Bond back to the Company during the sell back declaration period. If the Bondholder do not exercise their sell back right during the sell back declaration period, such right shall automatically lapse.

The fair value of the liability component was determined as the price, including an emission make-in fee, for a similar bond which has the same characteristics. The residual amount was assigned to the equity component and included in the holders' equity.

The above convertible corporate bond issued has been classified in the liability and equity components as follows:

RMB

Items	Debt composition	Equity composition	Total
Amount of convertible corporate bond issued	3,664,830,887.89	335,169,112.11	4,000,000,000.00
Discount acquisition fee	(21,144,974.47)	(1,933,825.20)	(23,078,799.67)
Balance on the date of issuance	3,643,685,913.42	333,235,286.91	3,976,921,200.33
Interest payable	(1,380,821.92)		(1,380,821.92)
Premium and discount amortization	18,241,075.56		18,241,075.56
Conversion fee for the half year			
Balance at 30 June 2022	<u>3,660,546,167.06</u>	<u>333,235,286.91</u>	<u>3,993,781,453.97</u>

30. LEASE LIABILITIES

RMB

Classification	Closing balance	Opening balance
Lease liabilities	11,320,751.04	11,515,218.22
Lease liabilities included in non-current liabilities due within one year	635,514.93	635,514.93
Net amount	10,685,236.11	10,879,703.29

31. DEFERRED REVENUE

RMB

Items	Opening balance	Increased in the current period	Decreased in the current period	Closing balance
Government grant	25,441,145.12	45,804,800.00	6,742,063.25	64,503,881.87
Total	25,441,145.12	45,804,800.00	6,742,063.25	64,503,881.87

Item in original document is :

RMB

Items	Opening balance	Increase amount for the period	Decrease in the current period	Closing balance	Asset-related/revenue-related
Jiaxing City 2012 financial batch of industrial development fund grant amount of 170,000 Yuan of LOW Energy and decarbonizing project 2#Floa Kiln	133,333.06		100,000.02	33,333.04	Asset-related
Jiaxing City 2012 financial batch of financial grant 2#production line of face plate glass heating, lithium phosphate project heating, production of heating boiler and steam turbine generator	190,291.55		49,999.98	140,291.57	Asset-related
Annual production of 15 million, a member of the old oil, a heating glass production project	424,778.42		250,000.02	174,778.40	Asset-related
Jiaxing City 2012 financial batch of industrial development fund grant 2#600/d glass melting face plate glass heating boiler generator for heating production technical transformation project	83,495.42		49,999.98	33,495.44	Asset-related
TCO, 1# heating and electricity film project grant	603,783.23		603,783.23	0.00	Asset-related
Jiaxing City 2012 financial batch of industrial development fund, bid amount of 15 million, a member of the old oil, a heating glass production project 1#Pho oil kiln	950,494.77		250,000.02	700,494.75	Asset-related

Items	Opening balance	Increase amount for the period	Decrease in the current period	Closing balance	Asset-related/revenue-related
2014 industrial information and engineering (central information system) Flat Glass annual production of 5.8 million square meters LOW-E glass deep processing project	2,790,000.00		465,000.00	2,325,000.00	Asset-related
Glass melting furnace equipment technology project	4,679,443.73		586,666.74	4,092,776.99	Asset-related
Jiangyin Finance Base 2011 glass melting furnace equipment heating gas generator project	739,999.84		184,999.98	554,999.86	Asset-related
The first phase of distributed PV project construction	4,014,720.00		167,280.00	3,847,440.00	Asset-related
The second phase of distributed PV project construction	1,134,115.59		46,607.52	1,087,508.07	Asset-related
Annual production of 5.8 million square meters LOW-E glass deep processing project	4,234,724.00		409,812.00	3,824,912.00	Asset-related
Annual production of 12 million square meters of high-end phenolic glass project	1,684,065.48		174,213.72	1,509,851.76	Asset-related
Glass backplane processing workshop annual output of 28 million square meters	2,877,900.00		172,674.00	2,705,226.00	Asset-related
Subsidies for improving the equipment of industrial	900,000.03	1,000,000.00	99,999.96	1,800,000.07	Asset-related
Subsidies for Industrial Innovation and Making Enterprises Innovative, and Distributed and Localized		3,600,000.00	187,826.08	3,412,173.92	Asset-related
Fenggang Company's government subsidies and funded new kinetic energy project					
Industrial information and engineering making economic development and the government subsidies		41,204,800.00	2,943,200.00	38,261,600.00	Asset-related
Total	25,441,145.12	45,804,800.00	6,742,063.25	64,503,881.87	

32. LONG-TERM PAYMENTS

RMB

33. SHARE CAPITAL

RMB

34. OTHER EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

RMB

35. CAPITAL RESERVE

RMB

Items	Opening balance	Inc ea e in he c en e iod	Dec ea e in he c en e iod	Closing balance
Share e mi m	4,780,117,627.53			4,780,117,627.53
Other capital e e e	52,650,634.30	15,842,999.03		68,493,633.33
Total	4,832,768,261.83	15,842,999.03		4,848,611,260.86

36. TREASURY STOCK

RMB

Items	Opening balance	Inc ea e fo he e iod	Dec ea e fo he e iod (No e 1)	Closing balance
Share-ba ed e a men	32,096,200.00		1,992,200.00	30,104,000.00
Total	32,096,200.00		1,992,200.00	30,104,000.00

Note 1: On 25 Ma 2022, the Company achieved the condition of the share repurchase plan of the 2020 Restricted Share Incentive Scheme for the restricted share period, and the share has been decelerated by RMB1,992,200.00 accordingly.

37. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

RMB

Items	Amount incurred in the current period					Closing balance
	Opening balance	Amount before income tax incurred in the current period	Less: income tax	Amount attributable to the Company after income tax	Amount attributable to minority shareholders after income tax	
I. Other comprehensive income that will be classified in profit or loss after tax						-
II. Other comprehensive income that will be classified in profit or loss after tax	(7,613,180.72)	29,889,259.45		29,889,259.45		22,276,078.73
Exchange difference on foreign currency financial statement translation	(4,685,441.82)	29,586,440.51		29,586,440.51		24,900,998.69
Change in fair value of financial receivable	(2,927,738.90)	302,818.94		302,818.94		(2,624,919.96)
Total other comprehensive income	(7,613,180.72)	29,889,259.45		29,889,259.45		22,276,078.73

38. SPECIAL RESERVE

RMB

Items	Opening balance	Increase in the current period	Decrease in the current period	Closing balance
Safe deposit box	17,266,053.61	6,557,571.38	207,368.35	23,616,256.64
Total	17,266,053.61	6,557,571.38	207,368.35	23,616,256.64

39. SURPLUS RESERVE

RMB

Items	Opening balance	Increase in the current period	Decrease in the current period	Closing balance
Surplus reserve	268,361,656.75			268,361,656.75
Total	268,361,656.75			268,361,656.75

40. UNDISTRIBUTED PROFIT

RMB

Items	Current period	Carried forward
Opening balance of the undistributed profit	6,194,759,167.82	4,449,556,361.77
Add: Net profit attributable to the shareholders of the company in the current period	1,002,747,876.79	1,261,029,989.03
Less: Accumulated loss attributable to the shareholders		
Dividend payable	—	321,928,988.10
Closing balance of the undistributed profit	7,197,507,044.61	5,388,657,362.70

41. OPERATING REVENUE AND OPERATING COST

(1) Operating revenue and operating cost

RMB

Items	Amount for the period		Amount for the period	
	Revenue	Cost	Revenue	Cost
Main business	7,285,660,785.13	5,647,016,606.15	4,006,038,420.77	2,239,800,101.33
Other business	18,830,553.83	3,492,062.29	21,984,067.79	5,411,353.97
Total	<u>7,304,491,338.96</u>	<u>5,650,508,668.44</u>	<u>4,028,022,488.56</u>	<u>2,245,211,455.30</u>

(2) Revenue from contract

RMB

Contract classification	Total
Business of product	
PV glass	6,468,102,101.23
Floating glass	154,622,632.87
Household glass	180,626,503.87
Architectural glass	319,281,955.84
Other	161,935,169.23
Income from other business	19,922,975.92
Business region	
The mainland of China	5,896,527,530.36
Asia and other continental region (excluding the mainland of China)	1,165,341,157.52
Europe	101,446,157.93
North America	128,647,285.93
Other	<u>12,529,207.22</u>

(3) Performance obligations

The Group's main business activities are the production and sale of glass products. Generally, there is only one performance obligation to deliver good in the relevant sale contract, and the consideration for the sale of the product is determined according to the fixed price agreed in the sale contract order. The Group recognizes the revenue at the time when the control of the relevant product is transferred to the customer. The Group's revenue is derived from

43. SELLING EXPENSES

			RMB
Items	Amount for the period	Amount for the period	
Advertising fee change	37,008,523.79	44,217,828.05	
Employee compensation and welfare	6,421,048.50	5,780,602.46	
Advertising fee	5,149,776.66	4,731,980.16	
Depreciation and amortization	12,678.08	4,459.85	
Other	1,058,146.31	1,707,952.14	
Total	<u>49,650,173.34</u>	<u>56,442,822.66</u>	

44. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

			RMB
Items	Amount for the period	Amount for the period	
Employee compensation and benefit	67,324,035.28	68,897,778.55	
Depreciation and amortization	14,925,107.74	10,538,835.21	
Green and environmental protection fee	5,829,406.63	3,592,433.81	
Laboratory	8,149,166.34	4,361,248.05	
Office expense	4,722,203.38	4,143,592.54	
Selling expense	1,148,929.54	1,023,170.67	
Intermedia agency service fee	9,125,268.49	1,998,236.41	
Transportation expense	1,122,452.13	1,105,866.39	
Repair and maintenance fee	362,943.45	188,692.64	
Other	13,690,082.76	11,269,219.21	
Total	<u>126,399,595.74</u>	<u>107,119,073.48</u>	

45. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

RMB

Items	Amount for the period	Amount for the period
Employee remuneration and benefits	55,813,432.48	39,118,507.52
Director's remuneration	165,135,312.47	134,017,800.27
Depreciation and amortization	12,128,571.42	11,096,518.97
Other	21,977,320.23	15,805,687.54
Total	<u>255,054,636.60</u>	<u>200,038,514.30</u>

47. OTHER REVENUE

RMB		
Items	Amount for the period	Amount for the period
Distributed PV 2023 generation project gain	2,503,473.27	3,052,823.35
Deferred income amortization	6,742,063.25	6,234,579.97
Government grant	31,622,824.40	3,049,188.99
Total	40,868,360.92	12,336,592.31

48. INVESTMENT INCOME (LOSS)

RMB		
Items	Amount for the period	Amount for the period
Income from long-term equity investments, under the cost method	3,582,923.60	2,834,046.74
Investment income from structured real estate management	450,000.00	7,842,906.41
Derivative tool 2023 whose specified hedging relation has	166,920.00	9,504,060.00
Including: Forward foreign exchange contract income	166,920.00	9,504,060.00
Investment income from equity investments		1,406,250.00
Total	4,199,843.60	21,587,263.15

49. GAINS AND LOSSES ARISING FROM CHANGES IN FAIR VALUE

RMB

	Amount for the period	Amount for the period
Derivative tool whose hedge specified hedging relation has		
Including: Forward foreign exchange contract	(139,297.35)	769,335.76
Forward foreign exchange option contract	(3,521,571.71)	(929,377.38)
Total	<u>(3,660,869.06)</u>	<u>(160,041.62)</u>

50. CREDIT IMPAIRMENT LOSSES

RMB

Items	Amount for the period	Amount for the period
Credit impairment gain (loss) on bill receivable	(6,427,253.22)	(751,658.54)
Credit impairment gain (loss) on trade receivable	(22,204,626.25)	31,247,735.89
Total	<u>(28,631,879.47)</u>	<u>30,496,077.35</u>

51. ASSETS IMPAIRMENT LOSSES

RMB

Items	Amount for the period	Amount for the period
Impairment losses	(6,723,522.16)	(4,329,681.98)
Total	<u>(6,723,522.16)</u>	<u>(4,329,681.98)</u>

52. GAINS (LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF ASSET

RMB

Items	Amount for the period	Amount for the period
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	1,375,064.85	1,017,352.08
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(10,526,063.59)	(1,967,369.20)
Total	<u>(9,150,998.74)</u>	<u>(950,017.12)</u>

53. NON-OPERATING INCOME

RMB

Items	Amount for the period	Amount for the period	Non-operating income and losses in the current period
Governance (Net)	813,591.12	3,031,418.86	813,591.12
Other	<u>1,278,512.69</u>	<u>323,710.32</u>	<u>1,278,512.69</u>
Total	<u>2,092,103.81</u>	<u>3,355,129.18</u>	<u>2,092,103.81</u>

Note 1: For details of governance included in the current period, please refer to Note 5 Governance.

54. NON-OPERATING EXPENSES

RMB

Items	Amount for the period	Amount for the period	Non-operating income and loss in the current period
Environmental donation	2,153,838.80	96,215.63	2,153,838.80
Other	100,532.01	613,545.07	100,532.01
Total	<u>2,254,370.81</u>	<u>709,760.70</u>	<u>2,254,370.81</u>

55. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

RMB

Items	Amount for the period	Amount for the period
Current period income tax expense	148,981,006.01	174,526,224.63
Income tax made over (refunded) for the period	(34,612,628.52)	(3,163,584.23)
Deferred income tax expense	(19,717,419.82)	13,522,107.48
Total	<u>94,650,957.67</u>	<u>184,884,747.88</u>

Reconciliation between income statement and accounting profit is as follows:

RMB

Items	Amount for the period
Total profit	1,097,398,834.46
Income tax expense calculated at a rate of 15%	164,609,825.15
Effect of subsidiary adoption difference at a rate	12,564,367.57
Effect of non-deductible costs, expenses and losses	2,629,649.13
Effect of non-deductible income	(367,398.64)
Effect on make or buy (find) of the income tax for the period	(34,612,628.53)
Tax effect on an incentive	(20,921,010.36)
Effect of effect of deductible losses on the income tax recognized deferred income at a rate	(1,335,061.98)
Effect of deductible expense on a difference of deductible losses of recognized deferred income in the period	3,950,073.84
Change in opening balance of deferred income /liabilities due to the change in a rate	-
Effect on each and development cost attributable deduction	31,866,858.51
Income tax expense	<u>94,650,957.67</u>

56. ITEMS IN CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(1) Other cash received and related to operating activities

RMB		
Items	Amount in the current period	Amount in the latest period
Government grant	80,744,688.79	10,133,431.20
Interest income	25,931,363.85	21,301,664.66
Margin	15,827,360.46	220,000.00
Other	1,278,512.69	2,502,872.22
Total	<u>123,781,925.79</u>	<u>34,157,968.08</u>

(2) Other cash paid and related to operating activities

RMB		
Items	Amount in the current period	Amount in the latest period
Paid fee	189,877,482.10	386,948,191.87
Margin	72,653.66	21,481,763.42
Charitable donation expense	2,153,838.80	96,215.63
Handling charge	5,090,053.54	1,157,900.91
Other	4,974,227.81	5,331,515.31
Total	<u>202,168,255.91</u>	<u>415,015,587.14</u>

(5) Other cash received and related to fundraising activities

RMB

Items	Amount in the current period	Amount in the latest period
Recovery of restricted monetary fund	<u>466,542,322.25</u>	<u>459,117,039.95</u>
Total	<u><u>466,542,322.25</u></u>	<u><u>459,117,039.95</u></u>

(6) Other cash paid and related to fundraising activities

RMB

Items	Amount in the current period	Amount in the latest period
Payment of restricted monetary fund	<u>495,034,111.04</u>	<u>730,523,947.73</u>
Change for non-public issuance	-	17,908,619.14
Expense on issuance of convertible corporate bond	<u>1,078,799.67</u>	<u>94,339.63</u>
Total	<u><u>496,112,910.71</u></u>	<u><u>748,526,906.50</u></u>

57. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(1) Supplementary information for cash flow statement

RMB

	Amount in the current period	Amount in the last period
(1) Adjust net profit to cash flow from operating activities		
Net profit	1,002,747,876.79	1,261,029,989.03
Add: Decrease in prepayment provision	6,723,522.16	4,329,681.98
Decrease in prepayment loss (gain)	28,631,879.47	(30,496,077.35)
Increase in other receivables	715,735.20	715,735.20
Decrease in fixed assets	355,898,987.44	219,267,472.76
Decrease in long-term deferred assets	2,407,419.35	2,367,974.74
Amortization of intangible assets	242,066,854.07	11,906,352.80
Amortization of long-term prepaid expenses	1,261,756.85	1,145,392.36
Loss from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets (gain)	9,150,998.74	950,017.12
Financial expense	3,660,869.06	160,041.62
Financial expense	150,868,000.63	34,644,318.71
Increase in gain	(4,199,843.60)	(21,587,263.15)
Decrease in deferred income taxes (increase)	(288,708.48)	2,228,072.31
Increase in deferred income tax liability (decrease)	(19,428,711.33)	11,294,035.17
Decrease in inventory (increase)	772,843,489.17	(648,200,026.51)
Increase in other receivables (decrease)	(2,370,476,466.47)	(855,995,548.19)
Increase in other payable	708,230,611.01	391,916,423.87
Other	15,451,138.81	11,475,363.71
Net cash flow from operating activities	<u>906,265,408.87</u>	<u>397,151,956.18</u>

(2) Net changes in cash and cash equivalents

Balance of cash at the end of the period	3,244,825,371.34	2,190,106,192.69
Less: Balance of cash at the beginning of the period	2,101,730,679.46	1,146,171,930.13
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>1,143,094,691.88</u>	<u>1,043,934,262.56</u>

(2) *Component of cash and cash equivalents*

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
I. Cash	3,244,825,371.34	2,101,730,679.46
Including: Cash on hand	23,680.28	37,595.74
Bank deposits available for payment	3,244,801,691.06	2,101,693,083.72
II. Cash equivalents	—	—
III. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	<u>3,244,825,371.34</u>	<u>2,101,730,679.46</u>

58. **ASSETS WITH RESTRICTED OWNERSHIP OR USE RIGHTS**

RMB

Items	Book value at the end of the half year	Reasons for restriction
Monetary funds	778,425,138.48	Bill deposits, etc.
Financing receivable	39,882,313.71	Pledged to bank to obtain credit facilities
Investment properties	18,086,495.83	Pledged to bank to obtain credit facilities
Fixed assets	2,446,307,991.66	Pledged to bank to obtain credit facilities
Intangible assets	320,919,034.69	Pledged to bank to obtain credit facilities
Total	<u>3,603,620,974.37</u>	

59. FOREIGN CURRENCY MONETARY ITEM

Items	Closing balance		RMB amounts
	Foreign currency balance	Translation exchange rate	
Cash at bank and on hand			
Including: USD	74,948,522.81	6.7114	503,009,516.00
EUR	4,767,740.42	7.0084	33,414,231.96
JPY	94,814,238.00	0.0491	4,658,792.41
HKD	266,033.35	0.8552	227,509.06
GBP	3,933.46	8.1365	32,004.59
AUD	282,767.77	4.6145	1,304,831.87
Total			<u>542,646,885.89</u>
Trade receivable			
Including: USD	86,599,759.89	6.7114	581,205,628.52
EUR	325,997.51	7.0084	2,284,720.95
AUD	79,053.30	4.6145	364,791.45
Total			<u>583,855,140.92</u>
Other receivable			
Including: HKD	3,970.00	0.8552	3,395.10
Total			<u>3,395.10</u>
Trade payable			
Including: USD	3,146,630.69	6.7114	21,118,297.21
EUR	87,854.51	7.0084	615,719.56
Total			<u>21,734,016.77</u>
Bank borrowing			
Including: USD	187,462,098.79	6.7114	1,258,133,129.80
Total			<u>1,258,133,129.80</u>

60. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

RMB

Items	Asset-related/ revenue-related	Listed items	Amount for the year
Subsidie for encouraging enterprise income incentives, granted by Fenggang Co., Ltd. for operating needs of enterprise information and, upgrading and high-quality economic development	Asset	Deferred income	41,204,800.00
Rebate for dividend enterprise income for contribution, granted by Fenggang Co., Ltd. for operating needs of enterprise information and, upgrading and high-quality economic development	Revenue	Other income	21,302,900.00
Enterprise subsidy for Industrial Income Tax Taxation	Asset	Deferred income	3,600,000.00
Fund from Jiang Economic and Information Bureau for local science and technology development granted by the central government in 2022	Revenue	Other income	3,000,000.00

Items	Asset-related/ revenue-related	Listed items	Amount for the year
Distributed PV projects generation project	Revenue	Other revenue	2,503,473.27
Special incentive for accelerating the development of foreign adventure	Revenue	Other revenue	2,099,000.00
Subsidy for promoting the development of the industry	Asset	Deferred revenue	1,000,000.00
Revised for identification of municipal industry and information and single champion Jointing Economic and Information Bureau in 2022	Revenue	Other revenue	750,000.00
Refund income from handling fee for industrial income	Revenue	Other revenue	613,380.32
Subject to liaison, subsidy of the municipal industry development and guidance	Revenue	Other revenue	519,000.00
Annual green manufacturing special fund project by Jointing Economic and Information Bureau in 2021	Revenue	Other revenue	500,000.00
Subsidy in cash, under the annual effective examination policy on venture	Revenue	Other revenue	400,000.00

Items	Asset-related/ revenue-related	Listed items	Amount for the year
Incentive and subsidy of the annual high-tech one science and technology new policy of Jiaxing Xinhuo High-tech Industrial Development Zone	Revenue	Other revenue	300,000.00
Subsidy for leading talent under Ten Thousand Talent Program for Tech Star of Jiaxing Economic and Information Belt	Revenue	Other revenue	200,000.00
Other	Revenue	Other revenue / non-operating revenue	2,752,135.20
Total			<u>80,744,688.79</u>
Including: Government subsidy included in the current profit and loss			<u>34,939,888.79</u>

6. CHANGE IN COMBINATION SCOPE

1. Business combinations involving enterprises not under common control

(1) Business combinations involving enterprises not under common control in the current period

RMB

Name of acquirer	Date of acquiring the equity interest	Acquisition cost	Equity interest acquired (%)	Acquisition method	Acquisition date
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On 9 November 2021, the Company received the Interim Letter on the Information Disclosure of the Reorganization Plan of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. (Shanghai Stock Exchange Official Letter [2021] No. 2868, hereinafter referred to as the Interim Letter) from the Shanghai Stock Exchange, details of which are set out in the Announcement of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. on Receiving the Interim Letter on Information Disclosure of Reorganization Plan of the Shanghai Stock Exchange (Announcement No.: 2021-111) disclosed by the Company on 10 November 2021. The Revised Announcement of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. on the Interim Letter of the Shanghai Stock Exchange on the Information Disclosure of the Reorganization Plan of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. (Announcement No.: 2021-127) and the Announcement on the Revision of the Major Asset Purchase Plan of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. (Announcement No.: 2021-128) were disclosed on 15 December 2021.

The Company disclosed the Announcement on the Progress of Major Asset Reorganization of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. on 27 November 2021, 28 December 2021 and 27 January 2022 (see the Company's announcements, No. 2021-123, 2021-131 and 2022-003 for details, respectively).

After evaluation and audit, the final value of the transaction was determined to be RMB3,343,947,600 through negotiation of both parties based on the audit and evaluation of the Purchase Plan of the 2020 audit report of the Company, the 2020 financial report of the target company audited by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants LLP, Nanjing Branch and the reference to the final valuation of the transaction, all indicators do not exceed 50% of the total audited value, net asset and operating income of the Company for 2020 after completing the relevant financial indicators of the target value of the transaction. Such financial indicators of the Company, failing to meet the standards for major asset reorganization specified

The Company held the 15th meeting of the 11th session of the board of directors on 13 February 2022, during which the revised and approved the Resolution on the Acquisition of Controlling a Major Associate Reorganization and the Termination Procedure of the Major Associate Reorganization and the Resolution on the Company's Acquisition of 100% Equity of Anhui Dahua Oil and Gas Mining Co., Ltd.* held by Anhui Fenghua Mining Group Co., Ltd.* and 100% Equity of Anhui Sanli Mining Co., Ltd.*, according to which, the Company has approved to purchase 100% equity of Anhui Dahua Oil and Gas Mining Co., Ltd.* (Dahua Mining) held by Anhui Fenghua Mining Group Co., Ltd. and 100% equity of Anhui Sanli Mining Co., Ltd.* by making cash and, in making liability, with a total transaction price of RMB3,343,947,600. For details, please refer to the Announcement on the Acquisition of 100% Equity of Anhui Dahua Oil and Gas Mining Co., Ltd. and 100% Equity of Anhui

Estimated on the basis of fair value of combination, combination consideration and change:

According to the Anhui Oriental Reorganization of the Anhui Oriental of the All E, the Value of Shareholder of Anhui Dahua Oriental Mining Co., Ltd. Included in the Proposed E, Acquisition of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. (KunYuan Anhui Oriental Reorganization [2022] No. 24) and the Anhui Oriental Reorganization of the Anhui Oriental of the All E, the Value of Shareholder of Anhui Sanli Mining Co., Ltd. Included in the Proposed E, Acquisition of Flat Glass Group Co., Ltd. (KunYuan Anhui Oriental Reorganization [2022] No. 25) is, based on Anhui Oriental Co., Ltd., as of 31 December 2021, the net assets of Dahua Mining and Sanli Mining are determined to be RMB742,738,400 and RMB2,073,300,500, respectively, according to the agreed method. The above negotiation has been fully completed, the transfer price of 100% equity of Dahua Mining amounted to RMB740 million, and the transfer price of 100% equity of Sanli Mining amounted to RMB2,065 million.

(3) Identifiable assets and liabilities of acquiree at the acquisition date

	Anhui Dahua Oriental Mining Co., Ltd.	
	Fair value on the acquisition date	Carrying amount on the acquisition date
Assets:	1,249,471,790.26	572,065,553.36
Current bank and on hand	1,127,564.56	1,127,564.56
Bill receivable	13,740,000.00	13,740,000.00
Advance payment	145,038.88	145,038.88
Other receivable	537,080.71	537,080.71
Other current assets	17,752.39	17,752.39
Fixed assets	14,842,270.00	12,104,397.46
Intangible assets	1,219,062,083.72	544,393,719.36
Liabilities:	506,733,371.3	510,989,682.1
Short-term borrowings	13,740,000.00	13,740,000.00
Contract liabilities	9,000,000.00	9,000,000.00
Paidables	256.45	256.45
Tax payable	6,099,925.37	6,099,925.37
Other payable	477,893,189.50	477,893,189.50
Provisions	-	4,256,310.74
Minority interest	-	-
Net assets acquired	<u>742,738,418.94</u>	<u>61,075,871.30</u>

Anhui Sanli Mining Co., Ltd.		
	Fair value on the acquisition date	Carrying amount on the acquisition date
Asset:	2,504,277,807.58	557,471,639.81
Cash at bank and on hand	17,906,764.60	17,906,764.60
Bill receivable	247,187,416.40	247,187,416.40
Advance payment	31,666.46	31,666.66
Other receivable	4,802,780.12	4,802,780.12
Fixed asset	476,780.00	273,762.59
Intangible asset	2,233,872,400.00	286,380,097.05
Long-term deferred expense	-	889,152.39
Liability:	430,977,301.9	433,178,932.65
Trade payable	16,495,150.06	16,495,150.06
Contract liability	188,819.35	188,819.35
Trade payable	118,729,740.92	118,729,740.92
Other payable	70,519,112.54	70,519,112.54
Contract liability due within one year	52,220,000.00	52,220,000.00
Long-term payable	172,824,479.03	172,824,479.03
Provision	-	2,201,630.75
Less: minority interest	-	-
Net asset acquired	<u>2,073,300,505.68</u>	<u>124,292,707.16</u>

Due to mining method of fair value of identifiable intangible asset and liability

With a reference to the objective, purpose and information collected by the appraisal, it is determined to adopt the asset-based method and the income method to evaluate the value of all shareholders' equity of Dahua Mining and Sanli Mining, respectively. On the basis of the above appraisal, the conclusion of the asset-based method is determined as the appraisal conclusion of the appraisal object after full and comprehensive analysis of the appraisal elimination and conclusion according to the actual condition and comprehensive consideration of the rationality of different appraisal methods and elimination and conclusion.

7. INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES

1. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Items	Name of subsidiary	Principal place of business	Place of registration	Nature of business	Shareholding and voting rights percentage as at 30 June 2022 (%)		Acquisition method
					Direct	Indirect	
1	Zhejiang Fla-Gla Co., Ltd.	Zhejiang	Zhejiang	Engaged in the manufacture and sale of architectural household glass products	100		Equity payment
2	Zhejiang Jiafa-Gla Co., Ltd.	Zhejiang	Zhejiang	Manufacture and sale of household glass	100		Equity payment
2.1	Fla (Hong Kong) Investment Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Investment		100	Equity payment
2.1.1	FLAT (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD	Australia	Australia	Mining operation and sale of iron ore		100	Equity payment
3	Shanghai Fla-Gla Co., Ltd.	Shanghai	Shanghai	Architectural glass processing	100		Equity payment
4	Anhui Fla-Solar Gla Co., Ltd.	Anhui	Anhui	Manufacture, processing and sale of special glass	100		Equity payment
4.1	Fenggang Fla-Natural Gas Pipeline Co., Ltd.	Anhui	Anhui	Natural gas technology development and natural gas pipeline installation and sale		100	Equity payment
4.2	Fenggang Fla New Energy Technology Co., Ltd.	Anhui	Anhui	Investment, construction, operation and maintenance of new energy projects		100	Equity payment
4.3	Anhui Fla Supply Chain Management Co., Ltd.	Anhui	Anhui	Supply chain management service		100	Equity payment
5	Anhui Fla-Solar Material Co., Ltd.	Anhui	Anhui	Mining operation and sale of iron ore	100		Equity payment
6	Fla (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Glass Enterprise	100		Equity payment

Items	Name of subsidiary	Principal place of business	Place of registration	Nature of business	Shareholding and voting rights percentage as at 30 June 2022 (%)		Acquisition method
					Direct	Indirect	
6.1	Fla (Vie nam) Company Limited	Vie nam	Vie nam	Man. fac. e and sale of photo ol aic gla	100		E abli hmen
6.1.1	Fla (Vie nam) Import and Export Limited	Vie nam	Vie nam	Import and export	100		E abli hmen
7	Jia ing Fla Network Technology Co., L d.	Zhejiang	Zhejiang	Internet, communication, operation and maintenance of network	100		E abli hmen
8	Fla (Jia ing) Import and Export Limited	Zhejiang	Zhejiang	Import and export	100		E abli hmen
9	Fla (Nan ong) Sola Gla Co., LTD	Jiang ,	Jiang ,	Man. fac. e and sale of photo ol aic gla	100		E abli hmen
10	Fla (S ian) Sola Gla Co., LTD	Jiang ,	Jiang ,	Man. fac. e and sale of photo ol aic gla	100		E abli hmen
11	Shanghai Fla Technology Development Co., LTD	Shanghai	Shanghai	Research and development and promotion ice for multimedia and network technologies	100		E abli hmen
12	Anh i Dah a O ien al Mining Co., L d.	Anh i	Anh i	Qua i e mining and sale	100		Combina ion no nde common con ol
13	Anh i Sanli Mining Co., L d.	Anh i	Anh i	Qua i e mining and sale	100		Combina ion no nde common con ol

2. INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURE OR ASSOCIATE

(1) Financial information summary of insignificant joint venture and associate

RMB

	Closing balance/ Amount incurred in the current period	Opening balance/ Amount incurred in the last period
Associate:		
Total invested book value	74,269,507.82	19,948,888.40
Liabilities attributable to the holding percentage		
Net profit	3,582,923.60	2,834,046.74
Other comprehensive income	—	—
Total comprehensive income	<u>3,582,923.60</u>	<u>2,834,046.74</u>

(2) Material restrictions on the ability of associates to transfer capital to the Group

The Group has no material restriction on the ability of associates to transfer capital to the Group.

(3) Contingent liabilities relating to investment of associates

The Group had no contingent liabilities relating to investment of associates.

8. RISKS RELATED TO FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

At the end of the half year, major financial instruments of the Group include: cash at bank and on hand, debt in financial assets, bill receivable, trade receivable, other receivable, debt in financial liabilities, bill payable and trade payable, and other receivable, lease liabilities and borrowings. Details of each financial instrument are set out below:

RMB

Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Financial assets		
Cash at bank and on hand	4,023,250,509.82	2,842,677,267.48
Trading financial assets	700,000,000.00	200,000,000.00
Debt in financial assets	—	62,739.00
Bill receivable	2,016,706,300.57	939,748,112.41
Trade receivable	2,713,330,450.16	1,105,759,571.75
Financing receivable	596,244,502.28	531,196,547.78
Other receivable	53,523,216.63	54,999,617.97
Total	10,103,054,979.46	5,674,443,856.39
Financial liabilities		
Debt in financial liabilities	3,598,130.06	—
Bill payable	967,943,844.79	1,036,982,577.72
Trade payable	3,369,204,291.79	2,306,910,116.65
Other payable	673,276,780.43	132,439,232.65
Bond payable	3,660,546,167.06	—
Lease liabilities (including debt within one year)	11,320,751.04	11,516,621.85
Long-term payable (including debt within one year)	230,230,897.90	—
Borrowings	6,072,079,465.68	4,142,134,668.01
Total	14,988,200,328.75	7,629,983,216.88

The risks related to financial instruments and the risk management policies for risk mitigation of the Group are set out as follows. The management of the Company will manage and, where necessary, hedge the risk in order to ensure the company's financial position.

1. RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The risk management objective of the Group is to obtain an appropriate balance between risk and return, to reduce negative effects caused by operating in a global market, and to maintain the creditworthiness of the Group. Based on the objective, the basic strategy is to confirm and analyze all potential risks related to the Group, to establish a risk limit, to manage and monitor all risks timely and effectively, and to control the risks within a limited scope.

1.1 Market risk

The Group's business has caused financial risk due to the change in interest rate and foreign exchange rate. The Group believes that the above risk during the period has not changed compared to the previous period.

1.1.1. Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk refers to the risk of loss arising from the loss in the exchange rate. The operating economic entities of the Company and its major subsidiaries in China and Vietnam use the functional currencies of RMB and VND. Some of the Group's transaction are conducted in currencies other than functional currencies, such as USD, EUR, JPY, HKD, GBP and AUD, and are subject to the foreign exchange risk.

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's foreign currency assets and liabilities are as follows. The foreign exchange risk arising from the assets and liabilities of the foreign currency balance (see Note Foreign Currency Items) mainly includes the Group's operating risk.

RMB

Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Cash and cash equivalents	542,646,885.89	646,162,060.99
Trade receivable	583,855,140.92	264,346,799.86
Other receivable	3,395.10	3,245.87
Trade payable	21,734,016.77	44,332,571.48
Other	—	602,570.50
Balance	<u>1,258,133,129.80</u>	<u>1,285,319,483.63</u>

The Group closely monitors the exchange rate movements and formulates an hedging policy to reduce foreign exchange risk. Foreign exchange forward contracts can be used to eliminate foreign exchange risk. For the year ended 30 June 2022, the Company entered into contracts in relation to foreign currency of RMB24,726,840.00 (equivalent to USD3,684,304.32).

1.1.2. Interest rate risk

The Group is subject to the change in cash flows of financial instruments arising from change in interest rate in the primary related floating rate bank borrowing and floating rate bank deposits. As at 30 June 2022, the Group's floating borrowings amounted to RMB4,991,348,129.80 (31 December 2021: RMB3,442,726,983.63). The management of the Group closely monitors interest rate risk. The Group's policy is to maintain the floating rate of the borrowing which is an arrangement which is in the Company's best interest.

1.2 Credit risk

1.3 Liquidity risk

In managing the liquidity risk, the Group's main aim and monitor the cash and cash equivalents has the management considerade, a e o mee the Group's operational need and mitigate the impact of fluctuation in cash flows. The management of the Group closely monitor the liquidity, a ion and e ffective o ha e, ffcien o ce of financing o finance the Group's ope a ion. The management of the Group belie e ha the Group doe no ha e an ignifican li , idi i k.

2. TRANSFER OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

Financial assets transferred but not derecognised as a whole

At the end of the period, the Group's endorsed bill receivable classified a financing receivable of RMB1,308,273,481.00 (At the end of last year: RMB1,493,899,701.86) o i , l i e o a he acco n a able; di co ned bill receivable of RMB157,656,990.53 (At the end of last year: RMB154,836,626.87) o bank o ob ain co enc fnd. The Group belie e ha the ik and ead of he o the h of , ch endo ed o di co ned bill receivable ha e been , b an iall an fe ed o he , l i e o di co n ing bank, he efo e de cogni ed , ch endo ed o di co ned bill receivable. If the acce o can' ca h , ch no e , acco ding o ele an la and eg la ion of China, the Group i held join l liable fo , ch bill receivable. The Group belie e ha a he acce o i of good e a ion, he e i mino ik of the acce o' fail e o ca h he no e , on ma , i . At the end of the period, if the acce o fail o ca h , ch no e , on ma , i , i.e. the Group's ma im m e o , e o lo i e , i alen o he amo n ha the Group ho ld a he , l i e o di co n ing bank in e ffect of , ch endo ed o di co ned no e . Fo all the bill receivable endo ed o , l i e o di co ned o bank, he ma , i i sh n l ea af e the end of e o ing ea .

At the end of the period, the Group ended the amount ended, due bill receivable of RMB1,209,023,929.58 (At the end of last year: RMB662,916,166.12) of interest, payable on the amount payable, and discounted bill receivable of RMB15,547,866.84 (At the end of last year: RMB6,790,000.00) of bank obtained, confirmed. The Group believes that it is mainly all risk and credit of the other half of, which ended discounted bill receivable (including ele and risk of default), the effective income recognition, which ended discounted bill receivable and all the carrying amount of ele amount payable has been paid. After the end of the amount of bill receivable, the Group does not have any other, which ended discounted bill receivable, including selling, and selling of pledged, which ended discounted bill receivable and hidden.

3. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages capital by minimizing the cost of liability and holding the interest, which has been in the Group's main aim of the main management holding the interest.

The capital cost of the Group consists of the Group's net debt and holding the interest.

The Group is not subject to external mandatory capital management requirements.

The Group manages and adjusts the capital cost based on changes in economic conditions. In order to mainly adjust the capital cost, the Group mainly adjusts the dividend holding to obtain additional capital from holding. The Group has not made any adjustment to the objective, policy and process of capital management.

(2) **The Basis for Determining the Market Value of the Item Continuing Measured at Level 1 fair Value**

The item continuing to be measured at the level 1 fair value effect on the fair value measurement, which fair value is based on the active market.

(3) **Valuation Techniques and Qualitative and Quantitative Information on Important Parameters Adopted for the Second Level of Continuous and Non-continuous Fair Value Measurement**

RMB

Items	Fair value as at 30 June 2022	Valuation technique	Main input
Derivative financial assets for trading	76,558.35	Discounted cash flow method	Forward exchange rate, discount rate
Trading financial assets for exchange option contracts	3,521,571.71	Discounted cash flow method	Forward exchange rate, discount rate

(4) **Valuation Techniques and Qualitative and Quantitative Information on Important Parameters Adopted for the Third Level of Continuous and Noncontinuous Fair Value Measurement**

RMB

Items	Fair value as at 30 June 2022	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable inputs	Scope period
Trading financial assets - bank wealth management product	700,000,000.00	Discounted cash flow method	Forward exchange rate, discount rate	3.70%
Financing receivable		bank wealth flow method	Forward exchange rate	

10. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

1. THE GROUP'S SUBSIDIARIES

Please refer to Note 1 in the annex.

2. THE GROUP'S JOINT VENTURE AND ASSOCIATE

The Group's joint venture and associate:

Name	Relationship with the Group
Jiaxing Kaihong Flat Supply Chain Management Co., Associate Ltd. (嘉興凱鴻福萊特供應鏈管理有限公司)	
Jiaxing Gas Group Co., Ltd. (嘉興市燃氣集團股份有限公司)	

3. OTHER RELATED PARTIES OF THE GROUP

Enterprise name	Relationship with the connected party
Jiaxing Yihe Investment Co., Ltd. (嘉興義和投資有限公司)	Controlled by one of the actual controllers of the Company
Fengyang Hongding Port Co., Ltd. (鳳陽鴻鼎港務有限公司)	Controlled by one of the actual controllers of the Company

4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Accepting labor service and purchasing products

RMB

Related party	Related party transaction	Amount in the current period	Amount in the last period
Jiaxing Kaihong Flaming Chain Management Co., Ltd. (嘉興凱鴻福萊特供應鏈管理有限公司)	Acceptance of service	123,486,566.66	111,135,494.36
Jiaxing Gas Co., Ltd. (嘉興市燃氣集團股份有限公司) (Note)	Purchase of natural gas	113,681,503.02	30,494,318.68

Note: Jiaxing Gas became an associate of the Group in June 2021. Therefore, the increased amount of related transaction during the last financial period represents the amount of a decrease in transaction has occurred after Jiaxing Gas became an associate of the Group in the end of last period.

(2) Related lease

RMB

Related party	Content of the related party transaction	Amount in the current period	Amount in the last period
Jiaxing Yihe Investment Co., Ltd. (嘉興義和投資有限公司)	House lease	4,249,814.64	3,880,265.34
Fengyang Hongding Port Co., Ltd. (鳳陽鴻鼎港務有限公司)	Pier lease	825,688.08	825,688.08

(3) Remuneration of key management personnel

RMB'000

Items	Amount in the current period	Amount in the last period
Remuneration of key management personnel	369.54	364.63

5. AMOUNTS DUE TO/FROM RELATED PARTIES

(1) Receivables

RMB

Items	Related parties	Closing balance	Opening balance
Advance payment	Jiaxing Gas Group Co., Ltd. (嘉興市燃氣集團股份有限公司)	859,709.94	2,343,468.83
Other receivable	Fengyang Hongding Port Co., Ltd. (鳳陽鴻鼎港務有限公司)	-	412,844.04
Other receivable	Jiaxing Yihe Investment Co., Ltd. (嘉興義和投資有限公司)	4,427,279.35	-
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

(2) Payables

RMB

Items	Related parties	Closing balance	Opening balance
Trade payable	Jiaxing Kaihong Flat Supply Chain Management Co., Ltd. (嘉興凱鴻福萊特供應鏈管理有限公司)	44,831,804.59	28,449,581.64
Trade payable	Jiaxing Yihe Investment Co., Ltd. (嘉興義和投資有限公司)	-	173,342.70
Trade payable	Fengyang Hongding Port Co., Ltd. (鳳陽鴻鼎港務有限公司)	414,844.04	-
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

At the ordinary general meeting of the Company held in 2019, the first Extraordinary General Meeting in 2020, and the first Annual General Meeting in 2020, the Company held the second meeting of the shareholders of the board of directors on 25 May 2021, in which the Resolution on the Re-election of the Resigned A Share Top Participant was passed and approved. According to the resolution, the Company elected the general manager on 25 May 2021 and granted 700,000 restricted A Shares to 3 eligible participants, at the grant price of RMB14.23 per share. As of 25 July 2021, the Company has received a total of RMB9,961,000.00 of funds paid by 3 participants, to be used for 700,000 RMB ordinary shares (A Shares). The lock-up period for the restricted shares shall be 12 months, 24 months, 36 months, 48 months, and 60 months from the date of completion of the first grant registration. For the restricted shares that have not been applied for, unlocking cannot be applied for, unlocking does not fail to meet the unlocking condition during the after-aid lock-up period, the Company shall elect, change and cancel, respectively, the former and participants in accordance with the principle of the incentive scheme.

The Company held the third meeting of the shareholders of the board of directors and the fourth meeting of the shareholders of the board of directors on 9 August 2021, to elect and approve the Resolution About the First Grant of the 2020 Resigned A Share Incentive Scheme for the First Phase of the First Unlocking Period for the Achievement of Removing the Sales Restriction Condition. According to the resolution, the company lifted the allocation of the 920,000 restricted shares that meet the condition for lifting the restriction during the first lock-up period. The lifting of the restriction on allocation has been approved by the Company's 2019 annual general meeting, the first Extraordinary General Meeting in 2020 and the first Annual General Meeting in 2020.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

1. Significant Matters of Commitments

As of the balance sheet date, the identifiable change of long-term assets contracted by the Group is as follows:

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Contracted but not confirmed in the financial statement Purchase		
- Build long-term asset commitment	4,695,672,830.89	4,966,230,139.24
- Investment commitment	-	3,343,947,640.64

2. Contingencies

The Group does not have any significant contingencies that need to be disclosed.

13. OTHER SIGNIFICANT MATTERS

1. SEGMENT REPORT

(1) Basis and account policy of segment report

According to the internal organizational structure, management division and internal reporting system of the Group, the Group's operating activities are divided into five operating segments. Based on the operating segments, the Group has identified five reporting segments, namely the PV glass segment, the household glass segment, the architectural glass segment, the float glass segment and mining segment. The reporting segments are based on product category. The main product provided by each of the Group's reporting segments are PV glass, household glass, architectural glass, float glass and mining product. The management of the Group generally allocate the operating result of the segments to determine the resource to be allocated to them and overall performance. The allocation does not include the effect of the asset and liability of the operating segments.

Segment information is disclosed in accordance with the accounting policies and measurement standards adopted by each segment when reporting to management. The confirmed and measured segment information in accordance with China accounting standards.

(2) Segment report information

RMB

	PV glass	Household glass	Architecture glass	Amount in the current period		Other business	Mutual offset among segments	Total
				Float glass	Mining products			
Segment income	6,468,102,101.23	180,626,503.87	319,281,955.84	154,622,632.87	161,935,169.23	19,922,975.92		7,304,491,338.96
Segment cost	4,979,453,429.31	140,807,844.37	259,332,168.10	149,299,046.80	118,124,117.56	3,492,062.30		5,650,508,668.44
Segment profit	1,488,648,671.92	39,818,659.50	59,949,787.74	5,323,586.07	43,811,051.67	16,430,913.62		1,653,982,670.52
Adjusted item:								
Less: Tax and								
- change								45,449,665.35
Selling expense								49,650,173.34
Administrative expense								126,399,595.74
Research and development expense								255,054,636.60
Financial expense								76,768,433.12
Including: Income expense								120,102,101.64
Income								25,481,363.85
Add: Other income								40,868,360.92
Income								4,199,843.60
Profit (loss)								

Classification	Book balance		Opening balance		Book balance
	Amount	Percentage (%)	Bad debt provision		
			Amount	Percentage (%)	
Bad debt provision by portfolio					
Including:					
Loans	163,791,056.47	44.02			163,791,056.47
Normal	151,140,825.52	40.62	3,808,748.80	2.52	147,332,076.72
Concealed	48,127,930.42	12.93	11,657,475.13	24.22	36,470,455.29
Loss	9,035,293.16	2.43	9,035,293.16	100.00	
Total	372,095,105.57	/	24,501,517.09	/	347,593,588.48

Bad debt provision by portfolio

RMB

Name	Trade receivables	Closing balance	
		Bad debt provision	Provision percentage (%)
Loans	260,082,532.32	—	—
Normal	654,902,993.87	11,526,292.69	1.76
Concealed	53,921,147.75	20,307,227.08	37.66
Loss	1,972,801.99	1,972,801.99	100.00
Total	<u>970,879,475.93</u>	<u>33,806,321.76</u>	<u>3.48</u>

(3) Changes in credit loss provisions of trade receivables

RMB

Classification	Opening balance	Change of amount in the reporting period		Closing balance
		Provision	Reversal	
Bad debt provision	24,501,517.09	9,304,804.67		33,806,321.76
Total	24,501,517.09	9,304,804.67		33,806,321.76

(4) Details of top five trade receivables with the closing balances classified by the borrowers

At the end of the reporting period, the top five trade receivable of the Group with the closing balance classified by the borrower amounted to RMB589,618,034.52 (at the end of the reporting period: RMB209,629,403.13), accounting for 60.73% (at the end of the reporting period: 56.34%) of the total balance of trade receivable and the provision for credit loss of top five trade receivable amounted to RMB7,589,373.89 (at the end of the reporting period: RMB1,644,474.68).

2. OTHER RECEIVABLES

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Dividend receivable	148,731,538.16	800,000,000.00
Other receivable	1,594,052,533.27	1,037,334,934.64
Total	1,742,784,071.43	1,837,334,934.64

Dividend receivables

Items (Invested unit)	Closing balance	Opening balance
Zhejiang Jiafu Glass Co., Ltd.	148,731,538.16	800,000,000.00
To al	148,731,538.16	800,000,000.00

Other receivables

(1) Disclosed by aging

	RMB
Aging	Closing book balance
Within 1 ea	1,262,838,619.62
1-2 ea	315,731,700.00
2-3 ea	21,000.00
Over 3 ea	15,461,213.65
To al	1,594,052,533.27

(2) Other receivable classified by nature

	RMB	
Nature	Closing book balance	Opening book balance
Amount due from related parties	1,593,362,013.65	1,031,644,847.53
Margin	306,000.00	5,306,000.00
Receivable	40,000.00	40,000.00
Debt	81,000.00	81,000.00
Other	263,519.62	263,087.11
Total	1,594,052,533.27	1,037,334,934.64

(3) Details of other receivable which the closing balance classified by the book

RMB

		Percentage in the total Closing balance of other receivable (%)	
Name	Amount nature	Closing balance	
Financial	Closing balance of financial assets	1,102,544,013.65	69.17
Second	Closing balance of financial assets	489,318,000.00	30.70
Third	Closing balance of financial assets	1,500,000.00	0.09
Fourth	Margin	195,000.00	0.01
Fifth	Margin	100,000.00	0.01
Total		<u>1,593,657,013.65</u>	<u>99.98</u>

3. LONG-TERM EQUITY INVESTMENT

RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Investment in subsidiaries	4,148,137,343.00	1,343,137,343.00
Investment in joint venture and associate	9,215,647.72	6,921,828.12
Total	<u>4,157,352,990.72</u>	<u>1,350,059,171.12</u>

(1) Investment in subsidiary

Invested unit	RMB			Closing balance
	Opening balance	Increased amount in the current period	Decreased amount in the current period	
Zhejiang Fla Gla Co., L d.	10,000,000.00	-	-	10,000,000.00
Zhejiang Jiafa Gla Co., L d.	150,000,000.00	-	-	150,000,000.00
Shanghai Fla Gla Co., L d.	70,000,000.00	-	-	70,000,000.00
Anhui Fla Sola Gla Co., L d.	1,000,000,000.00	-	-	1,000,000,000.00
Anhui Fla Sola Ma e ial Co., L d.	30,000,000.00	-	-	30,000,000.00
Fla (Hong Kong) Limi ed	66,137,343.00	-	-	66,137,343.00
Jia ing Fla Net Ene g Technolog Co., L d.	10,000,000.00	-	-	10,000,000.00
Fla (Jia ing) Im o and E o Trade Limi ed	7,000,000.00	-	-	7,000,000.00
Fla (S e ian) Sola Gla Co., L d.	-	-	-	-
Fla (Nan ong) Sola Gla Co., L d.	-	-	-	-
Shanghai Fla Technolog De elo imen Co., L d.	-	-	-	-
Anhui Dah a O ien al Mining Co., L d.	-	2,065,000,000.00	-	2,065,000,000.00
Anhui Sanli Mining Co., L d.	-	740,000,000.00	-	740,000,000.00
To al	1,343,137,343.00	2,805,000,000.00	-	4,148,137,343.00

(2) *Investment in joint venture and associate*

RMB

Investees	Opening balance	Increase (decrease) in net investment	Closing balance
Associate			
Kaihong Flat	6,921,828.12	2,293,819.60	9,215,647.72
Total	6,921,828.12	2,293,819.60	9,215,647.72

4. OPERATING REVENUE AND COST

(1) *Operating revenue and operating cost*

RMB

Items	Amount for the period		Amount for the period	
	Revenue	Cost	Revenue	Cost
Main business	2,108,235,900.68	1,720,656,556.48	1,844,919,841.98	1,404,141,466.45
Other business	255,958,513.04	230,936,762.36	172,047,060.48	133,865,447.59
Total	2,364,194,413.72	1,951,593,318.84	2,016,966,902.46	1,538,006,914.04

(2) Revenue from contract

RMB

Contract classification	Amount for the Period
Categories of goods	
PV gla	1,521,103,033.03
Floa gla	171,041,246.98
Ho chold gla	96,298,432.07
A chi ec , al gla	319,793,188.60
O e	—
Income f om o he b i ne	<u>255,958,513.04</u>

5. INVESTMENT INCOME

RMB

Items	Amount for the Period	Amo n fo la e i od
Income f om long- e me , i i n e men , nde he e , i me hod	<u>2,293,819.60</u>	<u>2,834,046.74</u>
Total	<u>2,293,819.60</u>	<u>2,834,046.74</u>

Supplementary Information

1. DETAILS OF CURRENT PERIOD EXTRA-ORDINARY PROFIT OR LOSS

		RMB
Items		Amount for the Period
Loss on disposal of non-current assets		(9,150,998.74)
Gain from disposal of non-current assets (excluding the gain from disposal of the Company's investment in the subsidiary according to the applicable accounting policy)		38,565,098.45
Gain from hedging in connection with the normal operation of the Company, gain from change in fair value of held-for-trading financial assets, derivative financial assets and derivative financial liabilities, and income from disposal of the above financial assets/liabilities and financing receivable		4,277,789.06
Other non-operating income and expenses other than above		(975,858.12)
Subtotal		32,716,030.65
Effect of income tax		(5,049,501.89)
Effect on minority income		
Total		27,666,528.76

2. RETURN ON EQUITY AND EARNING PER SHARE

The calculation form of the return on equity and earnings per share is prepared in accordance with the selection provision of Public Issuance of Securities Company Information Disclosure and Compilation Rule No. 09 Calculation and Disclosure of Return on Net Assets and Earnings Per Share (Revised in 2010) (CSRC Announcement [2010] No. 2) issued by the China Securities Regulatory Commission.

RMB

Profit in the reporting period	Weighted average return on equity (%)	Earnings per share	
		Basic earnings per share	Diluted earnings per share
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	8.09	0.47	0.44
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company including non-controlling interest	<u>7.87</u>	<u>0.46</u>	<u>0.42</u>